

HEAVY VOTE POLLED
BY MUNICIPALITIES
IN THE STATE TODAY

Mayorality Choice Is Principal Factor in Twelve Cities of the State and License Is an Issue in All.

FEATURES OF VOTING

Minor Offices Are Responsible for the Activity Shown in Ward Contests in Several Places.

Nearly half the cities of Massachusetts are holding their municipal elections today. There are 14 that are registering the choice of the voters, namely: Brockton, Fall River, Gloucester, Haverhill, Lawrence, Springfield, Taunton, Fitchburg, Marlboro, New Bedford, Northampton, Pittsfield, Quincy and Waltham.

It was an off year in Fall River and Haverhill as far as the mayorality was concerned, but in Fitchburg, Gloucester, Lawrence, Marlboro, Pittsfield, Quincy, Springfield, Taunton and Waltham all the present incumbents sought endorsement of their year's administration as candidates for reelection.

The 14 cities are evenly divided now on the license issue. The no-license cities are Brockton, Fall River, Gloucester, Marlboro, New Bedford, Quincy and Waltham.

The vote on license in 1908 was as follows:

	Yes.	No.
Brockton	3,755	3,301
Fall River	3,695	3,418
Fitchburg	2,761	2,214
Gloucester	1,942	2,147
Haverhill	3,816	3,300
Lawrence	3,931	3,743
Marlboro	1,364	1,664
New Bedford	4,946	3,152
Northampton	1,534	1,322
Pittsfield	2,680	2,371
Quincy	1,282	1,470
Springfield	7,349	5,060
Taunton	3,065	2,803
Waltham	1,494	2,759

New Charter Provisions
Govern Taunton Election

TAUNTON, Mass.—Today's municipal election is the first held under the new city charter, which provides for a single councilmanic chamber of nine members, in place of a double chamber of 32 members, while the term of office for both councilmen and mayor is two years instead of one as heretofore.

A close vote on the license question is expected. Taunton is the only licensed community in Bristol county.

The mayorality contest is between Mayor Edgar L. Crossman and William S. Woods, associate justice of the district court. Mr. Woods won the caucus nomination in a four-cornered fight in which

(Continued on Page Five, Column Four.)

SAFE CELEBRATION
OF HOLIDAYS, TOPIC
FOR A SCHOOL-TALK

The safe and rational celebration of patriotic holidays will be the subject of a talk to be given tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the 1915 committee having this matter in hand, before the Bowditch-Agassiz Parents Association in the Bowditch school, Jamaica Plain, by Dr. David D. Sennell of the school committee.

The 1915 committee plans to repeat this lecture, in the course of the next few months, before every parents association in Boston and in every public school.

In addition to the public discussion of the subject it is planned to supply the parents with circulars in which the present disadvantages will be convincingly set forth.

The negative phase of the question will be considered mainly, and special emphasis will be laid upon the harmful results of present methods of celebration. It is hoped that before this campaign of public education shall be ended, sufficient public sentiment will have been aroused to make possible the safe and rational, and at the same time patriotic observance of June 17 and July 4.

HEARING FOR NEW
LINE IN CHELSEA

A public hearing was given by the Chelsea board of control Monday on a petition of the Macee Furnace Company and the Samuel Cabot Company for the privilege of constructing a freight railroad in Marginal street.

The road is proposed to connect with the Boston Albany in Eastern avenue and extend to Pearl street. There were a number of supporters of the petition and several appeared in opposition. The hearing was continued to Dec. 14.

Secretary of Republican City Committee Is Taking Leading Part in Contest



(Photo by Chickering.)
HERMAN HORMEL.

Secretary of Republican city committee, in charge of the rallies in Mr. Storow's campaign.

STRENUOUS ROUND
OF SOUTH BOSTON
CLUBS IS PLANNED

If James J. Storow, Citizens Municipal League candidate for mayor, carries out the program scheduled for his South Boston tour tonight he will make the most strenuous trip he has yet attempted.

He is to again visit that section and is down to start a basketball game in Stillman hall and then visit nine young men's clubs throughout the district. Tomorrow evening he invades ward 24, John Fitzgerald's home ward, attending a reception to be tendered him at the Codman square library building.

Ex-Mayor John F. Fitzgerald is looked to today for a reply to the latest letter of James J. Storow which shall place the two squarely on the labor issue involved in the granting of contracts on the Franklin Union building, in connection with which Mr. Fitzgerald accuses Mr. Storow of not acting fairly with organized labor.

Mr. Storow in his latest statement made public this morning calls upon Mr. Fitzgerald to state his reason for not attending the last three meetings of the directors of the Franklin Union, at which the proposition of letting contracts was decided. Mr. Storow charges the ex-mayor with dodging the issue then and now. He also offers to explain to the satisfaction of all persons any specific charges the ex-mayor may wish to present relative to his connection with the United States Smelting Company, to which Mr. Fitzgerald has referred in a not entirely complimentary manner.

Mr. Storow's statement in part is as follows: "As to the ex-mayor's statement that he was not a member of the executive committee of the Franklin Union and, therefore, not responsible for what happened, this is another attempt to dodge. The matters in controversy were dealt with directly and wholly by the full board of trustees without any recommendation or responsibility being taken by the executive committee."

(Continued on Page Five, Column Five.)

EXPECT IVERNIA
HERE THURSDAY

Cunarder Has 28 Saloon Passengers, While Second-Class List Is Larger Than That of Steerage.

The Cunard liner Ivernica, Capt. Thomas Potter, from Liverpool and Queenstown, for this port, was 830 miles east of Boston light at 8 o'clock this morning, according to a wireless received today.

From this position it is thought the liner will hardly reach her East Boston berth before Thursday afternoon.

On board the steamer are 28 saloon passengers, 337 second cabin and 304 steerage.

Among those in the first cabin are: Mrs. L. Blake, Dr. Philip W. Davis, Dr. E. N. Drier, Mrs. Drier, Miss F. M. Drier, James Driver, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dumaresq, Dr. Epler, Mrs. Epler, Miss Epler, Miss Margaret Folger, Mrs. Maurice Goddard, Miss Sadie E. Johnson, William H. Lanyon, Dr. J. S. Lemon, Miss E. G. McLeay, Robert Murray James Thorburn, Miss Elizabeth B. Warden, Mrs. W. H. Wrightman, Master W. Wrightman and Mrs. Grace E. Winslow.

SOLDIERS IN BOSTON
TOLD TO BE CAREFUL
ABOUT THEIR DRESS

Major-General Wood Sends Order Enforcing Regulation on Personal Appearance to Local Officers.

FIRST OF THE KIND

Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood has sent an order to Col. Robert H. Patterson, artillery district commander of the Boston forts, that will cause all soldiers who come to Boston from these garrisons to take more care regarding their personal appearance, or be brought before a court martial for violation of department orders.

Colonel Patterson has caused General Wood's order to be promulgated to all the post commanders and through them to the company commanders to be read to the soldiers at retreat roll call for three consecutive nights to thoroughly impress them with the importance of the edict.

About two weeks ago some one from Boston sent a letter to Secretary of War Dickinson saying that the soldiers from the forts coming to Boston on leave were not particular about their personal appearance.

This letter was sent to General Wood, who sent an inspecting officer to Boston. His arrival and departure was kept secret, but that he made a report calling for action is now taken for granted.

This order establishes a precedent, as heretofore soldiers going on pass did not have to report to any one about their appearance, merely placing their names on the pass list and leaving the reservation any time after the hour prescribed in the pass, which is signed by the post and company commanders.

This is the first time that a soldier has had to be inspected in leaving garrison in civilian attire.

PLAN FOR EARLIER
LETTER POSTING IS
FAVORED IN BOSTON

Postmaster Edward C. Mansfield today said that while he had not received any word from Washington urging him to request the business firms of Boston to deposit their mail earlier in the day, he thought such a plan would greatly facilitate the handling of mail in the local postoffice as well as hasten its delivery.

Mr. Mansfield was referring to a remark of a prominent official in the postal service at Washington who said that if any man could induce business houses to send out their mail at intervals during the day, instead of waiting until evening, the United States government ought in gratitude to erect a monument to perpetuate his name.

"If such a request has been sent out from Washington," said Mr. Mansfield, "it is a good one. If the business concerns would mail their correspondence earlier in the day instead of allowing it to accumulate it would not only assure quick despatch but would greatly convenience the working force in the post-office."

The postmaster is now arranging for the holiday rush of mail in the Boston postal district. Within the next few weeks more than 400 extra clerks and carriers from the substitute list will be pressed into service to assure quick delivery of holiday mail matter.

In the foreign division the mail is at the present time 40 per cent above normal. This has been brought about by the fact that the holiday foreign mail closes on Dec. 14 at 9 p.m. The foreign mail will then be sent from Boston to New York by express and placed in the holds of the steamers Campania and Majestic, which will sail on Dec. 17. These steamers will dock across the water no later than the 23d of December, and it is expected that all the holiday mail will reach its destination by Dec. 25.

TURNS STEEL CASE
OVER TO JURYMEN

The jury in the steel case retired to consider the evidence at 11:40 o'clock this forenoon. Judge Robert O. Harris of the superior criminal court finishing at that time the charge which began late Monday.

The counsel for both sides in the trial are now discussing the exhibits adduced during the trial.

There are but six defendant corporations and nine individuals remaining in the indictment of the original 38 indicted. The others have had things dropped for various reasons advanced by counsel for the defense and by the volition of Special Attorney A. D. Hill, who began the case as district attorney before his defeat by Joseph C. Pelletier and who has completed it at the request of the latter.

MR. MACVEAGH USES
SUGAR CASE TO GIVE
INTEREST TO REPORT

Deplores "Influence of Local Politics Which Prepares Inviting Soil for Dishonesty and Fraud."

BLAMES THE PUBLIC

WASHINGTON—In vigorous language, Franklin MacVeagh, secretary of the treasury, discusses in his annual report sent to Congress today the recently exposed frauds of the sugar trust and other customs house affairs.

As for the causes of the demoralization, the secretary regards as most deleterious "the influence of local politics and politicians" which "has promoted that laxity and low tone which prepare and furnish an inviting soil for dishonesty and fraud."

"Unless the customs service can be released from the payment of political debts and exactions," he continues, "and from meeting the supposed exigencies of political organizations, big and little, it will be impossible to have an honest service for any length of time."

"Any considerable share of the present cost of this demoralization to the public revenues, to the efficiency of the service, and to public and private morality, is a tremendous amount to pay in mere liquidation of the small debts of political leaders."

Then he also blames returning American travelers for not only being willing to defraud the government but to corrupt its employees, and importers to evade duties through undervaluations and corrupt combinations.

The secretary says that the work of carrying on the revelations, the prosecutions and the reorganization will be continued without pause and "will have, as it has had, the effective cooperation of the department of justice."

The ordinary receipts for the current

(Continued on Page Five, Column Three.)

BAY STATE HIGHWAY
BOARD TO SEPARATE
WORK INTO BUREAUS

The Massachusetts highway commission is preparing to divide and apportion its work among three bureaus, with Assistant Secretary Frank I. Bieler of Stoughton tentatively succeeding Secretary Austin B. Fletcher, who is going to California Dec. 26.

Assistant Secretary Bieler will not fill Secretary Fletcher's place. Commissioners Parker, Sohler and Kemp have not decided on a permanent official at present. Mr. Fletcher has been with the highway commission ever since there was a highway commission. He knows the ins and outs of highway building, engineering, accounting and reporting.

The three divisions will be (1) the bureau of highways, (2) the automobile division and (3) the telephone and telegraph division.

Members of recent Legislatures have been very much interested by the announcement that former Representative John J. Madsen is willing to take Secretary Fletcher's place with the highway commission. Mr. Madsen was in the House of 1908 and 1909 from Holyoke as a Republican.

REPORT ZELAYAN
VICTORY AT RAMA

Despatches Received Today at New Orleans Say That the Nicaraguan Government Forces Are Winning.

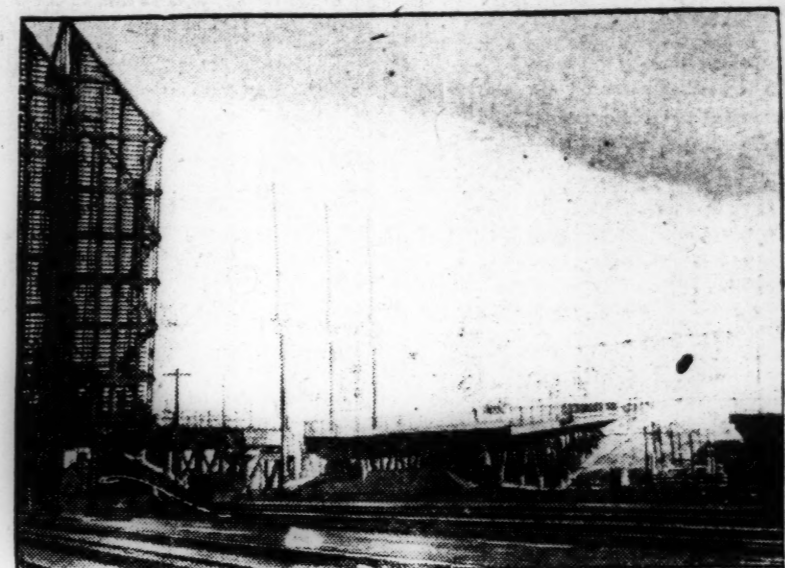
NEW ORLEANS—A despatch from Managua, via wireless to Port Limon, Costa Rica, received here today, says that General Vasquez, heading a part of Zelaya's forces, has won a decided victory in an engagement north of Rama. Two hundred were lost in the battle, the despatch says.

PHILADELPHIA—A half dozen powerful tugs having failed to float the transport Prairie which is grounded in the Delaware river, 35 miles from this city, two big dredges are today digging a channel through which to float the vessel into deep water. It is believed the dredges will complete their work today and that the Prairie will be floated undamaged.

WASHINGTON—Private despatches received in Washington indicate that another revolt against President Zelaya has begun in the southern part of Nicaragua, near the Costa Rican border. General Cardenas, who has been a political exile in Costa Rica, is said to be leading this revolution. No information has been received here as to the number in his military force.

"The Museum of Bridges"

Ft. Point channel, Boston harbor, has nine spans of different types over it.



LARGEST ROLL LIFT DRAWBRIDGE IN THE WORLD.

This viaduct carries six tracks of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad across Ft. Point channel.



BROADWAY BRIDGE FOR SOUTH STATION TRACKS.

This bridge is the second out of the South station. The draw, seen open, swings on a circular track.

The drawbridges over the Ft. Point channel, an arm of Boston harbor, form what is sometimes called the "museum of bridges," so numerous and so different are they. Nine bridges span the old channel to accommodate the various lines of railways, railroads and the immense amount of traffic which enters and leaves that side of the city, where the South station is located.

One of these is the single span, six-track roller lift drawbridge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, said to be the largest of its kind in the world. This bridge weighs 1800 tons. Two sections of it are shown in an accompanying illustration. The bridge is shown raised to admit of the passing of a vessel.

The oldest of the series is the Dover street drawbridge which was built in 1805, rebuilt in 1858 and again in 1876, and in 1893-4 the present structure of iron resting on masonry piers was completed. It is similar to the Broadway

street bridge which was built in 1874 and rebuilt in 1901-4, of which the supports for the drawbridge landings rest on iron columns. Both draws are of the swing type pivoted in the center on a table.

One of the railroad bridges which is almost never used is the so-called jack-knife draw on the wye of the Providence division, an old type which swings from one end, the different sections sliding by and closing on each other as it is swung to one side, the outer end being supported by guys from standards erected at the hinged end.

The Congress street bridge, which was finished in 1874-5, is on wooden piles with an iron turntable and draw resting on a stone foundation. It is somewhat like the Northern avenue bridge, recently completed, inasmuch as both have swing draws, but the weight of the former is pivoted on the center pin with the wheel trucks running on the rails.

(Continued on Page Four, Column Two.)

Pertinent Pros and Cons of President's Message

Mr. Taft Favors

A SHIP subsidy.
A civil pension.
Postal savings banks.
Suppression of the "white slave" traffic.
Higher postage rate on magazines and periodicals.
Statehood for Arizona and New Mexico.
Commission to expedite legal procedure.
Civil control of the light-house board.
Celebration in 1913 of the semi-centennial of negro emancipation.
Artificial island and fort at Chesapeake bay entrance.

Mr. Taft Opposes

IMMEDIATE congressional action on the sugar import frauds in New York custom houses on grounds that possible immunity would balk convictions.
Any further revision of the tariff bill at present.
The issuance of judicial injunctions without notice in labor controversies.
Makes no specific recommendation relative to dealing with the Nicaraguan situation.

OFFICERS ATTEND
A COURT MARTIAL

Lieut.-Col. Samuel Allen of Ft. Warren and Maj. Henry C. Davis of Ft. Andrews, commanding officers, go to Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., today to become members of a general court-martial to meet tomorrow. The court, which is for the trial of a commissioned officer, was to meet Friday, but a postponement occurred. Major Davis says the members of the court do not know the name of the officer and will not until the court is called.

VOCATION BUREAU
FOR MALDEN BOYS

A vocation bureau, in charge of C. E. Spofford, an expert on character analysis, will be opened at the Malden Y. M. C. A. The bureau will be open daily from 10 a. m. to noon to all young men whether students or employees. Talks to the young men as to what lines they are fitted for and on how to get and keep positions are to be the principal work of Mr. Spofford.

CROSS-EXAMINES
ON HANDWRITING

The cross-examination of Dr. Albert H. Hamilton of Auburn, N. Y., handwriting expert, by Attorney Thomas W. Proctor, counsel for William C. Russell of Melrose, in the Russell will case was continued before Judge Lawton at the probate court in East Cambridge today. Dr. Hamilton explained in detail dissimilarities in the handwriting of the disputed letters and that of the standard admitted as written by the claimant, who says he is Daniel Blake Russell.

WANTS BAY STATE
TO BUY RAILROAD

Herbert F. Keith has filed in the office of Secretary of State Olin a petition to authorize the commonwealth to purchase the stock of the Boston Holding Company and the Boston & Maine railroad. Mr. Keith's plan calls for an appropriation of \$300,000,000 to acquire these properties.

PRESIDENT TAFT'S
MESSAGE IS READ
TO THE CONGRESS

Document Urges Postal Savings Banks, Civil Pensions, and Wide Changes in U. S. Army Regulations.

STRAIGHT TO POINT

Opposes Congressional Action at Present on Sugar Frauds and Further Revision of the Tariff.

FULL text of President Taft's message will be found on pages 8 and 9 of today's Christian Science Monitor.

WASHINGTON—The two branches of Congress convened at noon today for the reading of President Taft's message. The galleries were not as crowded as on the opening day, Monday, owing to the fact that the reading of a presidential document is more or less of a routine procedure and is consumed by clerks in relays. Mr. Taft's paper comprised some 17,000 words and the entire session today was occupied in bringing it to a conclusion.

Following a few usual preliminaries, the message was delivered to both houses by a special messenger and the reading at once begun. The actual time was 12:12 p. m.

The House adjourned at 1:40 p. m. until tomorrow.

Some of the most important features in the opposition to an immediate action by Congress on the sugar frauds in the customs house in New York, the reason set forth being that it might entail immunities and thus balk the prosecution, now going on, in securing convictions.

It likewise declares against any further revision of the tariff bill, at least at present, and recommends legislation to forbid the issuance of injunctions without notice in labor controversies.

As was expected, the President stands firm for the establishment of a system of postal savings banks.

The nation's natural resources, needed amendments to the anti-trust and interstate commerce acts and the contemplated revision of the federal statutes governing the organization of the armed forces of the nation in time of war are all reserved for possible treatment later in special messages.

In his message Mr. Taft reports the country to be "in a high state of prosperity," and he adds that "there is every reason to believe that we are on the eve of a substantial business expansion, and we have just garnered a harvest unexampled in the market value of our agricultural products."

The President expresses entire confidence that the duty imposed upon the executive of enforcing the maximum rates of the new tariff law against nations unkindly discriminating against the United States will not provoke a tariff war, and he favors no further tariff tinkering at least until the new tariff commission shall have completed its work of gathering information as to the relative cost of producing dutiable articles in this country and abroad. This task he expects will occupy two or three years.

Projects recommended by the President in addition to those mentioned above include:

A ship subsidy to encourage American shipping.

Publicity of political contributions in elections of members of Congress.

Civil pensions.

A higher rate of postage on periodicals and magazines.

A fund of \$50,000 to aid in suppressing the "white slave" trade.

A commission to evolve a plan to expedite legal procedure and mitigate the "law's delays."

Construction of an artificial island and fortification in the entrance to Chesapeake bay, two battleships and one repair ship for the navy and the establishment of an extensive naval base at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

A national bureau of health.

Statehood for New Mexico and Arizona and an appointive Governor and executive council for Alaska.

Civil control of the lighthouse board and separation of the national astronomical observatory from naval control.

Celebration in 1913 of the semi-centennial of negro emancipation, and reimbursement of the depositors of the defunct Freedman's Trust & Savings Company.

Consolidation of the bureaus of manufactures and statistics in the department of commerce and labor.

Appropriation for remodeling the District of Columbia jail.

Calling attention to the crisis in Central American affairs brought about by the summary execution in Nicaragua of two Americans, the President announces that this government has terminated diplomatic relations with the Zelaya administration in Nicaragua and intends to take such further steps as may be found most "consistent with its dignity."

(Continued on Page Five, Column One.)

News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

LONDON MERCHANTS RUSHING IMPORTS TO ESCAPE THE DUTIES

LONDON—All hope that the large importers of tea, tobacco and liquor would continue to pay the import duties provided for in the rejected budget, pending the final disposition of the budget, was abandoned today when it was found that irresponsible importers have seized the opportunity to import these articles free and thus undersell the larger importers, who had agreed to pay the tax.

Speculators are rushing in goods free of duty at an unprecedented rate, \$20,000 worth of tea being cleared in London alone Monday. The big importers, upon whose agreement to pay the proposed duties pending the January election the government was counting to escape financial embarrassment, either have to follow the example of the speculators or lose trade, and they have naturally decided to do the former.

In the event of subsequent legislation of the duties now being avoided, it is admitted that it will be impossible to collect from a majority of those who are now taking advantage of the conditions.

Added to this comes the decision of the internal revenue department not to collect income taxes until after the election.

The political situation is growing quieter throughout England. Winston Spencer Churchill, president of the Board of Trade, who thus far has been the most active on the Liberal side, made another speech at Manchester Monday. He pointed out that the imposition of a tariff would exclude imports which the Manchester canal was built to encourage. He instanced the quintupled value of the land in the vicinity since the canal was built, as a justification for placing the increment tax in the budget.

Lord Rothschild, Liberal Unionist, speaking at Tring, in Hertfordshire, declared himself a convert to tariff reform.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON.
AMERICAN MUSIC HALL.—Vaudeville.
BOSTON.—The Circus Men.
CASTLE SQUARE.—The Taming of the Shrew.
COLONIAL.—The Young Turk.
GLOBE.—The City.
HOLLY STREET.—Detective Sparkes.
KEITH'S.—The Little Queen.
MAJESTIC.—The Girl of the Year.
PARK.—The Girl of the Year.
FREMONT.—The Girl of the Year.

Boston Opera House.
TUESDAY.—No performance.
WEDNESDAY, 8 p. m.—Madame Butterfly.
THURSDAY, 7:30 p. m.—Lola Fuller's Ballet of Lights, followed by "Don Pasquale."
FRIDAY, 8 p. m.—"Rigoletto."
SATURDAY, 2 p. m.—"Madame Butterfly."
SATURDAY, 8 p. m.—Popular performance of "Rigoletto."
SUNDAY, 8 p. m.—Operatic concert.

Boston Concerts.
TUESDAY.—Jordan Hall, 3 p. m., piano recital, Tina Lerner.
FRIDAY, 4 p. m., classical dances, Miss Jones.
SATURDAY, 8:15 p. m., song recital, Mrs. Lafayette Goodrich.
WEDNESDAY, 8:15 p. m., song recital, Bertha Weisselhoff Swift, assisted by Edith Swift.
THURSDAY, 8:15 p. m., song recital, first appearance of William A. Beecher.
FRIDAY, Fenway Court, 4 p. m., first matinee of Kneisel Quartet.

NEW YORK.
ACADEMY.—"Ham."
AMERICAN.—Vaudeville.
ASTOR.—Seven Days.
BELASCO.—Is Matrimony a Failure?
BILLY.—The Lottery.
BROADWAY.—The Midnight Sons.
CASINO.—The Girl and the Wizard.
COLONIAL.—Vaudeville.
COMEDY.—The Melting Pot.
CRITERION.—Israel.
DAILY.—The Belle of Brittany.
EMPIRE.—"Inconstant George."
GAIETY.—The Fortune Hunter.
GARRICK.—The Harp and the Moon.
HACKETT.—Septimus.
HAMMERSTEIN'S.—Vaudeville.
HERALD SQUARE.—The Harp and the Moon.
HIPPODROME.—Spectacles.
IRVING PLACE.—Dramas and operettas in German.
KEITH & PROCTOR'S, Fifth avenue.—Vaudeville.
KNICKERBOCKER.—The Dollar Princess.
LIBERTY.—"Springtime."
LUTHER.—The Chocolate Soldier; matinees, "Divorce."
LYCEUM.—Arsene Lupin.
MAJESTIC.—Mr. Lode of Kool.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE.—Grand Opera.
Tuesday evening, "The Chimes of Normandy."
Wednesday evening, "Phaon."
Friday evening, "Tannhauser."
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.—Grand Opera.
Wednesday evening, "Tristan und Isolde."
Thursday evening, "La Gioconda."
Friday evening, "Il Trovatore."
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S.—The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
NEW AMSTERDAM.—The Silver Star.
NEW THEATRE.—Repertoire and opera.
Tuesday afternoon, "Ahtoy and Cleopatra."
Tuesday evening, "The Cottage in the Air."
Wednesday afternoon, "The Cottage in the Air."
Wednesday evening, "Strife."
NEW YORK.—The Man Who Owns Broadway.
SAVOY.—The Awakening of Helene.
WALLACK'S.—The Fourth Estate.
WEBER'S.—The Climax.
WEST END.—Harry Lauder's Company.

CHICAGO.
AMERICAN.—Vaudeville.
AUDITORIUM.—The Virginian.
CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE.—"Mme. X."
COLONIAL.—The Air King.
CORT.—The Kissed Girl.
GARRICK.—The Yankee Girl.
GRAND OPERA.—A Little Brother of the Rich.
GREAT NORTHERN.—The Witching Hour.
HILTON.—The Fires of Fate.
LA SALLE.—The Flirting Princess.
MAJESTIC.—Vaudeville.
OLYMPIC.—A Matinee Idol.
POWER.—The Next of Kin.
PRINCE.—The Goddess of Liberty.
STUBBINS.—These Are My People.
WHITNEY.—They Loved a Lassie.

POWERFUL AIRSHIP ADDED TO GROWING FLEET IN GERMANY

(Special to The Monitor.)
BERLIN.—The Grosse III, the most powerful semi-rigid air vessel yet built, has been added to the German aerial fleet. This airship is 310 feet long and is provided with two engines of 300 horsepower. There are now altogether in Germany nine military airships, while as many as 10 or 15 other air vessels are in course of construction.

A number of harbors for airship stations have been constructed at various points on the frontier such as Metz, Straßburg, etc., while there are also stations at Frankfurt, Cologne, Berlin and other cities, the latter being intended mainly for the passenger and commercial service which it is expected will be inaugurated shortly.

It is quite evident that Germany is, with regard to dirigible air vessels, a long way ahead of any other country. As an instance of the great rapidity with which the development of the dirigible airship has proceeded, comparisons are already being made between the aerial fleet of the triple alliance which, it is pointed out, number some 25 vessels, while France and Russia might be able to muster not more than five between them.

As against this, however, France has made by far the greatest progress in the design and construction of aeroplanes, and it is quite possible that in the future the aeroplane may take an equal, if not greater part, in aerial traffic than the dirigible or semi-dirigible air vessels.

It is reported that a 15-foot model biplane is being constructed at Coves in order to test a patent balancing apparatus. It is considered of the greatest importance in many quarters that some apparatus capable of preventing an aeroplane from capsizing in midair should be designed, and, indeed, with such an attachment the work of the pilot would be very considerably simplified.

"GOVERNMENT INTRODUCING POLITICAL INNOVATIONS"

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON.—When the House of Lords met for the debate on the third reading of the finance bill a petition was presented by Lord Cawdor on behalf of the Imperial Maritime League, and signed by over 140,000 individuals, praying the House of Lords to reject the finance bill on the ground that the "existing naval and military position of this country constitutes a grave national danger"; it points out also that the finance proposals for 1909-10 did not provide in a satisfactory manner for the national and imperial defense.

According to Professor Dicey, who has written a letter on the subject in the Times, there are three reasons why objection is taken to the finance bill. "The government has," he writes, "made the budget the means not merely for carrying out the financial arrangements for the year, but also for introducing some of the very widest of social and political innovations. Their very boast is that their object is the beginning and first step toward a political and social revolution."

"Secondly, the budget carries out a

EMPLOYEES WILL SHARE PROFITS

British Columbia Electric Railway Company Is to Divide \$50,000 Among Its Workmen.

(Special to The Monitor.)

VANCOUVER, B. C.—The announcement is made that \$50,000 will be divided among the employees of the British Columbia Electric Railway Company in accordance with the plan of profit-sharing which has been adopted by the company for the past six years. This amount will be divided equally among those who have served the company continuously since June of the previous year, and will be about \$38 for each person, the company having nearly 1000 on its payroll. The sum which the company shares each year with its employees consists of one third of the amount left for dividends after 4 per cent has been paid on its common stock.

SELECTING A NEW ITALIAN CABINET

ROME.—Baron Sidney Sonnino, the premier, who was called upon to form a cabinet to replace that under Signor Giolitti, has made a tentative selection. It is expected that the new cabinet will include Admiral Bettolo Luigi Luzzatti, ex-minister of finance; Finocchiaro Aprile, ex-minister of justice and Deputy Wollemborg and De Nava.

JAPANESE REACH HONOLULU.
HONOLULU.—The honorary commercial commissioners of Japan have arrived here on their way home from a three months' tour of the United States.

TURKEY AND FRANCE TAKE INTEREST IN CANAL CONCESSION

(Special to The Monitor.)

CAIRO, Egypt.—Recent developments have tended to render problematical the exact status of the projected prolongation of the Suez canal concession, which it seemed but a short time ago was virtually arranged, save but for ratification by the shareholders. The interest that has been displayed in the matter in two capitals—Paris and Constantinople—may finally give an entirely different complexion to the arrangements. It has been reported from Paris that the negotiations were to be allowed to drop, coupled with a denial by the directors of the canal company that they had proceeded to any such lengths as to details as had been reported. Since then, however, it has been definitely announced that the negotiations were proceeding as before, and Financial Adviser H. P. Harvey of the Egyptian government has issued a supplement to his recent note on the extension of the project. H. H. the Khedive has decided to submit the question to the General Assembly of the company.

In this connection he is reported as saying: "And now it is the duty of the assembly, under these circumstances, to examine the project carefully and to let public interest overrule one's feelings. It is a good opportunity for the nation to prove afresh its capacity to give a sound judgment in serious projects of vital importance. This achieved, the nation will have made a good stride for the future."

According to "Al Moyad" the Porte has asked the Khedivial government what steps have been taken in the matter, and the government has replied that the question was still under consideration and promised that further details would be supplied to the Porte when the question was brought up for settlement. There are so many diplomatic possibilities that it is impossible to predict with any semblance of certainty just what trend the future negotiations may take.

policy of socialism and state interference of which no notice whatever was given to the electors who put the cabinet into office. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Asquith gained power as free traders and disciples of Mr. Cobden.

"Thirdly, the cabinet has always wished to destroy the power without doing away with the existence of the House of Lords.

"The plain and simple truth," concludes Professor Dicey, "is that the proposals contained in the budget, ill-drafted, ill-conceived, and inconsistent as they may appear, present a certain internal and ominous consistency; they are the work of ministers who may disagree in many things, but agree in their firm belief in partisanship."

"They have entirely forgotten the old creed represented by the noblest of our statesmen, by Chatham, by Pitt, by Wellington, by Peel, by Palmerston, and in their better moments, by Russell and by Gladstone, that members of Parliament, once placed in office, become the servants, not of a party, but of a nation."

"Our present ministers are determined that the party which has a majority in the House of Commons shall even, though its authority be slipping from its hands, exert the full sovereignty of Parliament—that is, of King, Lords and Commons. This is the policy of partisanship. It has its temporary attractions even for honest men, who in their enthusiasm for some special cause or reform have forgotten the reverence due to the voice of the country."

"To this policy we unionists offer determined opposition. We are prepared to fight a different battle, which may be only the first conflict in a long campaign, to assert and maintain against all the claims of party government the supreme authority of the nation."

LONDON LETTER

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON.—Mr. Selous, the celebrated African hunter, who has come to America on business, has been in England since last May, when he returned after managing and accompanying Mr. Roosevelt's hunting expedition in Africa. He has been staying in Devonshire with Mr. Macmillan, also a well-known American big game hunter, at whose house near Nairobi on the east coast of Africa, Colonel Roosevelt made his headquarters. Mr. Selous is a most agreeable and delightful companion, and, curiously enough, his chief interest seems to be centered in his garden and home life, and he seldom if ever alludes to his hunting experiences. A short time ago at a dinner given in his honor, when he had to return thanks, he began his speech by saying: "Gentlemen, I have often faced lions and tigers, but never in my recollection have I felt so frightened as I do now."

Those who know him will readily believe this statement, for it is difficult to reconcile one's idea of the "mighty hunter" that Mr. Selous' name

Lumber Company Rushing Last Cutting of Timber

(Special to The Monitor.)
LAKE QUINZE, Que.—Lumbering operations are in full swing in some of the northern Ontario limits, the snow-fall being sufficient to make the "teaming" of the logs possible. At Quinze lake, about 500 miles up the Ottawa river from the capital of the Dominion, the Colonial Lumber Company is rushing their last cutting of timber on a 60-mile limit, as their lease expires this year.

According to the arrangements in the province of Ontario the lumber companies do not buy the land outright, but take out a lease for a specified number of years, during which they have the exclusive right of cutting the timber, the land remaining in the possession of the province.

In the district around these northern lake expansions of the Ottawa the scale of wages and cost of providing for men and horses has increased immensely during the last few years. Fifteen years ago the companies reckoned 21 cents per day as the cost of boarding their men; now it never falls below 30 cents and goes up to 50 cents where the timber limits are any distance from the railroads. Hay is \$30 a ton by the time it reaches this district from the more settled parts of the province, and although a few settlers have raised excellent



HAULING LOGS TO SKIDWAY.
Methods necessary in northern Ontario in transporting raw material to market.

crops of hay and oats they can get the same price as the company must pay to team it in from the end of the steel where they pay \$22 a ton for it.

About 200 men are busy at this 60-mile limit with 22 teams taking out both pine and spruce. The logs are hauled

to the edge of the water or when the cutting is done at a considerable distance from the lake "skidways" are constructed sloping to the water's edge and the logs being teamed to the top are slid down to the bottom where great piles accumulate along the water front.

BAN ON POLITICAL MEETINGS ABOARD SHIPS AT PORTSMOUTH

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON.—The question which is puzzling Portsmouth at the present moment is whether there is an election going on in the town or not. That there is a vacancy everybody knows; that there are three candidates in the field the meetings at the dockyard gates and in the halls are evidence; that there is intense excitement as to the result the general order of Admiral Sir Arthur Fanshawe to the fleet, to the effect that no political meetings are to be held on board any of the ships or in any of the naval establishments of the port, is in the nature of an indication. Nevertheless no sign has yet come from London. The Lower House is not sitting and the decision as to whether the writ will be moved for at once, or the fight deferred until the general election in January rests on the knees of the gods, the gods in this instance being the cabinet.

Meantime the last great battle of the present Parliament has opened in the House of Lords. The fact that the result is a foregone conclusion will make the final division as little exciting as was that when the budget passed its third reading in the House of Commons. The majority will in all probability be even greater in proportion than on that occasion. The opening night of the debate was, as a spectacle, one of the most brilliant ever seen. The passages of the upper house were crowded with an immense audience which, though provided with tickets, never succeeded in finding seats. There was not a vacant seat on the red benches. The Duke of Connaught found a place on the cross-benches, but other peers less fortunate stood through the debate in the open space behind the Woolpack, whilst the steps of the throne were occupied by a dense mass of privy councillors and ministers, amongst whom were four members of the cabinet, Mr. Birrell, Mr. Burns, Mr. Churchill, and Mr. Runniman. Not less crowded were the galleries, in which the peeresses were reduced to sitting on the floor. In that to the right of the throne sat the King of Portugal and the Portuguese ambassador, in that to the left the American and Italian ambassadors and the ministers of Belgium and Norway.

"At exactly 4:30 Lord Crewe rose, and in just 13 words moved the second reading of the finance bill. The next moment Lord Lansdowne rose from his seat on the other side of the table, and moved his amendment. The speech which followed was undoubtedly one of the finest he has ever made. He had to make what was the apologies of the Lords, for what amounted to the rejection of the

bill. The task of showing that the House was acting within its constitutional rights was not a difficult one. When the excitement of the struggle has passed, parties will probably see the question in its true perspective and admit the justness of the claim, though they may continue to doubt the expediency of the policy involved in it. His analysis of "tapping," the method by which non-financial legislation is grafted on to a finance bill, was masterly, and when, after quoting the words of such famous Liberal leaders as Lord Spencer and Lord Ripon, in proof of the right of the Lords to take action they had decided on, he turned to his own followers with the demand, "Shall we stand better or worse when the struggle comes if we shirk our responsibilities now," he struck the real keynote of the situation, and was answered with a deafening cheer from the densely packed benches behind him. "My lords," he said, speaking with a full sense of the gravity of his words and alluding to the threats with which the determination of the House had been received, "we have considered the consequences and we are ready to face them."

Not less fine than the speech of the leader of the opposition was the reply of the lord chancellor. Few men are more deservedly popular and respected, or are listened to with greater attention than Lord Loreburn. The strength of his speech lay in its very moderation. He drew at once a hard and fast line between law and the constitution. "If I am asked," he said, "whether your lordships can legally reject a finance bill, I answer, according to law, undeniably yes. But if I am asked whether this House can do it constitutionally, I reply, in my opinion, no." From this he went on to review the work of the present Parliament, dwelling on the bills which the upper house had either mangled or rejected. "It is my opinion," he added, reading now slowly from a paper he selected from his notes, as though to give added emphasis to his words, "that it is impossible that any Liberal government should ever again bear the heavy burden of office unless it is secured against a repetition of treatment such as our measures have had to undergo during the last four years." The tiny phalanx of Liberal peers rolled out their cheers at these words, repeating them again and again as there came the concluding words, "We have not provoked this conflict. We have not provoked it nor at any time desired it, but we are not afraid of it, and I hope that we will none of us fail to do our duty in preserving the constitution of our country."

SETTLE SURPLUS NATIVE LANDS

Governor-General of New Zealand Says Europeans Should Occupy a Larger Acreage in That Country.

(Special to The Monitor.)

WELLINGTON, N. Z.—In opening the second session of the seventeenth New Zealand Parliament, Lord Plunkett, the Governor-General, said in reference to the question of land legislation and settlement that "the rapidly increasing population of the North Island demands a vigorous policy of European settlement on all surplus native lands. The work of the recent native land commission and the present energetic promotion of surveys facilitate this policy. Provision will be made for the better settlement of the natives upon the lands reserved for their use and occupation."

"The time has arrived when native lands should bear a larger share of the expense of the public work by which these lands are made more and more accessible or otherwise improved in value, and legislation providing for the rating of native land in all reasonable cases will be brought before you. The permanent prosperity and steady progress of this dominion," said Lord Plunkett, "depend chiefly upon the increase in number and success of its farmers in all branches of that great industry, and the two cardinal aims of the government in this country are to get and keep an ever-increasing proportion of the population upon its lands."

QUEEN GREETED AMERICAN ENVOY.

ROME.—The Queen received for the first time John G. A. Leishman, the American ambassador to the Italy, on Monday.

Life of
Mary Baker Eddy
By Sibyl Wilbur

Authoritative biography handsomely illustrated and beautifully printed. Particularly appropriate as a gift to those interested in Christian Science.
Single copies, postpaid, \$3.00. Six copies by prepaid express, \$17.00. Special De Luxe Edition, just out, \$5.00.

AGENTS WANTED.
Liberal commission to agents and booksellers.

CONCORD PUBLISHING COMPANY
306 Fourth Avenue, New York

Furs

Exclusive Styles
Unexcelled Workmanship
Correct Prices

We cordially invite The Monitor Readers' inspection and comparison.

Jackson & Co.
Manufacturers and Retailers
126 Tremont St.
BOSTON

Christmas

Gifts in gold for men, blue, links, scarf pins, studs, chains, fobs, lockets, pencils, knives, cigar cutters. Immense assortment, prices right.
SMITH PATTERSON CO.
Wholesale and Retail, 52 Summer St., Boston

LONDON MOTOR CAR EXHIBITION IS MOST SUCCESSFUL HELD

LONDON.—What is reported to be the most successful exhibition the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders ever held has just terminated. As many as 32,567 people passed the turnstiles on one day of the exhibition. This is stated to be the largest attendance in the history of the exhibition.

It is reported that owing to the great popularity of the show it will be necessary to alter the existing arrangements on another occasion, and it has been proposed that certain days shall be set apart on which the entrance will be \$2.40, because as matters are now arranged the crowd is so great that both the prospective purchasers and the makers find considerable difficulty in doing business.

As was mentioned some time ago, the smaller car has been very much in evidence, and from all reports it would appear that the 12 to 16 horsepower cars with four cylinders will be quite the fashion during the coming season, the main reason being that the upkeep is so very much less than in the case with the more powerful cars.

BERLIN COMMENT ON AMBASSADOR

BERLIN.—The campaign of the Pan-Germans against Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, continues to attract attention.

The chancellor is understood to take the entire responsibility for the Philadelphia speech, and that he will make this plain when in the near future he will reply to an interpellation in the Reichstag.

Christmas Cards

CALENDARS
AND
NOVELTIES

Leather Goods, Pocket Books
Photographs, Imported Colored
Prints, Handsome Brass Sets
Fancy Boxes, Paper, Envelopes

Note Paper sold by the pound.
Picture Fuzles
Private Xmas Cards

H. H. CARTER & CO.
FINE STATIONERS

5 Ashburton Place, Boston

Between Court House and State House.

Wedding Presents
See Our Imported Brass Goods
WARD'S
DESK SETS, ETC.
57 Franklin St., Boston.

A
DOLLAR
For You

If you send in the most acceptable photograph for the Boys' and Girls' Page of The Monitor among those received each week. This offer is to its young readers. For the second best photograph 50 cents will be paid.

The Monitor
Wants Pictures

of children at play, school scenes, historic places, picturesque views, quaint houses, city or country scenes, either characteristic or unusual. Blue prints are not available.

You Can Earn
More Money:::

by writing a descriptive story of not over 200 words to go with the photograph submitted. In any case put a title on the picture. Write your name and address plainly, and enclose stamps if you wish photograph returned.

Forward to "Children's Page," The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass., Falmouth and St. Paul Streets.

WEDDING INVITATIONS
AND CALLING CARDS
W.B. Clarke & Co.
26 and 28
TREMONT ST.

Leading Events in Athletic World

CORNELL VARSITY BASKETBALL SQUAD HAS FIVE VETERANS

Candidates Practise Three Days a Week Under Supervision of Coach Coogan and Captain Crosby.

OUTLOOK VERY GOOD

ITHACA, N. Y.—About 30 candidates for the Cornell varsity basketball team are holding practise three days a week in the armory. Of these candidates five were members of last year's squad, while a number of last year's freshmen players reported.

Much attention is being given to basket shooting from each side and in front of the basket, passing and blocking. After this preliminary work scrimmages are held at the same time, at each side of the armory floor.

Coach Coogan is being assisted by Capt. E. S. Crosby '10. The work for the season has been outlined, and for the present practise will be held from 4 to 6 p. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

With the nucleus of former varsity players and the new men who are out, a strong varsity five should be developed this year. Last season the fact that several players were out of condition much of the time was a great hindrance, but with average fortune this year the team should be a successful one.

Captain Crosby is considered one of the best forwards in intercollegiate basketball at the present time, while the other varsity men are of more than average ability. They are: A. J. Whinery, '10; H. P. Blumenauer, '11; R. P. Heath, '11, and J. E. Bennett, '11. V. Phelps, '10, is a former member of the basketball squad.

Although Coach Coogan is to have charge of the team this season, several professional coaches will be at the armory from time to time. Paul Steinburg of Syracuse, a professional basketball and football player and a National League baseball umpire, will give some time to the team. Charles Dowd of Cortland, a well known coach and professional player, is expected to be at the armory for several practises. Alfred Heerd, captain of the world's champion German five of Buffalo, will probably assist.

But two games have been scheduled before the holiday vacation: one with Rochester on Dec. 11, and another with St. Lawrence on Dec. 18. The holiday trip will be short, embracing but two games, one with Rochester and one with Niagara. This is to allow the players to spend most of their vacation at home.

SYRACUSE PLANS EASTERN TRIP

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—The Syracuse varsity basketball schedule for the coming season has been announced. The team will play 13 games, eight at home and five on other courts. The season opens Jan. 8, and will close on March 11. In the latter part of February the team takes its eastern trip, playing Williams, Dartmouth and Tufts. The schedule is announced as follows:

Jan. 8, St. Lawrence at Syracuse; 14, University of Pennsylvania at Syracuse; 22, Tufts at Syracuse; 28, Colgate at Syracuse. Feb. 11, Oberlin at Syracuse; 18, New York University at Syracuse; 22, Rochester at Rochester; 23, Williams at Williams; March 1, Dartmouth at Hanover; 23, Tufts at Boston.

March 1—Rochester at Syracuse; 4, Dartmouth at Syracuse; 11, Colgate at Hamilton.

NAVAL ACADEMY HAS FAST PROGRAM

ANNAPOLIS—The naval academy's basketball team's schedule for this season is the best ever played at the academy. It is hoped, though it is not certain, that the final game of the season, on Feb. 22, will be with the military academy, to be played either at Annapolis or West Point. All the other games will be played at Annapolis. The season opened on Saturday, when the midshipmen defeated Baltimore Medical College.

The remaining games are: Dec. 13, University of Pennsylvania; 16, Georgetown; 24, Loyola; 25, Columbia; 31, City College of New York. Jan. 8, University of the City of New York; 15, Manhattan College; 22, Georgetown; 29, Swarthmore. Feb. 5, University of Virginia; 12, Delaware College; 19, St. John's College; March 22, United States Military Academy of Lehigh.

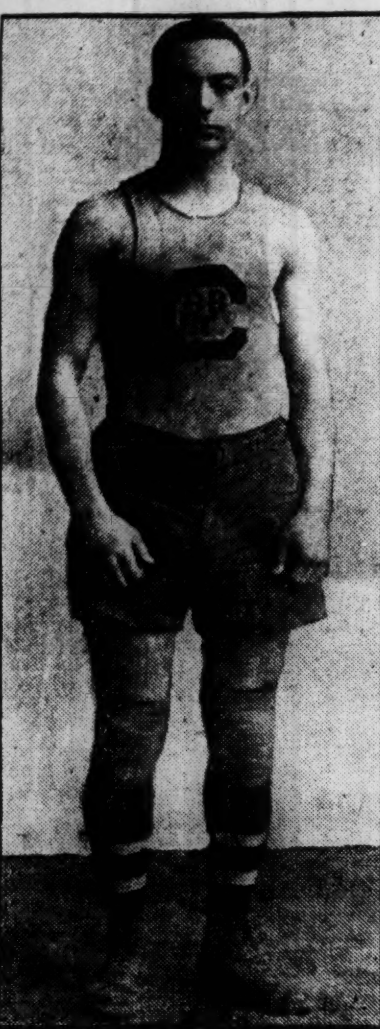
STARS COMING TO YALE.

POTTSTOWN, Pa.—The Hill school football team will lose eight players by graduation next June and Physical Director M. F. Sweeney will have to develop a practically new team. Yale will get the majority of these eight men, as follows: Capt. William P. Hardenbergh of New York city, fullback; Wilson P. Foss of Haverstraw, N. Y., quarterback; Nathaniel Wheeler of Fairfield, Conn., right halfback and William C. Warren of Buffalo, N. Y., right guard.

TO MEET MICHIGAN TWICE.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—The University of Michigan basketball team will play Syracuse University two games on their eastern trip next spring. The Michigan team will play here May 26 and 27. On the next day they play Cornell at Ithaca, N. Y.

EXPECTS TO LEAD FAST FIVE.



CAPT. E. S. CROSBY, 1910. Cornell University basketball team.

ANNAPOLIS WILL NOT ENTER CREWS

Superintendent J. M. Bowyer Believes That the Cadets Have Not Time to Prepare for Four-Mile Race.

ANNAPOLIS, Md.—Supt. John M. Bowyer of the naval academy considers a four-mile boat race too long for the cadets and says that the present training for sports, including football, is too strenuous for them. This was indicated in the stand taken by him on the subject of sending eight-oared crews to represent the academy in the big aquatic races at Poughkeepsie next spring. After recently announcing a determination to try and send two crews to Poughkeepsie, the naval athletic committee changed its ideas and recommended to Captain Bowyer that permission be denied the midshipmen to enter the races. In approving this recommendation, which effectively stops the scheme, Captain Bowyer says that in his opinion for men who have as much other daily work which must be done as have the midshipmen, a four-mile boat race is too long. He continues:

"The midshipmen are not as matured as the men against whom they would generally row, and this, with the inadequate training they must have if they keep up with their studies, would make them always, or nearly always, losers against such colleges as Cornell and Syracuse. The public not understanding the conditions, but with the idea that the midshipmen should lead in water sport, would expect them to excel, and the fact that they did not would subject them and the academy to unfavorable comment."

"The tremendous energy now centred upon the training of a good football team indicates what is necessary under conditions, such as they exist here, to approach the standard in football that is set by large colleges. It is only by a lucky chance that we would win in football against any one of the leading five or six."

Where it is desirable, similar energy could hardly be concentrated on shell racing, and if it were, under our conditions, the result would be to lose generally in a four-mile race even more surely than we should lose in football against first-class teams; and this upon an element where the press and the public would expect us to take first place."

Captain Bowyer also calls attention to the fact that as the Poughkeepsie regatta takes place after the regular June week exercises at the academy, it would keep a large squad of midshipmen out of about one-third of their practise cruise.

BUTZER TO LEAD ILLINOIS.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill.—G. D. Butzer has been elected captain of the Illinois varsity football team for 1910. Butzer made his first entrance into Illinois football by playing guard on the crack freshman team of 1907. His varsity football career began last year, when he substituted for Van Hook in the Chicago game. This year he has played great ball all through the season, and is universally acknowledged to be the premier guard of the West.

BILLIARD STARS TO MEET ALL.

NEW YORK—Calvin Demarest of Chicago, who recently won the world's professional championship at 182 ball-line billiards; Albert G. Cutler of Boston and Harry P. Cline of Philadelphia, two of Demarest's unsuccessful competitors, will meet all comers at San Francisco in January, and Alfred De Oro, the three-cushion champion, will accompany them.

ROPER WANTED AT PRINCETON

Undergraduates Favor Continuance of Present Coaching System—There Are Many Vacancies to Fill.

PRINCETON, N. J.—By the election of E. J. Hart '12 to the captaincy of the football team for next year the team has a leader of known worth and capabilities. He was the star of the team this year, and although only a junior, next fall will have the support of the entire college in captaining his team. When elected he expressed his confidence in a good team for next year, and said he would do his utmost to bring this about. He is a good leader, and can make his team work hard.

In spite of considerable complaining on the part of some of the graduates, the coaching system for next year will not be changed. Captain Siegling of this year's team protested against the adverse remarks, and said he was satisfied the coaches were doing all in their power to turn out a winning team. The talk of favorites was unjust, he said, and he wanted the support of the student body behind those coaches as well as the team. Henry Booth and King will still continue as the advising board, their terms of office extending for three years. The head coach will be chosen by them, with the approval of the captain of the team. The one-man system will be continued, with advisory coaches under him, as before. It is not known as yet who the head coach will be for next year; but the committee will meet within the next 10 days and the indications all point toward William Roper '00 as the man. If Roper can accept the position he will be given full charge as head coach, and will continue the present system. He has not coached here since 1908, but is remembered for his fine work as a coach in that and preceding seasons.

The material available for next year will consist largely of new men. Nine veterans will be lost by graduation—Welsh and Ballin; the ends; Captain Siegling, tackle; Waller and Woelke, the guards; Bannan, the center; Bergen, the quarterback; and Read and Downs from the backfield—while two very valuable men will not be able to play because of the three-year rule—Cunningham, the drop-kicker, and McCowan, the tackle.

The men on this year's squad who are left are McCormick, guard and used at the end of the season to punt; Christy, the substitute quarterback; Hart, the fullback, and Sparks, a halfback. There are also some good substitutes who did not get in the Yale game who will be back—Woodie, a heavy backfield man; Merle-Smith, a back, and Clarke, the substitute center. Wilson, who played tackle on Lafayette two years ago, will be eligible next season and is a good man, while from the freshman team, Pendleton is expected to prove a star backfield man. Several other fast men of the squad should make the varsity next fall.

All in all the prospects are not so bright as they were for this year, much of the material being light, but the freshmen team showed what a light fast team can do, and next year's varsity may do the same.

ELECT GALLOWAY CAPTAIN OF TEAM

NEW YORK—The Athletic Association of the New York University held a meeting at University Heights Monday afternoon and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Commodore David J. Banks; first vice-president, Le Roy Murphy '11; recording secretary, Irving A. Hine '11; corresponding secretary, David P. Wylie '11; treasurer, Dr. Thorne W. Edmonson; member-at-large, Frank Booth '10.

A great meeting of the executive committee of the Athletic Association and the football team was also held at which Elmer Galloway '11 was elected captain of next year's football team. Dudley E. Wiltse '11 was named as manager and Fred W. Garjost '10 as assistant manager.

Galloway played left halfback on the eleven this year up to the last two games. He is considered one of the best backs ever developed at the university.

YALE MAY MEET ILLINOIS.

URBANA, Ill.—Ease and West may meet in track athletics this season if arrangements are made for a dual meet between Yale and Illinois. It became known today that overtures to the New Haven institution had been made by the Illinois managers. It is said that Yale is not averse to the idea and contemplates signing a contract if satisfactory terms may be arranged. The desired competition would likely be held on Yale field.

COBB HAD NINE HOME RUNS.

CHICAGO—The American League, which gave out its official batting averages recently, has announced that Tyrus Cobb of Detroit, who leads the league in batting, should have been credited with nine home runs instead of seven, while the number of his two-base hits should have been 33 instead of 35.

SYRACUSE ELECTS FRIDAY.

SYRACUSE—The captain of next year's Syracuse varsity football team will be elected Friday. Walter Darby '11, of New York city, formerly captain of the De Witt Clinton high school team, is the man most likely to get the place, it is said.

O'LEARY STAYS WITH DETROIT.

DETROIT, Mich.—Charles O'Leary has signed a contract for next year with the Detroit American League baseball club in which he played last season.

MAKE NEW RECORDS AT BICYCLE RACE

Number of Teams in the Six-Day Event at Madison Square Garden Reduced to Fourteen.

NEW YORK—New records were made here Monday by the riders in the six-day team race in Madison Square Garden in the fourteenth hour of the race. The number of teams was reduced to 14, as the Wiley-Drobach and Logan Bardgett teams both were forced out of the race.

The building was well filled at night and numerous sprints took place.

The general excitement during the twenty-first hour was very bad for the British-French team, Shirley and Germain, for the pair fell a mile and a half behind during the sprints, the 21-hour score showing the pair 15 laps behind the field.

Germain relieved Shirley and made a great effort to win back the lost laps, but at 11:54 the team was retired with a score of 498 miles 9 laps. Shirley did not go again. Germain was given four hours in which to find a partner.

During the twenty-fifth hour Sted led a wild scramble to steal a lap. At the end of the sprint it was found that Carapezzi had been lapped 11 times, while the Georget brothers, Anderson and Vanoni and Hill and Stein lost one lap.

Carapezzi's partner, Cuniolo, was unable to resume and Germain decided to remain in the race and take his place.

During the early morning hours the riders fell behind the previous record slightly and at the end of the thirty-second hour the leaders were six laps behind the best mark, made in 1908.

At 12 o'clock the cyclists were again ahead of the world's record of 736 7-10 miles for 36 hours. With Galvin forcing the pace the new figures of 739 1-5 miles was put up.

M'KAY ELECTED AT PROVIDENCE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—James Russell McKay, star back of this year's Brown University varsity football team was unanimously elected captain of next year's team at a meeting at Brown Union Monday afternoon. McKay had no op-



J. R. MCKAY, 1910. Brown's next football captain.

position, there being no other candidate in the field.

He is a member of the junior class, comes from Youngstown, O., and is one of the most popular men in college and has been identified with athletics from the beginning of his freshman year.

He was a member of his freshman football team, and has played halfback on the varsity for two years. He made the freshman baseball team in his first year, and last year played on the varsity basketball team.

EBBETTS FAVORS WARD'S ELECTION

NEW YORK—Charles H. Ebbetts, president of the Brooklyn National League Baseball Club, issued a statement today declaring that at the annual meeting of the National league in this city on Dec. 14 he would vote for John M. Ward as president against John A. Heydler, the present incumbent.

Mr. Ebbetts declared that Heydler's decisions in disputed cases had cost the Brooklyn club at least two games the past season and expressed his belief that Heydler was "not naturally suited for the presidency." He asserted, however, that he was willing to vote for Heydler for secretary-treasurer for life.

President Ebbetts also declared himself against "syndicate baseball," and in favor of a season of 168 games next year, beginning on April 14 and ending on Oct. 16.

TRAINING SCHOOL HOCKEY SQUAD HAS A HARD SCHEDULE

Will Meet All the Leading College Sevens as Well as the West Point Military Academy.

HOLD ICE PRACTISE

SPRINGFIELD—Although the ice was not in the best condition Springfield Training school hockey squad held its first practise on skates Monday and for more than an hour and a half 15 men were kept busy with the puck. The ice on the main body of water is still too thin for skating, but the men found a well-frozen side branch, which bore their weight. It was necessary, even here, to lay planks out from the shore because of the water around the edges. Practise was limited to a great extent by the unfavorable conditions, but the men will continue to work out there until the rink is in readiness. The first game will be played Saturday with the Dartmouth seven at Hanover. Dartmouth has been on the ice for some time and is in good shape, and the Training school team will have to put in some good work in order to make any kind of a showing.

The Training school candidates have been working out in the gymnasium for the past three weeks, and are handling the puck in good style. In the absence of Captain-elect Wright, who did not return to school, the squad was in charge of Louis Field, last year's leader, who will act as temporary captain until another man is chosen. Field did not care to try the ice too hard, so he refused to allow them to play a regular match. He had the forwards string out and practise passing the puck to each other.

The defense men were given practise at breaking up rushes and stopping shots for goal. The lineup was Smith field, Berry, Gwillow, O'Brien and Warren for forwards, Balderston, Best and Emerson points and coverpoint, and Collings at goal. Field and Gwillow are the only veterans back this year, though Best played in a few matches last season. Smith, Warren, Balderston and Emerson were all in school last year and did well in class games.

Berry comes from Minneapolis, where he has done considerable playing, and looks like a good man. He is fast, skillful in passing and shoots the puck with speed and accuracy. He should have little difficulty in making the center position. O'Brien and Collings are both Canadians and have played the game for years. Both are large men and will no doubt prove valuable assets to the team. Although Collings was played at goal Monday, he will not be kept there, as his size and speed make him too valuable a man to be played in that position. He will either be moved out to point or to the forward line.

The season will open Dec. 11 with Dartmouth and will close Feb. 23 with Wesleyan. Only three of the games will be played in Springfield, the Massachusetts Aggies playing here March 19, Wesleyan Feb. 23, and Amherst in connection with a skating carnival at some date to be announced later. All of the college teams that were played last season will be met again this year. In the place of some of the minor schools played a year ago, Manager Gwillow has secured West Point, Brown, Wesleyan and the Harvard seconds. The complete schedule follows:

Dec. 11, Dartmouth at Hanover; 18, Amherst at Amherst. Jan. 8, M. A. C. at Amherst; 15, Trinity at Hartford; 21, Harvard at Cambridge (pending); 22, Andover at Andover; 29, open. Feb. 2, London Field Club at Albany; 3, West Point at West Point; 12, Brown at Providence; 19, M. A. C. at Springfield; 23, Wesleyan at Springfield.

TUFTS STARTS ITS BASKETBALL

MEDFORD, Mass.—In response to the call of Capt. Prentice M. Hatch of the Tufts basketball team for varsity candidates Monday evening 35 men reported at the Goddard gymnasium. This number included five of last year's varsity squad, Captain Hatch left back, Atwood center, Kimball, Knight and Ritschy forwards, Wallace, right back, and Dickinson, right forward of the past two seasons, are in college and will join the squad during the week. The work was in charge of H. D. Wilson, the forward of the '03, '04, '05 and '06 teams, who will be secured as coach.

Besides the veterans, the second and class teams of last season were represented by several men, notably Lowell, Hooper, Merrill, Stevens, Houghton, Fisher, Thompson and Porter. The freshman class presented Huntington of Lowell Textile school, Strong of Everett High, Goff of Attleboro High, Ellms of South Sudbury High, Phelps of Marlboro High, Greene of Winthrop and Gurvin of Somerville.

Practise will be held every evening for the next few weeks, interclass games being scheduled for next week. Manager Harold T. Burgess of Meriden, Conn., has presented his schedule for approval to the advisory board, and it will soon be announced. The season will open Jan. 5 with Technology in the Goddard gymnasium.

RATIONAL GOLF

By Jason Rogers.

An unknown correspondent does too much honor to my knowledge, in writing to say that he is sure I can tell him the origin of the word "niblick"—that club used generally in hard circumstances, says Horace Hutchinson in the London Telegraph. He may be very sure that I would tell him if I could, but that is "another story." There is, however, this to say, that in "Johnny Gibb of Gushet-nenk," that work which is really rather a monument of Scottish dialect—I have a notion that the author especially went out of his way to use local and dialect words, perhaps, to the confounding of the Sassenach—we find two words, probably in reality the same, "knablick" and "kneevlick," either of which may perhaps be taken as the origin of the name of the club used in bunkers. We find that Mrs. Gibb, when the family was on its way to the Wells of Macduff, produced, among other delicacies for their regalement, "several kneevlicks of tempting blue cheese." Looking this up in the very necessary glossary to the work, we find "kneevlick" defined as a roundish piece of anything that may be cut or broken, as cheese. "Knablick," in the same glossary, is explained as meaning "an irregularly formed loose stone." Now I feel that I am probably here, as a mere Englishman, like one of those who rush in where angels fear to tread, but it seems to me that the root meaning is most likely that of some roundish object, which would be perfectly descriptive of the shape of the head of the niblick, as that club was originally made. We may remember that "nieve" is a fist, and "nieve-full" means a fist-full. The idea of roundness seems to enter into all the words.

A Scottish commentator of erudition, an honorary LL. D. of St. Andrews University, and also a former medal winner of the Royal and Ancient Club—the combination must be nearly, if not quite, unique, and entitles a person on whose head honors have rained so thickly

and variously to be listened to with very special attention—reminds me that the niblick is a club of very modern origin. Our fathers used to get out of bunkers as they might, with what they called "sand-irons"—fearful spade-like implements not designed for approaching on the fair green, which, for them, was the "baffy's" function. The special point in the niblick differed from the sand-iron was in the short roundness of the head, enabling it to take the ball with less resistance from the surrounding sand when in a bunker, and also to fit into any rut along the course in which the ball might, unhappily, be found. It proved itself so masterly for this purpose that what we called the "wooden niblick" was then introduced. It was almost identical with a modern brassie, and almost typical of the shape of all wooden-headed clubs now, but then it was very exceptional, and looked like a kind of dwarf in the company of the long-headed clubs of that period—about 30 years, or more, ago. The very fact, however, that the roundness of the head was so exceptional would make the club all the more likely to receive a name indicating that exceptional form, and, therefore, again I come back to the same notion, only the more strongly confirmed, that the word which had roundness as its root meaning might very well be taken as the name of this new round-headed club.

A very long time ago, before golfing reporters had become so expert at their trade—this particular one, however, was a Scot, at least he was reporting to the Scotsman, so he ought to have known better—one wrote, in an account of a match I played with Mr. Laidlay: "Here Mr. Hutchinson broke his niblick—his favorite club." Perhaps it was due to my truly quite undue familiarity with the club, in the course of many golfing misadventures, that I should be supposed to have private information about the etymology of its name; but I must disclaim it.

DOVEY AGAIN HEADS BOSTONS

Former President and Treasurer Is Re-elected at Annual Meeting Today—Favors Heydler for League Head.

The stockholders of the Boston National League Baseball Company, at its annual meeting for the election of officers this morning re-elected John S. C. Dovey president and treasurer. President Dovey and Fred W. Woodcock were re-elected directors. John P. Harris, the Pittsburg baseball enthusiast and owner of many amusement companies was also chosen director.

The following local stockholders of the company were present at the meeting: Fred Kenny, A. M. Goodnow, Fred Woodcock, C. James Connelly, and John S. C. Dovey.

President Dovey stated this morning that he is in favor of John A. Heydler as president of the National baseball league.

It is well understood among the followers of the Boston National team that President Dovey will reappoint Harry Smith as manager of the Boston National baseball team for the ensuing year.

The members of the team are very much pleased that John T. Harris has been chosen a director, for they believe that his experience and enthusiasm will do much to build up the club. He has written to President Dovey that he intends to devote considerable time to the Boston club in the future.

ELECTS SMITH FOR FOOTBALL LEADER

BRUNSWICK, Me.—The members of the Bowdoin varsity football team met here Monday and elected Frank Arthur Smith '12 of Calais captain for 1910.

Smith attended Coburn Classical Institute and then went to Kents Hill for two years before coming to Bowdoin. He has played left halfback in nearly every game since he entered college. He was universally named for that position on the all-Maine team, both last year and this.

He is also a fine track athlete, excelling in the weights and pole vault. He is a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity. He has been the only player in the team mentioned for the position, and his election was unanimous.

Bowling Results.

SUBURBAN INTERCLUB LEAGUE.			
	1	2	3 Totals.
South Boston Y. C.	510	473	478 1461
Colonial	447	413	448 1308
MARKETMEN'S LEAGUE.			
	1	2	3 Totals.
Logan, Johnson	505	488	485 1478
J. F. Clark Co.	428	418	450 1296
Pork Sausage	448	449	457 1354
E. A. Hanley Co.	421	459	440 1320
C. F. Whitaker	496	478	477 1451
L. Mangini Co.	426	476	425 1327
Boston Beef Co.	500	488	465 1453
M. D. Cresay Co.	442	451	474 1367

FUR COATS, FUR CAPS, Fur Gloves, for the motor enthusiast; a handsome assortment, and at prices invariably right. Richardson's, 388 Washington St.

Picture Puzzles W.B. Clarke Co. and Trays 26 & 28 Tremont St.

MUCH INTEREST TAKEN IN HOCKEY

Schoolboys Show Great Enthusiasm Over Ice Sports—English High Again to Have Team.

The interest shown in ice hockey among the schoolboys at the present time, is greater than it has ever been before. It is the intention of the majority of schools to organize seven this winter and participate in the sport. English High school, which up to a few years ago was represented by a team, will again have an aggregation. It will be recognized by the school, something not done with former teams. Principal John F. Casey is heartily in favor of the project, and Harold Pierce, who has played with several independent sevens the past few winters, will be captain.

The school will attempt to gain admission into one of the many leagues which are soon to be organized by the New England Skating Association.

Harold C. Durrell, who has done more to promote ice hockey among the schoolboys than any one else, has decided to postpone the meeting scheduled for Saturday night until he hears of the plans of the new association which intends governing all winter sports. It is possible that the meeting of the New England Skating Association will be held some time next week.

Some time ago it was feared that the Mechanic Arts High school would not have a team, but as the faculty has accepted the boys' proposition a seven will be seen on the ice. Raymond Jenkins is captain.

MOONEY M. A. H. S. CAPTAIN.

Warren Mooney has been unanimously elected captain of the Mechanics Arts High School team for 1910. Mooney's position is quarterback.

'1915' BOSTON EXPOSITION

LAST WEEK

HUNDREDS OF ATTRACTIONS!

Including the Wonderful Performances of the SEEMING LIFE-LIKE THRILLING PLAYS BY THE Italian Marionettes 6 TIMES DAILY.

A Great and Novel Feature MARVELLOUS MOTION PICTURES

First Time Seen in Boston. ALL ATTRACTIONS FREE. Open 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Admission ...Children 15c

Children's Books W.B. Clarke Co. in Great Variety 26 & 28 Tremont St.

STRIKERS IN LUDLOW WILL RECEIVE PEACE PROPOSITION TODAY

LUDLOW, Mass.—A peace plan will be submitted to the strikers today and it is predicted that the Poles will be back at work in the mills of the Ludlow Associates this week, pending a settlement by the state board of arbitration.

The plan is understood to provide that the striking weavers return to work at the reduced rate of 20 cents a roll for the present. The strike resulted from a reduction from 24 cents. If this decision should be in favor of a higher rate, the strikers will be reimbursed for the difference on the work done between the time of their return and the final settlement.

A member of the state board is authority for the statement that this plan was submitted by the company's officials. Nevertheless, Agent Stevens declines to admit that such a proposition has been made by the company.

That the strikers will accept this plan appears to be borne out by a statement by Town Clerk Bennett, who says that at a meeting two thirds of them voted to return to work at the reduced rate.

One hundred more new workers arrived and were lodged in the mills Monday. The company says it has more than 1000 employees at work.

The families of several of the French employees who remained out with the Poles have moved their goods out of the town, the men having obtained employment elsewhere. Most of the French, together with the Scotch and Irish, returned to work after the first walkout.

The French and English speaking employees are said to be secretly aiding the Poles with money contributions and encouraging them to hold out for their demand for the restoration of the 24-cent rate.

Agent Stevens says the company can get all the employees it wants. "We will take them in now at the rate of 100 a day until every machine in the mills is in operation. Very soon we will be in a position where we will not need the Poles," he says.

SOUTH LYNNFIELD WATER SHORTAGE

State Will Be Requested to Prevent Town of Peabody From Lowering Level of Sentaug Lake.

LYNNFIELD, Mass.—Continued water shortage with the possibility of the supply for drinking purposes being cut off entirely has aroused the citizens of South Lynnfield to action which will probably result in a thorough investigation by the state.

Petitions setting forth the action of Peabody in drawing water from Sentaug lake in quantities sufficient to make the water level seven feet lower than ever before, thus cutting off the supply on which Lynnfield has depended, have been circulated and signed. They will be presented for a hearing before the local authorities Thursday evening.

The petitions set forth that while an act of the Legislature 25 years ago gave Peabody the right to take the entire water supply of all the water naturally flowing from Sentaug lake it did not give it the right to lower the lake to its present condition and that therefore Peabody should be enjoined from drawing any more water from that source. Attention is also called to the fact that since the water was lowered nearly all the wells have become dry and useless.

MALDEN WORKS FOR NO-LICENSE

The churches and women's clubs of Malden are waging one of the most active campaigns of their history in the city for no-license this year because of rumors which have been afloat since the city government refused to grant pony express licenses that it would mean a big increase in the license vote.

Under the leadership of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, of which Mrs. D. P. Corey is president, the Malden Civic Association, of which Clinton J. Hobbs is president, the various women's clubs and the churches, a house-to-house canvass is being made, urging all to attend the polls Dec. 14 and vote against license.

FLORENCE, MASS., GETS SILK PLANT

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—Florence is rejoicing over the fact that it is soon to have a new industry that will employ from 250 to 300 hands. This will be an enlargement of the Northampton Silk Company, which is a branch of the McCallum hosiery plant, the Florence shop doing a part of the work. A new building is to be erected next to the tack shop, which is now occupied by the Northampton Silk Company. The capital stock of the new company will be \$250,000.

ANNOUNCE CHIMNEY-CORNER SALE.

A St. Nicholas chimney-corner sale is to be held next Saturday from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. in Horticultural hall in aid of the Free Home for Consumptives at Dorchester.

UNCOOKED DINNER IS GIVEN.

A dinner composed wholly of uncooked foods was given by Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Phillips of Brookline at the Twentieth Century Club Monday evening.

FT. POINT CHANNEL HAS NINE KINDS OF BRIDGES OVER IT

(Continued from Page One.)

circular track acting as a balance support, while the entire weight of the latter is placed on the wheel trucks.

The Northern avenue bridge has three ways, the center one being reserved for railroad tracks and the two outer for traffic. This bridge is intended to improve the means of access to the Commonwealth docks and furnishes an outlet for the great freight yard of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

The draws of the Summer and Federal street bridges are somewhat of the same type, both being in two sections of the sliding retractile style, but the former divides and slides back on both sides of the street and the latter divides and runs back on opposite slides of the channel.

The Atlantic avenue bridge has a draw of the deck type with an incline at a gradient of 4 1/2 per cent. The draw swings on the center only one way on account of other bridges being in the way and is counterbalanced with concrete and other ballast.

The Scherzer rolling-lift balanced draw-bridge of the patented bascule type of the New Haven road is one of the most interesting of the nine. It has three leaves with a single span, each leaf weighing 600 tons including about 300 tons counterbalance. The draw is on a skew, so that the long side truss of each leaf weighs about 1900 pounds and the short side 1400. The span is 123 feet long from the rocker track to the end of the span. The huge leaves, which can be raised to an angle of 45 degrees, may be stopped at any point and can be operated separately or in unison. A 50-horsepower controller of 222 volts is used to raise the draw and a smaller one shoots or draws the bolts which hold the sections in place. These bolts cannot be drawn preparatory to opening the draw until the track signals are set on both sides of the bridge by the tower.

The draw tender knows the intervals at which the boats may pass through and when a vessel is at hand he signals to the tower for the track signals to be set. As he gets the safety signal on a small dial for each lift, he signals the engineer of the draw, who has a checking set of safety signals, and one shrill blast of a whistle denotes that leaf No. 1 is going up, and then two and three blasts give notice of the raising of the other two. The whistles are repeated for the lowering of the draw and the signals are set for a clear track after the bolts are firmly in their sockets.

The majority of the drawbridges are run by electricity, but the Broadway bridge is operated by steam and the jacksie draw by a gasoline engine. Sometimes not a vessel passes through the channel for a whole day, particularly during stormy weather, and again the bridges will be opened as many as 40 times during the day and night. There are three shifts of eight hours each, from 6 a. m. to 2 p. m. and from then to 10 p. m. The name of the tug, the vessel, the time of arrival and the time that the draw was opened is recorded.

On one occasion it is claimed that 11 vessels, including tugs and schooners, passed through the roller lift draw in four minutes.

CHURCH COUNCIL OPENS SESSIONS

LOUISVILLE.—Representing 17,000,000 Protestants the executive committee of the federal council of the churches of America began its annual meeting at the Warren Memorial (Presbyterian) church in this city today. About 50 members of the committee of which Dr. William H. Roberts of Philadelphia is in charge are present.

Welcoming addresses occupied today's sessions and tomorrow papers on religious sociology will be read. Bishop F. R. Hendrix of Kansas City, president of the federal council is in attendance.

NEWPORT SUMMER COLONY VOTES.

NEWPORT, R. I.—Many prominent citizens of Newport whose winter residence is in New York came here today to cast their ballots in the municipal election. Under the city charter adopted four years ago, there are no party designations on the ballot. There was a warm contest today between Mayor P. J. Boyle, who is seeking reelection, and his opponent, William P. Clarke, and a large vote was polled.

ORGANIZE CITIZENS SOCIETY.

Andrew Square Citizens Association was organized Monday evening in South Boston. Daniel J. Chapman was elected president, the Rev. W. J. Dixon, vice-president, William J. Holland secretary and Charles A. Carolan treasurer. A committee of five was chosen to work for a line of cars across Southamptown street.

FAIR IN TREMONT TEMPLE.

The Ladies Aid Association of the Soldiers Home in Chelsea today opened a three days' sale of holiday goods in Gilbert hall, Tremont temple. Mrs. Lue Stuart Wadsworth is chairman of the sale. The various tables are in charge of Boston and Cambridge women.

SILK PLANT FOR NORTHAMPTON.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—Employment for between 250 and 300 persons will be furnished by a new plant to be erected here shortly for the manufacture of silk hosiery by the Northampton Silk Company, a subsidiary of the McCallum Hosiery Company.

SCHOOL EQUIPPED TO TEACH PRINTING DECIDED BY BOARD

The old East Boston high school will be equipped in part as a pre-apprentice school in printing and book binding. An appropriation of \$1600 for this purpose was voted at a meeting of the school board Monday night.

The state board of education had been asked to assist in this matter, but replied that as this plan was not strictly an industrial school it could do nothing. The school board then voted to equip this building on its own account, and a further effort with the state board will be made as to the old Dearborn school.

The purpose of these two schools is to provide a course of instruction for grammar school pupils in addition to their regular work, so that at the completion of their school course they will be fitted to begin to learn a trade as apprentices having considerable of the elementary principles.

Upon the question of having the gymnasium and baths of the East Boston high school turned over to the bath department after school hours and on Saturdays and holidays for the benefit of the general public, as requested by the board of aldermen and the mayor, it was voted to confer with the bath department before taking any action.

The request of the common council to open public schools on Sunday evenings in certain sections for the purpose of giving free lectures to the public was refused on the ground of insufficient funds.

Upon motion of Mr. Magenis it was ordered to request the board of school-house commissioners to advise the school board as to the cost of establishing an independent electric plant to be operated by power supplied by gas engines in the new Abraham Lincoln school.

It was voted to request the schoolhouse commissioners in constructing school buildings in the future to provide yard area sufficient to give each child 30 square feet of room.

LINER ROSALIND REPORTED SAFE

ST. JOHN'S, N. F.—The liner Rosalind, bound for St. John's from New York, via Halifax, was reported safe Monday night by wireless from Cape Race, giving its position as five miles off this port, hidden in a dense fog.

The Rosalind, which has a number of passengers aboard, left Halifax for this port Tuesday morning and was several days overdue.

The cable steamer Colonia, three days overdue, has arrived here. She has on board the new cable connecting Waterville, Ireland, with New York, via Cuckold's cove.

ORDERS TO ENTER INSURANCE WORK

ALBANY, N. Y.—The state insurance department today announced the authorization of the following Massachusetts stock corporations to transact business of health and accident insurance in this state: The Masonic Protective Association of Worcester, with a paid up capital of \$100,000, and the Loyal Protective Insurance Company of Boston, with a paid up capital of the same amount.

The companies insure only members of the Masonic fraternity and Odd Fellows.

REPUBLICAN CITY VOTE IS SOUGHT

One of the first matters to receive the attention of Charles E. Hatfield of Newton, whose choice as chairman of the Republican state committee is now assured, will be better organization in the manufacturing communities, it is said today. It is conceded at headquarters that the rural vote was the main dependence in the last election, and it is recognized that the heavier vote is in the cities, and the new chairman will try to secure this vote.

BELMONT MASONS HOLD RECEPTION

Belmont lodge, A. F. and A. M., of Belmont held a reception to guests from more than 50 lodges, and to the Worshipful Masters Association and was honored by the presence of Most Worshipful Dana J. Flanders, grand master, Monday evening. It was the last meeting over which Worshipful Master George M. Rogers will preside, as he is to resign, and a past master's apron was presented him by the lodge.

NEW WEST END MISSION.

The Florence Crittenton League of Compassion opened a new mission station Sunday in the West End at 10 Blossom street. The mission is in charge of Charles H. Manley, who has had 15 years experience as a journalist, settlement worker and chaplain. The workers will conduct a service every evening at 7:45 o'clock.

SAMUEL N. UFFORD PASSES AWAY.

Samuel N. Ufford, one of the best known residents of Dorchester, passed away at his home, 240 Norfolk street, late Tuesday afternoon. He devised one of the early oil lamps and was one of the first manufacturers of dress forms.

BIG MARSHALL FIELD INCOME.

CHICAGO.—The net receipts from the estate of Marshall Field from March 1, 1907, to June 30, 1909, were \$34,922,349, according to a report filed in the probate court by the executors.

LAWRENCE Y. M. C. A. WORKERS AIMING TO BEAT LOWELL MARK

The Lawrence Y. M. C. A. building fund campaigners with \$126,789 raised to date, are today seeking to collect \$15,000 in order to pass the mark established by the Lowell workers who now have \$140,902. No report will be made by the Lowell committee today and if Lawrence succeeds in raising the desired \$15,000 by night the two cities will enter the final day of the campaign Wednesday with equal amounts acknowledged toward the \$150,000 Y. M. C. A. buildings.

The Lowell campaign is scheduled to close at noon, while Lawrence continues until night, thereby offsetting, in a measure the advantage of today's canvass that will not be reported today by Lowell.

President George L. Selden of the Lawrence Y. M. C. A., who is devoting all his time to the present campaign, is telling his friends today of the big gains made by the solicitors on Monday; when \$19,789 in subscriptions was turned in to the treasurer. This sum included a subscription of \$5000 from the Essex Company, one of \$1000 from the Merchants National bank, \$1000 from the Davis & Furber Machine Company, a memorial of \$1000, \$750 from the Dry Goods Manufacturing Company and seven pledges of \$500 each. In addition there were seven gifts of \$100 each for furnishing dormitory rooms.

The four committees working in the Lowell campaign reported \$4502 at the noon meeting on Monday. This is the smallest sum which has been subscribed on any day of the campaign and the men are out to do some hard work during the next two days to make up for the temporary set-back.

WAKEFIELD VISIT OF EASTERN STAR

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—About 300 members of the Order of the Eastern Star, representing nearly every town and city within the 15-mile radius of Boston, crowded into Odd Fellows' hall here at the reception given by Harmony chapter of Wakefield to Mrs. Emma I. Baker, grand matron of Massachusetts, and her suite Monday evening.

The reception committee consisted of Mrs. Harriet M. Ware, Mrs. Grace J. Alden, Miss Edith R. Marshall, Charles A. Cheney, W. W. Kittredge and Maynard E. Clemons. Supper was served at 4:30 o'clock, after which the grand matron, assisted by Grand Marshal Iola F. Fiske, conducted the annual inspection of the property of the chapter and the degree work of its officers.

PROPOSES TO CUT ELECTRICITY COST

LYNNFIELD, Mass.—A corporation has been formed in which the Saugus River Peat Company has the chief interest, for the purpose of making experiments to reduce the cost of the manufacture of electricity. Buildings for the experimental station are being erected on the land of George E. Herrick, and if successful other plants will be established in various parts of the country.

The company purposes to manufacture electricity at less than half the present cost by using certain fuels, including peat.

NEW RECRUITING OFFICER IS HERE

Capt. Charles W. Farber, eighth cavalry, has arrived in Boston from Ft. Robinson, Neb., and today becomes the army recruiting officer for the Boston district. Maj. Joseph F. Ford, who has held this position for the past two years, avails himself of a four months' leave of absence, which he will spend in and around Boston. He will then go to Des Moines, Ia., for squadron duty with the sixth cavalry, now en route from the Philippines.

Captain Farber will have charge of the two offices in Boston and one in Lowell.

HARVARD DENTAL SCHOOL IS OPEN

The new building of the Harvard dental school, Longwood avenue, is open to the public today, and will be Wednesday morning from 9 to 1 o'clock. This afternoon at 2 o'clock the officers of instruction and government of Harvard College will entertain specially invited guests at tea in the new building, and this evening will receive all men registered in the university.

Wednesday afternoon at 2:15 o'clock, following the public inspection of the building, dedicatory exercises will be held in Sanders theater.

COTTON FACTORY WAGE CUT WAIVED

FALL RIVER, Mass.—There will be no reduction in the wages paid operatives in local cotton mills during the next six months. This is announced by the Cotton Manufacturers Association, following a conference with the textile union representatives, at which the manufacturers waived their rights to cut wages.

Under the provisions of the sliding scale agreement they were entitled to reduce wages 8 per cent, their margin of profit during the past six months having decreased in that proportion.

We Direct Attention To
Our Elaborate Showing of
Party and Dancing Frocks
For Misses and Girls

This showing comprises the newest and most
attractive models in all the most wanted materials

Attention is called to our special display of some of these models in our
second floor section.

Misses' sizes, 14 to 18 years, Girls' sizes, 5 to 14 years

Misses' Frocks, from 10.00 to 65.00
Girls' Frocks from 5.00 to 45.00

Jordan Marsh Company

CONDUIT PERMIT VOTED TELEPOST

Aldermen Grant Company Right to Lay Wires and Motion to Reconsider Lost on Tie by Parties.

The Telepost Company of Massachusetts was granted a permit at the meeting of the board of aldermen late Monday afternoon to lay conduits in certain streets of Boston. A motion to reconsider was lost on a tie vote. The Republicans were mainly for the measure and the Democrats against it.

The contention of those opposing the measure was that valuable franchise rights were being granted without compensation. Alderman James M. Curley announced after it became evident that no reconsideration could be had that he was going to apply for an injunction to prevent tearing up the streets, on the ground that the law has not been complied with.

Conduits will be laid through Elm and Hanover streets to Union street, Faneuil Hall square, North Market street and Merchants row to State street, opposite Merchants row.

SHOE FACTORIES EXPAND IN LYNN

LYNN, Mass.—Despite unsettled labor conditions local shoe manufacturers continue to prosper and increase their factory space to meet the demands of their business. Putnam & Cross have left the Yamp building and leased 20,000 square feet of floor space on three floors of the George E. Barnard building on Oxford street and Joseph L. Melanson is moving his plant into five floors of Realty Company's building No. 2 on Broad street with an area of 35,000 square feet and facilities for increasing the output about a third.

C. S. Emerson & Co., formerly of Lynn, have started a new factory at Derry, N. H., having a capacity output of 2200 pairs of shoes daily. The erection of another mammoth shoe factory in the lower Washington street section is contemplated.

MISS MARIE BURKE MAKES HER DEBUT

Miss Marie Burke in the leading role of "Under Two Flags," by Ouida, made her first appearance on the stage Monday night at the Y. M. C. U. hall, and her playing called forth hearty applause from the audience. She was well supported, the playing of Leon W. Mills displaying skill and ability in interpreting two characters.

The cast included Thurston Vaughn, Joseph Saunders, Leon W. Mills, Fred H. Craigie, Frank Madden, Murray Stamford, A. William Olmstead, Miss Marie Burke, George N. Ford, Miss Catherine Burns, Miss Amelia Hardman, Alice von Rydingsward.

BROOKLINE'S NEW ACCOUNTANT OUT

The Brookline selectmen have decided to withdraw the appointment to the position of town accountant of Jesse S. Wiley, made a week ago at a salary of \$2000, the civil service commission having decided that in raising the salary from \$1200, as advertised in the civil service examination announcement, the selectmen had created a new position. The selectmen have decided to ask for a new examination for the position, at the higher salary. The examination will be competitive.

H. CLAY PIERCE ACQUITTED.

AUSTIN, Tex.—H. Clay Pierce, head of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, has been acquitted of the charges of false swearing.

News in Brief Gathered Today from Towns and Cities in Massachusetts

MALDEN.
The annual election of officers of the Malden Rifles Association was held Monday evening at the company's armory. The following were chosen: President, Maj. Harry P. Ballard; vice-president, Mayor G. Louis Richards; secretary, Capt. H. C. Bacon; treasurer, Forrest E. Benjamin.

Invitations have been issued by the pupils of the high school for their parents to attend a reception to the teachers and inspect the new high school building Friday evening.

The twenty-second anniversary of Progress lodge, N. E. O. P., will be held this evening in Louise hall, Browne building.

BEVERLY.
One of the largest open meetings of the Lothrop Club was held this afternoon at the Unitarian church, when F. Hopkinson Smith delighted a large gathering of clubwomen with readings from his own works.

The aldermen Monday visited places where the gas and electric company desires to locate new poles and the matter will come up for action this evening.

Assistant Postmaster Calvin P. Pierce has been nominated for the presidency of the Beverly Republican Club.

The city election takes place two weeks from today.

CHELSEA.
The dedication of the First Baptist church has been postponed to Dec. 26. Theodore Winthrop post 35, G. A. R., has just elected these officers: Commander C. W. Gray; S. A. C. Amaliah Grover; J. V. C. A. P. Lake; chaplain, W. A. Gardner; quartermaster, O. P. Nash; officer of the day, E. P. Churchill; officer of the guard, B. F. Wright.

Auxiliary 38 of Theodore Winthrop camp, Sons of Veterans will present the flag for the outside staff of the new Shurtleff school.

READING.
Collectors are being appointed to solicit funds for the Y. M. C. A. Those announced are Merriek E. Stone, Congregational church; O. W. Austin, Methodist church; W. L. Bailey, Baptist church.

Martin's pond will be closed this winter, having been stocked with white perch and trout.

Residents of the Lowell and Willow street district have petitioned the Boston & Northern street railway for a shelter at the junction of those streets.

PORTLAND VOTES FOR REPUBLICANS

PORTLAND, Me.—The Republicans carried seven of the nine wards at the election here, electing their candidate for mayor, Charles A. Strout, by a plurality of 951. He received 5197 votes and Oakley C. Curtis, the Democratic candidate, 4246.

The Republicans have seven aldermen and 21 councilmen. The aldermen elected are: Benjamin L. Donnell, James A. Cunningham, Dr. Charles M. Leighton, Bartley A. Flaherty, Walter G. Hay, Clarence H. Lane, Herbert McKenney, J. G. Sawyer and Harry L. Cram.

FARM LECTURES BY STATE BOARD

DRACUT, Mass.—Lectures and discussions on various topics of interest to the farmer formed the principal part of the program of the annual winter meeting of the Massachusetts state board of agriculture, which was opened here today. The meeting will end on Thursday.

Bibles, Hymnals W. B. Clarke Co. and Prayer Books 26 & 28 Tremont St.

NEWTON.
The Hunnewell Club will hold "Neighborhood Night" this evening.

The Library Art Club has an exhibit of Boydell's engravings, illustrating Shakespeare's plays, in the library.

A series of practical talks has been arranged by the physical director of the Y. M. C. A. to be given on Tuesday evenings, beginning tonight.

The Newtonville Womens Guild will hold a musicale today.

After a year of service under the government of Chile, George E. Kerrivan has returned to his home in Newton Center.

Dr. Booker T. Washington will speak tonight, before the Mens League of the Newton Highlands Congregational church.

MELROSE.
A mass meeting in aid of the passage of the proposed \$36,000 playground order by the voters at the city election, Dec. 14, will be held tomorrow evening in the city auditorium, with ex-Mayor Levi S. Gould presiding.

Next Sunday evening the anniversary service of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at the First Baptist church and Bishop John W. Hamilton of Boston will be the speaker. All of the local Protestant churches will unite for this service.

EVERETT.
A no-license rally under the auspices of the Everett No-License League was held Monday evening in Association hall. Miss S. E. Lewis of 20 Foster street will entertain the Everett high school class of 1905 at its annual reunion this evening at her home.

The seniors of the high school are planning to hold a play in the high school hall early in the spring and will commence rehearsals this week.

MEDFORD.
The annual church supper of the West Medford Congregational church will be held this evening.

The arts class of the Womens Club visited the new Boston Art Museum Monday.

An identification meeting is to be held by Charles F. Loring council, Royal Arcanum, Friday evening.

The chorus from Post 66, G. A. R., of this city is to sing at the veterans' night at Tremont temple, Boston, this evening.

REVERE.

Commander Gihon and Department Commander Flynn have approved the application for a camp of Spanish War Veterans in Revere to be known as the John A. Chisholm camp, 50. It is expected that the permanent officers will be elected this evening.

Miss Edith Burchell, one of the members of the choir of Trinity church, has accepted a position as organist at the Cary Avenue Methodist church in Chelsea.

WINTHROP.

The W. C. T. U. will hold an important meeting in the Methodist church this afternoon.

The state tax this year is \$40,958.36. The law relating to the distribution of the corporation tax was a disadvantage to this town, the payment for that purpose to the town being \$3100 less than last year.

WALTHAM.

Miss Myrtle Jordan will give a musicale tonight in Asbury temple.

With the proceeds of the football season, the high school athletic association has bought a tract of land on Bacon street, which will be used as an athletic field.

Fountain Pens W. B. Clarke Co. For Christmas Gifts 26 & 28 Tremont St.

PRESIDENT TAFT'S MESSAGE IS READ TO THE CONGRESS

(Continued from Page One.)

its duty to American interests and its moral obligation to Central America and to civilization."

In opposing any immediate investigation of the New York custom house of fair the President takes the ground that such investigation "might by giving immunity and otherwise prove an embarrassment in securing conviction of the guilty parties."

A proposal submitted by the secretary of the treasury that the executive department's deficit for the current fiscal year—estimated at \$73,075,620—be met by the issuance of Panama bonds authorized by Congress is approved by the President. He explains that in order to avoid a deficit for the ensuing fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, estimates have been cut deep and instead of a deficit there will be a surplus of \$35,913,000, excluding payments on the Panama canal, which are expected to be taken care of by bonds.

The President records, with pleasure the satisfactory arrangement made for the arbitration of the important North American fisheries issue with Canada and the successful prosecution of the work of the commissions adjusting other boundary issues and the lake fisheries. He urges an international conference to devise measures for the protection of fur seals. He is hopeful of a happy adjustment of the Congo question and expresses his desire to afford a larger measure of protection to the little negro state of Liberia. Satisfaction is expressed with the declaration by Japan and Russia in favor of the "open door" and appropriations are asked for the expenses of the Pan-American congress to be held in Buenos Aires and for participation in the Belgian exposition, both scheduled for next year.

The Democrats and Republicans in House and Senate alike find themselves without an acknowledged leader, a situation to which the insurgents, who are in good fettle, are apparently keenly alive.

At the last minute Senator Culberson of Texas declined the minority leadership of the Senate. Senator Bailey has shown himself disinclined to take up the task, though he may perhaps be regarded as Mr. Culberson's natural successor. He was in practical charge of the floor during the tariff session.

Senator Money is out of the reckoning. So it seems to come down to Mr. Bacon of Georgia as the most likely choice. Like Mr. Money, Senator Bacon is an old-time Democrat. He is respected as a scholar, and, if honored with the floor leadership by the Democratic caucus, would be elected chiefly for that reason.

Champ Clark of Missouri, while nominally the minority leader in the House, realizes, like all his lieutenants, that under present conditions he cannot possibly command the united support of his party, or begin to do so.

More of the Republican senators, a half dozen anyway, are said to be on the verge of aligning themselves with the insurgents, thus increasing their number to 12 or 14 before the session is far advanced.

When the roll was called by states Monday all of the Massachusetts delegation responded to their names with the exception of Congressmen A. P. Gardner and Andrew J. Peters. Mr. Gardner has been in Washington for some time, but is absent from the city now on a brief visit. Mr. Peters; it is understood, is cruising abroad.

The usual heavy grist of bills was poured into the hopper on the opening day. The New England congressmen do not waste much time introducing bills unless they have a fair chance of being considered and passed, and had little prospective legislation to offer.

Representative Allen of Maine introduced a bill appropriating \$100,000 for a public building at Biddeford, Me., on the site already owned by the government, and another carrying an appropriation of \$25,000 for the purchase or construction of a vessel for the customs service at Portland. Representative Weeks introduced several private pension bills.

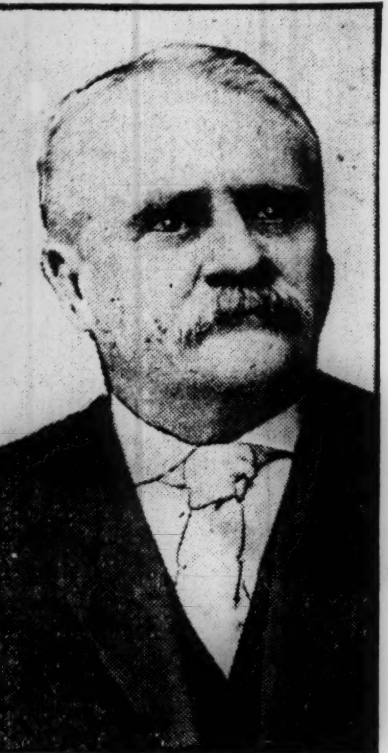
Representative Tirrell will offer in a few days his bill which failed of favorable consideration last year reimbursing Sub-Treasurer Edwin U. Curtis of Boston for the loss some years ago of \$3000 from a package of money in transit between the Boston subtreasury and the treasury department in Washington. Mr. Curtis had to meet the loss from his own pocket. Mr. Tirrell also is preparing a bill appropriating \$25,000 for the location of a fish cultural station in Massachusetts, preferably at Fitchburg.

Representative Greene will shortly offer a bill appropriating \$350,000 for a public building at New Bedford. Many members are hoping that there will be a public buildings bill this year, but it is by no means certain that they will be gratified.

Representative Lawrence of Massachusetts, of the House rivers and harbors committee, said he believed there would be a rivers and harbors appropriation bill this season. The amount it would carry, he said, would depend on the policy of Congress toward the big internal waterway projects being urged vigorously by the national rivers and harbors congress to meet here on Wednesday, and upon other similar organizations.

Congress begins its winter session with a busy program before it. Outside of the recommendations for legislation which President Taft may make there is sufficient business before the House to keep it bustling far into the summer. Usually a new congress in December loses

Judge Lurton Is Reported To Have Won Over Senate Committee on Judiciary



JUDGE HORACE H. LURTON. Tennessee jurist who is slated for the United States supreme court bench.

much time because of the necessity for organizing. All of the committees of the present Congress were appointed just before the adjournment of the extra session, and the House is all ready to proceed to business without delay.

Chairman Weeks of the postoffice committee has called the initial meeting for Wednesday. The big postoffice bill is to be prepared this year largely by new men, and Mr. Weeks wants to get down to work as speedily as possible.

Representative Greene of Massachusetts, chairman of the merchant marine and fisheries committee, also will organize this week. Several bills for ocean ship subsidies are pending before the committee. Some of these provide for mail subsidies. One, a bill of Mr. Greene's, frankly calls for a straight subsidy.

Representative Lovering of Massachusetts is one of the numerous Republicans who believe that Congress will make an investigation of the sugar trust and its methods, as disclosed in the recent scandals in New York.

Three resolutions with this object in view were introduced in the House within a few minutes after it had convened. They were offered by Campbell of Kansas, Garner of Pennsylvania and Cullip of Indiana. There is likelihood of some sort of an inquiry being made, but it is too early to predict whether it will take the form of an investigation of the sugar trust or the customs service, through which the frauds on the government were worked.

Representative Sulzer of New York introduced a resolution directing the President to use the army and navy of the country to restore order, maintain peace and protect life and property in Nicaragua.

Other interesting bills were by Representative Hitchcock of Nebraska for the establishment of postal savings banks; by Representative Hamilton of Michigan, to grant statehood to New Mexico and Arizona.

Senator Aldrich will probably not figure prominently in the leadership of the Senate this winter. At least, that was the indication from the proceedings in the Senate Monday and from statements made by knowing men in that legislative body.

The chairman of the appropriations committee, now Senator Hale of Maine, is recognized as the floor leader of the Senate. But during the extra session, when the tariff was under consideration, Senator Aldrich was the man in charge. That was because the tariff bill came from the finance committee, of which Senator Aldrich is chairman.

URGE WATERWAYS FOR WHOLE NATION

WASHINGTON—In advocacy of inland waterways systems for the benefit of all the country, instead of "pork" contracts for the sake of congressmen's constituents in a few districts and of the issuance of \$50,000,000 worth of bonds a year for the next 10 years for waterways projects, the National Rivers and Harbors Congress will open its sixth annual convention here tomorrow.

President Taft has several times expressed his sympathy with the idea of general waterways improvements, with a view to establishing a complete national system. Tomorrow he will deliver the opening address before the convention. Other speakers will include Count J. H. von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, and Governor Weeks of Connecticut.

SENATE GETS LIST OF NOMINATIONS

WASHINGTON—About 1200 recess nominations to posts in the various departments of the government were sent to the Senate today by President Taft for confirmation. The nominations range from third assistant secretary of state, for which Chandler Hale of Maine is named, to postmasters and district census supervisors.

The list embraces all the nominations made by President Taft while Congress was not in session and, in addition, Frank K. Lane of California, to be interstate commerce commissioner.

MR. TAFT SECURES COMMITTEE FAVOR FOR JUDGE LURTON

WASHINGTON—President Taft has had great success in his effort to win the Senate judiciary committee over to his view that Judge Horace H. Lurton of Tennessee is a proper person to succeed Justice Peckham on the supreme bench. The President holds that the only question to be determined in Judge Lurton's case is whether he is to retire as a federal circuit judge or as a supreme court justice.

On account of his previous length of service and his record, he argues that Judge Lurton is entitled to promotion, just as army officers for many years have been promoted just prior to retirement. If this principle works well in the war department, the President wants to know why it will not work equally well in the judicial department.

Organized labor is preparing to make a strong fight against Judge Lurton's confirmation. Labor leaders who have examined his record say that he is unfriendly to labor in general, and that many of his decisions show an utter inability on his part to treat labor fairly when the great corporations are concerned, notably the railroads.

Several of the members of the interstate commerce commission are also understood to be opposed because of his decisions. They say that he has nothing in common with the advanced, or so-called progressive thought of the day, and that as a supreme court justice he would almost certainly incline to the railroad side of every close argument.

It is not charged, of course, that he would do so through any improper motives, but solely as the result of his intense conservatism.

At one time Judge Lurton, Justice Day of the supreme court and President Taft, then Judge Taft, sat together, forming the circuit court of appeals of the sixth circuit. This means that the President is personally acquainted with Judge Lurton and vouches for his fairness and soundness both as a lawyer and as a judge. Judge Lurton's appointment would obviously mean that the President, who is familiar with the labor opposition, takes no stock in it.

CINCINNATI—Judge Horace H. Lurton of the United States circuit court of appeals, who arrived here Monday from his home in Nashville, Tenn., says he has heard from high private sources that President Taft will name him to the United States supreme court justiceship. He has heard nothing officially.

"No correspondence has passed between the President and myself," he said. "I have not sought the position, and if I do not get it I shall cheerfully continue to serve in the appellate court."

MR. MACVEAGH USES SUGAR CASE TO GIVE INTEREST TO REPORT

(Continued from Page One.)

fiscal year of 1910 he estimates at \$648,000,000 and the disbursements at \$682,075,620 which leaves a deficit in ordinary receipts of \$34,075,620. Add to this the Panama canal and public debt disbursements and the deficit is \$73,075,620.

"For the fiscal year 1911, the ordinary receipts are estimated at \$672,000,000, and the ordinary appropriations at \$636,068,672.51 including the secretary of the navy's estimates of \$12,844,122 for new warships, or a surplus in the ordinary receipts of \$35,931,325.49. When the Panama canal estimates for 1911 are added, the surplus is turned into a deficit of \$12,132,107.21."

Admitting that sales at par of United States bonds bearing only 2 per cent interest have been forced heretofore because it was necessary for national banks to have them in order to take out circulation upon them, Secretary MacVeagh says bluntly:

"It is, in my judgment, high time for the government to realize that it does not have a 2 per cent borrowing power and has never had. No government, however rich, has a 2 per cent borrowing power."

In presenting his estimates for the next fiscal year Secretary MacVeagh points out that the total sum, \$684,132,197.21, including the estimates for the Panama canal and the naval building program, shows a decrease of \$42,818,969.19 under the appropriations for 1910. He declares that the estimates for the coming year are presented "as a careful measure of the actual and irreducible needs of the government."

In order to effect a real revision of the expenditures of the government, he says, it must be a general revision, both of those appropriations which have their initiative in the executive departments and of those that have their initiative in the Congress.

Mr. MacVeagh asks for a change in the methods of the payment of customs duties "so that these transactions may cease to be so very inconvenient and may conform themselves to the ordinary practices of business. The spectacle should not be possible of a detail from the navy carrying \$30,000 in cash through the streets of New York from the subtreasury to the custom house to pay duties on navy importations and of a return trip from the custom house by the representatives of the collector back to the subtreasury with this same money, all because the collector of customs could not legally accept a check of

PREDICT HARD FIGHT FOR A REDUCTION OF OLEOMARGARINE TAX

WASHINGTON—It isn't certain that the oleomargarine interests will not win their fight in Congress this winter to secure a radical reduction of the 10 cent tax on oleo colored to resemble butter. Backed by the secretary of the treasury, a Chicago man and friendly to the proposition, and by the internal revenue bureau of the treasury department, which never has been in favor of the 10 cent tax, the oleo people will find their cause strengthened from the start.

The first skirmish will come over the reference of the bills designed to affect the reduction of the tax. The butter people will ask that the bills be referred to the House committee on agriculture, which is friendly to their claims. The oleo people, on the other hand, will ask that the bills be referred to the ways and means committee, which, like the secretary of the treasury and the bureau of internal revenue, doesn't like the tax. If the bills should go to the former committee, they probably will not be reported out, but will be quietly pigeonholed. If they should go to the committee on ways and means, it is likely that one of them will be reported to the House with the recommendation that it pass.

Such a report would be preliminary to a vote on the bill in the House. While there has been no attempt thus far to ascertain how the House will stand on the proposition to reduce the tax, there are reasons for believing that the vote, if taken, will be very close, with some chance that the majority may be with the oleo people.

BALLOTS ARE CAST IN FOURTEEN CITIES IN COMMONWEALTH

(Continued from Page One.)

Mayor Crossman was defeated. There are 26 candidates for the nine councilmanic positions.

License Contest Brings Haverhill's Voters Out

HAVERHILL, Mass.—The license issue brought out a record-breaking early vote here today, both sides being active in rushing their supporters to the polls. For an off year, there being no majority contest, the indications of a heavy total vote came as a surprise to many people.

Ex-Mayor Roswell L. Wood and ex-Alderman James O'Connell are opposing the new charter candidates, Aldermen Ubert A. Killam and J. W. Bean, for reelection, and Attorney Ralph E. Gardner and Charles Woodcock are out for school committeemen against Frank W. Mitchell and John W. Tilton.

(For further election news see page 6.)

GOMPERS APPEAL TO HIGHEST COURT

WASHINGTON—Before the supreme court of the United States today attorneys for the American Federation of Labor will ask that the original anti-boycott injunction issued by Judge Gould in the Bucks Stove & Range Company case be dismissed. Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, officers of the federation now under sentence for contempt of court for violating the injunction, are parties to the appeal.

This means that the supreme court of the United States will decide if the American Federation of Labor's boycott of the Bucks Stove & Range Company in its official organ, the Federationist, was a lawful procedure.

REPORTS CHANGE IN LIGHT SERVICE

WASHINGTON—Administrative reorganization, centralization of work and generous expenditure are provided for in a report on the lighthouse service, which President Pritchett of the Carnegie Foundation presented to Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel Monday. Dr. Pritchett is head of a committee which Secretary Nagel recently appointed to present plans for a possible reorganization of the lighthouse service.

BROCKTON WOMEN ENTERTAIN.

BROCKTON, Mass.—The Brockton Women's Club entertained 25 visiting clubs Monday, which was "Federation Day." Miss Georgie A. Bacon, president of the state federation, was present.

the navy department upon the subtreasury.

Touching briefly on the subject of banking and currency reform, Secretary MacVeagh says: "We must have at least the beginning of a permanent system. At present we have neither an adjustable currency nor trustworthy surplus reserves, two absolutely essential features of any banking system upon which the finances and the commerce of this great nation can secure rest. To secure these essentials—to speak of no others—the looked for reform must deal with fundamentals."

Gift Room

Paine Furniture Co

48 Canal Street Between North Station and Haymarket Square

For the convenience of our customers we have taken many of the choicest gift pieces from the various departments and assembled them in our remodeled art room, the collection forming the finest display of beautiful and useful gifts we have ever made.




Shaving-Stand, selected oak (as illustrated) heavy pedestal, claw feet, drawer, adjustable mirror.....	16.50
Mahogany Magazine Stand, inlaid, three shelves, drawer.....	19.50
Brass Candlestick, with shade and candle.....	3.00
Mahogany Tea Table, glass tray, oval shelf.....	18.00
Mahogany Work Table, pedestal base, 3 drawers, drop leaves.....	24.00
Mahogany Triple Toilet Glass.....	30.00
Smoker's Stand, Mission oak, drawer and shelf.....	4.75
White Enamel Desk, drop lid, fluted legs.....	27.00
Mahogany Telephone Table, with seat and swinging telephone shelf.....	11.00
Gold Mirror, Colonial pattern, with picture panel.....	20.00
Mahogany Shaving Stand, drawer, round mirror, claw feet.....	16.00
Mahogany Music Cabinet, 10 shelves.....	25.00
Mahogany Bookrack, 3 compartments.....	12.00
Mahogany Desk Chair, Colonial pattern.....	7.50
Mahogany Tea Wagon, rubber tires, removable glass tray.....	35.00
Mahogany Shaving Stand, large mirror, 2 drawers, closet.....	20.00
Mahogany Toilet Glass, adjustable mirror.....	12.50
Mahogany Writing Table, 3 drawers, 2 compartments for stationery.....	30.00
Mahogany Dressing Table, swell front, oval beveled mirror.....	25.00

Brass Clothes-Pole, heavy tubing, burnished finish, 8.50

STRENUOUS ROUND OF SOUTH BOSTON CLUBS IS PLANNED

(Continued from Page One.)

of the board of trustees, there were 15 meetings, and the records show that at 12 of these meetings he was present taking part in the discussions and frequently making motions.

"At the remaining three meetings only, the labor question came to the front, and it was precisely these three meetings, and these only, that he failed to attend."

"I ask Mr. Fitzgerald to explain why he remained away from these three meetings, and especially why he did not attend the meeting of June 12, as the late labor leader Frank K. Foster did, and either side with Mr. Foster and the other trustees in awarding the contract to the lowest bidder or else take the opposite side."

"Mr. Fitzgerald indulges in his usual method of innuendo in regard to differences within the management of a great business organization, concerning the facts of which he is totally ignorant. If he or any other man will make a direct charge as to the nature of my alleged breach of trust, I shall answer the charge in a manner that will satisfy every fair-minded person in the community."

PRUSSIAN REFORM DEMANDED TODAY

BERLIN—A demand upon the government for a reform of the Prussian three-class property qualification electoral system was published today. The demand is signed by 600 persons, including the mayors, many manufacturers and merchants and 200 university professors and writers in the principal cities of Prussia.

The paper quotes from the speech from the throne delivered upon the occasion of the opening of the Prussian diet on Oct. 20, 1908, in which a reform in the electoral system was promised; and describes freedom from the so-called "Blue Block," the conservative and clerical combination, as the vital question of the hour.

HONORS H. C. CHATFIELD-TAYLOR. CHICAGO—Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor has received from King Victor Emmanuel the Order of the Crown of Italy.

Established 1850.

Cohen's

50 Winter Street

Headquarters for

Useful Holiday Gifts

Kid Gloves..... 1.00 to 3.50	Black Petticoats..... 1.00 to 3.00
Fur lined Gloves..... 3.00 to 5.00	Sweaters..... 3.00 to 5.00
Fleece lined Gloves..... 1.25 to 1.75	Mink Muffs..... 16.50 to 75.00
Woolen Gloves..... 25c to 50c	Mink Collars..... 18.50 to 100.00
Silk Gloves..... 75c to 1.50	Marten Muffs..... 13.50 to 25.00
Neckwear..... 25c to 2.00	Marten Collars..... 13.50 to 40.00
Marabout Feather Bosoms..... 5.00 to 15.00	Black Fox Muffs..... 13.50 to 40.00
" " Muffs..... 10.00 to 13.50	Leather Bags..... 98c to 9.00
Ostrich Feather Bosoms..... 15.00 to 22.50	Holiday Jewelry..... 25c upward
Handkerchiefs..... 8 1/2c to 1.00	(in boxes)..... 25c upward
Duchess Handkerchiefs..... 2.00 to 5.00	Hat Pins..... 25c to 1.50
Lingerie Waists..... 2.00 to 10.00	Hosiery..... 25c to 1.50
Silk Waists..... 3.00 to 10.00	Aprons..... 25c to 1.25
Silk Petticoats..... 4.00 to 5.00	

S. COHEN & Co., 50 Winter St. PROMPT ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS.

CARRIES RIGGING OFF IN DARKNESS

CHATHAM, Mass.—Some unknown north-bound vessel gave the Bath schooner Nat Meader such a swipe along her port side Monday night in Pollock Rip slue that the Monomoy live-saving crew under Captain Howes had to pull off to her assistance at sunrise today, and four hours later the coast survey steamer Bache took her in tow for Hyannis. The Meader lost her standing rigging on the port side.

MR. ROBERTS GETS BETTER QUARTERS

WASHINGTON—Representative Ernest W. Roberts of Massachusetts has been allotted new quarters in the Capitol building by Speaker Cannon and he is making preparations to haul his belongings back from the House office building, where he had stored them. The new room is small, but conveniently located on the main floor of the Capitol, a few doors from the committee room of Representative John W. Weeks, chairman of the postoffice committee.

SALT LADEN SHIP TOWED TO BOSTON

Laden with 25,000 bushels of salt, the first cargo of this nature ever brought here from Carbarjo, Porto Rico, the old Boston bark Boylston, Capt. A. W. Warner, was towed up the harbor by the tug Orion from New York, showing the effects of her eventful voyage in the big patch on her starboard bow where she was in collision with the Norwegian steamship Diana, and in the glint of new sails bent on to replace those lost in a gale off Hatteras.

Captain Warner was forced to put into Norfolk for new sails after this blow, and after leaving there Nov. 17 for this port was run into by the Diana and so badly damaged that temporary repairs had to be effected at New York before the bark could proceed. After discharging cargo the vessel will make permanent repairs here.

ELECT C. A. STROUT MAYOR. PORTLAND, Me.—The Republicans elected Charles A. Strout as mayor Monday, with a large majority of the city council. Mr. Strout's plurality over Oakley C. Curtis (Dem.) was 951, which is about 200 below the normal, although the total vote was about equal to the average.

What Is Going on in New York and Its Environs Today

BIG GLASS COMBINE BRINGS HAND-BLOWN PLANTS INTO GROUP

Introduction of Blowing Machines Is Gradually Revolutionizing Old Picturesque Industry.

DISPLACE WORKMEN

NEW YORK—The news from Pennsylvania of the consolidation of 60 hand-blown glass plants, the object of which is partly to protect the hand workmen against the encroachment of glass inventions, is of interest because of the great picturesqueness of the trade and its gradual subversion after the introduction of the glass blowing machine and the invasion of Belgian workers.

Approximately 50 per cent of the window glass in the United States is machine manufactured. This applies only to the blowing end of the process for no machine has ever been made which can replace the "cutters" and "flaters," the men who convert the glass from the cylinder which comes from the blower to the flat sheets and assorted sizes of trade.

"The coming of the machine means the end of the hand blower," said A. L. Faulkner, president of the National Window Glass Workers, with headquarters in Cleveland, O., in a recent interview.

The invention of the tank furnace was one of the first steps in revolutionizing the glass industry.

Under the old methods the materials from which glass was made were melted in separate pots which were charged separately and were in a measure independent of each other. It followed that the glass might be good in one pot and so bad in the next that it could not be worked. This resulted in loss of time and uncertainty of output.

The tank furnace is a long inclined tank, heated at various degrees throughout its length. The charge or "batch" as it is called is placed in one end and is melted. It then runs to the lower end where it is kept at the proper temperature for working. Thus the workmen all have the same quality of glass and there is less chance of the glass being bad.

The modern glass-blowing machine can do the work of five men in its present stage of development. Great efficiency is expected of the machines as they are further developed. One man can watch and operate two machines and thereby take the place of 10 former blowers.

GIGANTIC WIRELESS PLANS ARE EVOLVED BY INVENTOR TESLA

Expert Says He Can Harness All Electric Currents by Establishing an Enormous Plant for the Purpose.

OPERATE AIRSHIPS

NEW YORK—Nikola Tesla, electrical inventor, is planning to build a great electric power plant which will enable him to operate all the telephone, telegraph, lighting, traction and industrial systems of the earth by wireless currents.

His plan also is so far-reaching that it takes in the operation of all aeroplanes and dirigibles and the keeping of them in telegraphic and telephonic touch with the earth at all times by the same method, no matter over what part of the earth they may be sailing or with what part of it they may desire to communicate.

By this system, he says, all the wires which now are used to connect telegraph and telephone instruments and electric lights will be eliminated without changing in any degree the other features of the installations, and it will be easier then for a man in New York to step to a telephone and converse by wireless with a man in Melbourne, Australia, than it now is for him to talk by wire across a room.

Mr. Tesla was interviewed in his office at 185 Broadway. He said that probably his utterances would be regarded by many persons as those of a visionary, but that time would vindicate them fully.

"Mr. Tesla, I understand you have perfected a system whereby it will be possible to telephone, say, from New York city to Melbourne, Australia, by wireless process without any change in the present installations made by the telegraph and telephone companies."

"I am glad to say that such is the case," Mr. Tesla replied.

"Will this wireless system of yours permit of the transmission of electric power for purposes of operation?"

"Certainly," the inventor said. "In fact, had it not been for unfortunate circumstances long ago a plant of this kind would have been in operation. Just one single plant of say 10,000-horsepower would be sufficient to drive several thousand flying machines, aeroplanes and dirigibles anywhere in the world. While supplying them with wireless power it also would keep them in constant touch with the earth by wireless telephone and telegraph."

HUGE MELBOURNE DRYDOCK IS URGED

Inspector-General, After Visit to England, Advises Construction of Improvement Costing Vast Sum.

NEW YORK—Cable advices from Melbourne state that after consulting a number of eminent authorities, including Colonel Sir Edward Raban, director of works at the admiralty, Mr. Davidson, the Victorian inspector general of public works, who was sent to England in July to inspect dry docks there and consult with the admiralty on Australian naval requirements, recommends the building in Melbourne of a dry dock 800 feet long, 110 feet wide, and 34 feet deep, at a cost of \$400,000, says the Journal of Commerce. The government, while not definitely adopting the proposal, is calling Mr. Davidson instructing him to arrange with the admiralty to prepare plans.

R. E. SPEER SCORES MONROE DOCTRINE

NEW YORK—At the annual dinner of the Presbyterian Union at the Hotel Savoy, Robert E. Speer, secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, who has recently returned from South America, said there were deplorable conditions there. He termed the Monroe doctrine a political folly and hoped that as long as the United States would not help South America she would let European countries do it.

John R. Mott, secretary of the World's Student Christian Federation, also spoke.

COLLECTOR LOEB ABOLISHES "TIPS"

NEW YORK—"Not a man shall remain in this service who accepts a tip from a passenger," is the statement of Collector Loeb, uttered as he dismissed Charles Nimmo, a customs inspector, who has been in the service since 1886.

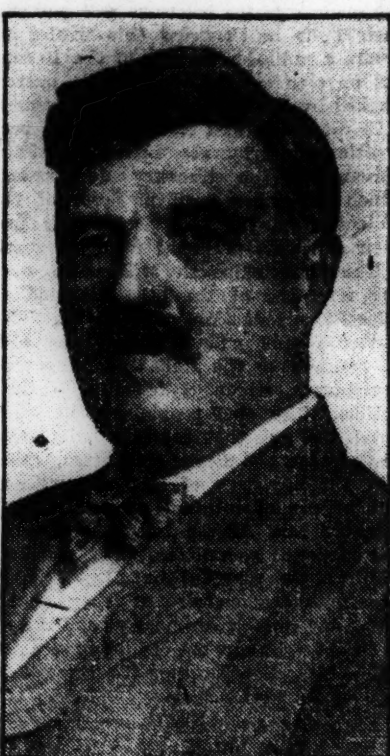
"I am determined to break up this practise, and I want the public to know that not a cent need be paid to any employee of this port for any service the government pays its agents to perform," added the collector.

MR. PEARY GIVES A POLAR LECTURE

NEW YORK—Commander Peary told the story of his discovery of the north pole in a lecture before the American Geographical Society Monday night.

Many of the pictures shown were applauded. The last camp before the final stand at the pole showed the party making tea by converting ice and snow into boiling water on cylindrical alcohol stoves.

New President of the Rock Island Railroad System Made His Own Way Upward



HENRY U. MUDGE, Chosen head of the Rock Island system. Filled many positions in the service of the Santa Fe.

NEW YORK—Henry U. Mudge, who has just been elected president of the Rock Island system, is one of the highest grade of self-helped railroad officials in the country. Mr. Mudge began his career in 1872, at the age of 16, in the capacity of water carrier to the section hands on the Santa Fe. Since that time some of the positions he has filled are those of telegraph operator, brakeman, baggage man, conductor on freight, passenger and work trains, dispatcher, roadmaster, trainmaster and assistant division superintendent.

The last post marked the second stage in Mr. Mudge's upward course. Thence he went to higher and higher positions, each of which required increased ability and versatility. On June 10, 1894, he had risen to be general superintendent of the eastern grand division of the Santa Fe. With two more steps he was the general manager.

Mr. Mudge left his long service with the Santa Fe to take the vice-presidency of the Rock Island on May 1, 1905. Few railroad men with such brilliant success are more generous, gentle, courteous and democratic than Mr. Mudge. He will now have sway over 8000 miles of railroad reaching from Chicago to Denver, Col., and from St. Paul to the Gulf of Mexico.

Reorganization of the Rock Island railroad was completed Monday by the election of four new vice-presidents to serve with President Mudge. The following changes were announced:

James E. Gorman, formerly of the Santa Fe, to be first vice-president, in charge of freight traffic, succeeding W. B. Biddle; F. O. Mettcher, to be second vice-president, in charge of operation, succeeding H. U. Mudge; John Sebastian, formerly passenger traffic manager, to be third vice-president, in charge of passenger traffic; E. S. Moore, formerly second assistant to the president, to be fourth vice-president, in charge of purchases, succeeding E. L. Pollock.

ward 2 there is a three-cornered struggle between Grafton E. Kirwin, Democrat and non-partisan; George M. Bates and Lyman A. Bowker, Republicans.

Three Candidates Are Out For Lawrence Mayoralty

LAWRENCE, Mass.—A municipal campaign characterized by a dearth of political issues ends today. The mayoralty contest is a three-cornered affair between Dr. John T. Cahill, Democrat; Mayor William P. White, Republican, and former State Senator Joseph Donovan, who is running on an independent Republican ticket.

Normally the city is Democratic by about 1000 majority, although at present the municipal administration is Republican. The size of the vote polled by Candidate Donovan is expected to be the principal factor in the mayoralty result.

Expect Quincy to Retain Its No-License Attitude

QUINCY, Mass.—There was considerable interest in the city election here today with Mayor William T. Shea, Democrat and Citizen candidate, seeking a third term and opposed by Walter F. Nichols, Republican, for seven years a member of the city council. Edgar Norton was the candidate for the socialists.

Very little effort was made to arouse interest in the no-license question, as the city has never varied in its sentiment against liquor selling.

Fully 60 per cent of the total registration had been checked off at 1 o'clock. It is predicted that 80 per cent of the registered voters will cast their ballots before the polls close. It was the general opinion at that hour that Mayor Shea would be reelected by a plurality of about 500. His plurality last year was 1110.

DINNER FOR SONS OF PENNSYLVANIA

New York Society Receives Acceptances From Secretaries Knox, MacVeagh and Wickersham and Others.

NEW YORK—Many notable guests have accepted invitations to the annual dinner of the Pennsylvania Society which will be held in this city on Saturday, Secretary of State Knox, Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh and Attorney-General Wickersham will be the principal speakers.

They are all native Pennsylvanians. Other notable guests who have promised to be present are former Lieut. Gov. Lawrence V. Sherman of Illinois, who will speak; Governor Stuart of Pennsylvania, the three former governors of Pennsylvania, Senators Penrose and Oliver, and Commander Robert E. Peary, U. S. N.

MR. TAFT PLANS NEW YORK TRIP

WASHINGTON—President Taft will leave Washington next Monday morning for New York, where that night he will make the principal address at the closing meeting of the diamond jubilee of the Methodist Episcopal church mission in Africa. This jubilee celebration was opened a year ago in Washington with an address by President Roosevelt.

After spending the night in New York at the home of his brother, Henry W. Taft, the President will go to New Haven to attend a meeting of the Yale corporation, of which he is a fellow. There will be a banquet in New Haven Tuesday night.

PROPOSES WOMEN CENSUS WORKERS

NEW YORK—Albert Faick, who has been appointed by President Taft as census supervisor for New York county for 1910, is considering employing women enumerators.

"Women are getting to be active politicians right here on Broadway," he said, "and I can see that they might be very useful to go around after census facts. I have already seen a large number of men who wish to be appointed and I have had letters from women offering themselves. I'll appoint those best qualified, whether they're men or women."

BUSINESS BLOCK PROTEST IS LOST

NEW YORK—J. Pierpont Morgan, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., Charles Lanier, John E. Parsons, Maria De Witt Jesup, the City Real Estate Company, and Sarah C. Goodhue have lost their contest to preserve the old eighteenth ward as an exclusive residence section.

Charles F. Brown, referee, has filed with the county clerk an adverse report on their application for a permanent injunction restraining Margaret E. S. Cameron from erecting a 16-story skeleton steel building for office purposes on the two lots at the northeast corner of Madison avenue and Thirty-fourth street.

SEEK TO LEVEL PRICES OF MILK

NEW YORK—Indications today are that the state investigation of the so-called milk trust will be far reaching. Following the appointment by the supreme court Monday of a referee to take testimony here and in Albany, it was learned that the investigation, which will be begun on Thursday next, will extend to the up-state milk interests for the purpose of determining the causes for the apparent wide discrepancy indicated by currently published quotations between the price paid the producer and that paid by the consumer.

SUGAR WEIGHERS GIVE TESTIMONY

NEW YORK—The six former employees of the American Sugar Refining Company today in the United States court are on trial on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the government. The first witness was Harry A. Van Dusen, former assistant government weigher at the trust docks in Brooklyn.

Alexander McGilvery, another government weigher, said Oliver Spitzer, former dock superintendent of the trust, told him the company, at its headquarters in Wall street, had a special list of weighers for the government.

MANSION OF FIRST PRESIDENT TO GO

NEW YORK—What is believed to have been the first presidential mansion in the United States is being torn down today to make way for a structure paying larger revenue. It was known as the old Van Altrien house and stood under one of the immense arches of the Brooklyn bridge on Cherry hill. It was to this house that President George Washington returned after taking the oath of office and there he resided, with Martha Washington as the "first lady in the land," from April 23, 1789 to Feb. 23, 1790.

LOGIC OF CITY RULE BY A COMMISSION IS TALKED AT CORNELL

ITHACA, N. Y.—"The Logic in the Government by Commission," was the topic of an address delivered to the Cornell congress recently by P. K. Cylmer '97. He said:

"At the present time there are over 50 cities which have adopted the commission form of government. The city of Galveston was the first to adopt this form in 1901. Since then there has only been one change in the commission. Just as much money has been spent in the city as formerly, but this was on account of the flood. Even if as much money had been spent, nevertheless twice as much work has been done and twice as many improvements have been made. Still better circumstances exist in other cities which have adopted this form of government."

"The five main factors in support of this commission form of government are: First, the doing away of the ward system of the city government with all its evils of petty bosses and poor representatives; second, it clears the way for the short form of ballot; third, it puts representative business men in charge of the affairs of the city government, which is more or less a matter of business; fourth, by this system of government overlapping of authority is done away with and the responsibility is placed on a small number as is the practise in our large business corporations; fifth, there is the elimination of party designation."

PHOENIX COMPANY IS STILL SOLVENT

NEW YORK—W. T. Gray, former auditor of the Continental Insurance Company, who was Monday made president of the Phoenix Insurance Company, of Brooklyn, succeeding George P. Sheldon, the deposed president, today issued a statement to the agents of the company, declaring the company was still in good financial condition, despite the \$1,000,000 loss it is said to have sustained.

To a United Press representative Gray said today that he and Henry Evans, president of the Continental, new chairman of the executive committee of the Phoenix, would endeavor to place the company again on a business basis. "We find that the Phoenix is still in good financial condition," said Gray, "and that it has a surplus of \$2,000,000. I have issued a statement to agents, assuring them that the company is perfectly solvent. Policyholders will not suffer."

George P. Sheldon, the deposed president, has not yet been told of the report of State Insurance Superintendent Hotchkiss. Sheldon is today at his home in Greenwich, Conn.

SEAMEN GREETED BY MR. GOMPERS

NEW YORK—Samuel Gompers presided Monday night at Cooper Union over a mass meeting of the International Seamen Union.

Resolutions were presented and adopted denouncing the International Shipping Federation and calling on all ship owners and citizens of all countries to give no support to its aims or purposes, which, it is alleged, tend toward keeping in bondage seafaring men.

DANES RETAINING FAITH IN DR. COOK

COPENHAGEN—The University of Copenhagen will nominate a committee today to examine the documents of Dr. F. A. Cook on his Arctic trip now on the way here in charge of his secretary, Walter Lounsdale, who will arrive on the steamer United States tomorrow. The steamer is now discharging cargo at Christiansia. Copenhagen is neither exhilarated nor depressed by the delay. Its confidence in Dr. Cook is of that sublime variety which takes delay with patience and attacks on his good faith in connection with Mr. McKinley with fortitude.

Cleanliness Second Law of Nature its fulfillment is best effected by using the purest dentifrice

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

has for 43 years demonstrated the Very Essence of Cleanliness and to the refined is always

An old friend of the family

MAGAZINES W.B. Clarke Co. Current Numbers and Subscriptions 26 & 28 Tremont St.

BILLIARD PLAYING ON MONO-RAIL CAR

Rare Possibilities Exist on Board Trolley, Which Is Balanced by Gyroscope Principle.

NEW YORK—The remarkable feature of the Brennan mono-rail car of whose successful test in England an account was cabled to America, is the gyroscope principle. Each car is kept upright on a single rail by two wheels revolving in opposite directions in a vacuum.

The "stability apparatus" keeps the car stable no matter at what angle it may be over.

It has been found as one curious result of the gyroscope principle as applied to the mono-rail that a game of billiards might be played on a tilting car. When the car stands upright the billiard board will be truly level and the billiard balls would be still, the force of gravity acting vertically downward.

In rapid movement around a curve the car lies over also, but the billiard balls would still remain stationary, as the centrifugal force tending to throw them toward the outside of the curve would be counteracted by the upward slope of the table in that direction. Indeed, the extraordinary result would be that a game of billiards could be played with the table at a sharp angle.

The same balancing of forces on the passengers would result in those on board having no consciousness of any slope in the floor of the car.

Torrey, Bright & Capen Co.

A Complete Stock of

Oriental Rugs:::

Moderately Priced

ENGLISH BRUSSELS

ENGLISH WILTON

CARPETS

In Exclusive Designs and Colors

Inspection Invited

Torrey, Bright & Capen Co.

348-350 Washington Street

Bookstore

BOSTON

Easily and comfortably accessible by automobile, carriage and electric cars. Midway between North and South Stations.

Near "Scollay Square," "State" and "Milk" Stations of the Elevated Road.

W. B. CLARKE CO. Booksellers, Stationers, Engravers LENDING LIBRARY 26 AND 28 TREMONT STREET

EMBLEMS and SILVER at

J. C. Derby Co.'s

CONCORD, N. H.

A Postal brings a catalogue

Advertisements

Intended to appear in all editions of

Saturday's Monitor

Should reach The Monitor office

Not Later than Friday Afternoon

To insure proper Classification

Second-Hand Books Bought

W.B. Clarke Co. 26 & 28 Tremont St.

BALLOTS CAST IN FOURTEEN CITIES

Big Temperance Contest Is Waged at Northampton

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—The temperance forces of the city today are conducting a spirited fight to put Northampton in the "no" column. There is also an interesting and closely contested mayoralty campaign in which Harry E. Bicknell, democrat and former representative Calvin Coolidge, Republican, are the candidates.

The election of 1887 is the only one in which the no-license forces were victorious here.

Ox-Cart Contest Outcome Stirs Marlboro Voters

MARLBORO, Mass.—The city election today has a picturesque feature in the ox-cart candidacy of Theodore Temple, an Independent and a farmer, who is opposed to the reelection of Senator Henry Parsons, the Republican candidate for mayor. John J. Shaughnessy, a Democrat, who was defeated by Mayor Parsons last year, is again a candidate, while Ovid Ladue, a socialist, is also on the ticket.

The campaign of Mr. Temple, however, and the outcome of his rugged denunciation of the present administration from the tailboard of his cart, drawn by a couple of steers, has injected more life into the election than Marlboro has seen for many years, while in addition there is also the license question to be decided again, the city having been "dry" the past six months for the first time in 17 years.

Three-Cornered Campaign To Be Decided in Brockton

BROCKTON, Mass.—More than 50 automobiles are in use in the Brockton election today. An especially strong effort is made by the no-license people to continue the city in the "no" column. The contest for mayor is a three-cornered one between C. Chester Eaton, Republican; William H. Clifford, Democrat and Independent, and Daniel A. White, Socialist.

Mr. Clifford has run for mayor on three previous occasions, once coming within a dozen votes of election. In that instance he was a Socialist candidate. Mr. Eaton, the Republican candidate, is one of the young Brockton shoe manufacturers, has

served as an alderman and on the school committee, and his friends are confident of electing him.

It is well recognized, however, that the possibilities of a walkover for any candidate are small.

Small Stir in Gloucester Over-Municipal Election

GLOUCESTER, Mass.—Interest in the city election today is at a low ebb. Mayor Henry H. Parsons is a candidate for a third term with ex-Mayor George F. McDonald his only opponent, while neither of the candidates assumed political designation.

There is some concern over the outcome of the vote on the liquor question, the city having changed last year from wet to dry. The license campaign, however, was conducted on advertising lines.

Pittsfield Has Contest Over Public Works Board

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—The future of the board of public works is the principal issue in the city election here today. Mayor William H. MacInnes, Democratic candidate for reelection, advocates the placing of public work in the hands of a commission, while his Republican opponent, ex-Mayor Harry D. Sisson, favors a new city charter and abolition of the board. There has been no campaign against license.

Springfield Mayor Tries for Fourth Term in Office

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—As very little effort was made during the campaign to arouse interest, the election today is the quietest for many years. Mayor William F. Sanderson, Republican, is a candidate for a fourth term, and is again opposed by Edward H. Lathrop, Democrat, who was defeated last fall.

Effort to Keep Fall River in the No-License Column

FALL RIVER, Mass.—Interest in today's election centers upon the outcome of the vote on the liquor question, great effort having been made to keep the city in the dry column for another year. That will be the only reason for bringing out a large vote, as there is no

noticeable contest for the aldermanic positions nor for positions on the school committee. Biennial elections are held here for mayor and this is an "off" year.

Election Today Follows Active Fitchburg Contest

FITCHBURG, Mass.—The city election today follows one of the most active campaigns for many years. Mayor M. Fred O'Connell, Independent, is seeking a second term and is strongly opposed by Gardner K. Hudson, Citizen, who was defeated last year by a close vote. The liquor question is also prominent, with the no-license advocates seeking to turn the city to the dry column.

New Bedford Candidate in Sixteenth Campaign

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—The efforts of the no-license advocates to keep New Bedford in the "dry" column constitute the chief interest in the municipal election here today.

The fair weather brought out an early vote and the contest between the two former mayors, Charles S. Ashley and Thomas Thompson, for the mayoralty was largely responsible for increasing the size of the vote. This is Mr. Ashley's sixteenth campaign and he has been mayor 13 times.

Waltham Expects Largest Vote in the City's History

WALTHAM, Mass.—This city will cast the largest vote in the history of its municipal elections this year, according to indications today. Mayor Edward A. Walker, candidate of the Republican party, is seeking reelection for his third term. Patrick J. Duane, candidate of the Democratic and Citizens party, who served four years as representative from Waltham, is also a candidate for mayor. It is expected that Mayor Walker will win by a good plurality.

The temperance advocates are practically sure of no-license, as their vote for a number of years has been marked by a steady increase.

Among the aldermanic contests those exciting most interest are in wards 1 and 2. In ward 1 two Democrats, Patrick J. Dowd and Edward J. Kelley, are opposed to the Republican candidates, Charles N. Doddridge and William R. Melkie. In

WELLESLEY CLASS GIVES A COLONIAL DRAMA WITH SKILL

"Mice and Men" Presented by Juniors, Who Take Varied Roles With Ability That Sets Off Characters.

ATHLETES CHOSEN

WELLESLEY, Mass.—The colonial drama "Mice and Men" by Madeline Riley, was well presented by the junior class of Wellesley College in the "Barn" Monday, considerable skill being shown by all the participants.

The leading character of Peggy, the adopted ward of the stern philosopher who is training up a girl for his wife, was taken by Miss Imogene Kelly cleverly. Mark Embury, the philosopher, was an excellent contrast to the other characters and was interpreted with dignity by F. Eleanor Vliet.

The committee in charge consisted of Miss Hazel Hunnewell, chairman; Dora Bogue, Ruth Evans, Dorothy Hill and Marion Jewett.

Those in the cast were: F. Eleanor Vliet, Helen Paul, Maria Wood, Mary L. Hewitt, Mary Welles, Eula G. Ferguson, Gladys E. Best, Katharine Parsons, Imogene Kelly, Elizabeth P. Longacre, Dorothy Mills, Harriet L. Stryker. The athletic association of Wellesley College announces today the names of the young women who will lead the various athletic sports next spring. They are: Field hockey, Miss Gertrude R. Rugg, Worcester; archery, Miss Mildred M. Wilson, Pawtucket; golf, Miss Marjorie Moore, Oak Park, Ill.; basketball, Miss Dorothy Clark, Newark, N. J.; running, Miss Lucile I. Kroger, Cincinnati; tennis, Miss S. Agnes Roche, East Orange, N. J.

All the leaders have been prominent in outdoor athletics for two years, having won "W's" for excellence in the field-day championship events.

RICH MAN WORKS ON OIL STEAMER

Henry W. Ohlandt Arrives at Honolulu to Study Shipping and Plantation Conditions in Hawaii.

HONOLULU.—Traveling incognito, there is, as a member of the crew aboard the Union Oil Company's steamship Santa Rita, which arrived here recently a young millionaire who is making a trip to Hawaii with a view to studying conditions from a commercial standpoint and, incidentally, to get better acquainted with shipping interests of which some day he may be manager.

Henry W. Ohlandt is the name of the young man. He is charmed with Hawaii generally and particularly delighted with the spirit of the people, declaring that there seems to be that in the atmosphere here which strongly makes for success in whatever is undertaken with any degree of sincerity, in that the people seem to work together for the good of the town and all have apparently such a love of the land they live in that "helps some" when it comes to promotion and progress.

At the Railway Terminals

The Pullman private car Commonwealth occupied by Mrs. Louis Cabot and party will be attached to the New Haven road's Federal express this evening en route from Boston to Aiken, N. C. The Twentieth Century limited on the Boston & Albany road made up 53 minutes yesterday with seven cars, arriving at South station on time.

General Superintendent Lee of the Boston & Maine road left North station early today in his private car for an inspection trip over the Hoosac tunnel route.

The railway mail service at both North and South stations is the heaviest on record for this time of year, baggage cars being forced into service for storage mail on all through trains.

TRYING TO RAISE BIBLE FUND.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Rev. Walter Scott Elliott of Pekin, China, representing the eastern agency of the American Bible Society, has come to Worcester in the interest of a large mass meeting to aid in raising at least \$100,000 for the big Bible fund for the Far East. A meeting at Trinity church for Thursday evening has been planned at which Dr. John C. Berry will preside and the purpose of the fund will be explained and a plan set in motion to raise part of it in this city.

MUSEUM SECURES TWO HOGARTHS.

WORCESTER, Mass.—The directors of the Worcester Art Museum have announced the purchase of two portraits by William Hogarth, the great English artist.

ICE CREAM MAKERS CONVE.

CINCINNATI, O.—The National Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers, represented by over 2000 makers and dealers, is meeting here today in annual convention.

WORCESTER TECH WIRELESS.

WORCESTER, Mass.—The Worcester Polytechnic Institute Wireless Association has completed its new wireless station and messages are being received.

REAL ESTATE NEWS

Judging from present indications the year 1900 will be a record-breaker in the total value of mortgages filed at the Suffolk registry of deeds. Money for "gilt-edged" first mortgages is now procurable at decidedly reasonable rates. Last week a mortgage of \$250,000 was placed on a Washington street property, near Summer street, at 3 1/2 per cent interest, it is said. A 4 per cent rate is being commonly charged.

The following table gives in detail business transacted last week as shown by the files at the registry.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
No. transfers.....	498	515	573
No. mortgages.....	243	272	351
Value mortgages.....	\$1,342,569	1,025,236	808,127

BACK BAY ESTATE SOLD.

A valuable Back Bay property that has just changed hands is that at 115 Mountfort street, the title to which has passed from Otis E. Bowen to Charles J. Johnson. There is a three-story well-fronted brick house and 2817 square feet of land, the whole taxed on a valuation of \$16,500. The land's share is \$5000.

TRANSACTION IN SOUTH END.

In the South End Anna E. Foster has purchased from Samuel Dana and others the property at 208 West Springfield street, comprising a four-story and basement brick house and 1740 square feet of land. The assessors' rating on the whole is \$6400.

ROXBURY-DORCHESTER.

Robert T. Fowler has sold his new single house at 12 Danville street, West Roxbury, to Marie and Marie L. Soderstrom of Beaumont. It is understood the purchase price was in the neighborhood of \$6000, and the new owners buy for occupancy.

A new frame house with 3900 square feet of land in Browning avenue, near Bernard street, Dorchester, has been purchased by Helen Carter et al. Thomas E. Folger was the grantor, and the title came through William N. Swain. The total rating is \$5000.

CHARLESTOWN PROPERTY.

The property numbered 11 to 13 Belmont street, running through to 6 and 8 Sackville street, Charlestown, has

passed to Annie Price. The title was given by Louis Brande. There are several frame houses near Bunker Hill street, with 5395 square feet of land. The total taxed value is \$8700, \$3200 of which is on the land.

DIZER HOMESTEAD SOLD.

The Chapin farm agency has sold for Mrs. M. C. Dizer of Brookline, administratrix of the estate of M. C. Dizer, the well known Weymouth manufacturer, the old Dizer homestead situated on Broad street, Weymouth. The extensive grounds contain a wealth of rare ornamental trees, shrubs and flowering plants, with fruit and berries in variety and a fish pond stocked with trout and containing an ornamental fountain, spanned by rustic bridges. The buildings comprise a substantial imposing two-story mansion containing all modern conveniences, a large and commodious stable and cow barn with outbuildings. The estate was sold to Robert S. Hoffman of Boston, who has already taken possession. The price paid is not made public, but the property is assessed for \$12,100. This is one of the most important sales made in Weymouth for a long time.

LYNN AND VICINITY.

An important real estate deal just made in Lynn is the purchase by Ernest L. Noera of Saugus of the new Oxford Hotel property in Oxford street. He will occupy the street floor for business purposes.

P. McLaughlin has purchased the remaining 7129 square feet of the E. H. Ashcroft estate, near the common, and has arranged for the immediate erection of three tenement buildings. The property has been in the Ashcroft family for more than a generation.

The largest deal put through in Lynnfield for years has made H. P. Foster owner of 10,000 square feet of land in Grove street, formerly owned by A. D. Upton. It adjoins the new chemical house property. Mr. Foster is to erect a block of goodly proportions to contain stores on the street floor.

The total number of new buildings in Lynn this year thus far is 419, as compared with 299 last year, an increase of about 33 per cent.

HARVARD DRAMATIC CLUB WILL ACT IN THE "SCARECROW"

Percy Mackaye's Adaptation of Hawthorne's Legend to Be Put on Stage Tonight by Amateur Players.

CAST IS SELECTED

The Harvard Dramatic Club will give the first public performance of Percy Mackaye's four-act play, "The Scarecrow," in Brattle hall, Cambridge, tonight at 8 o'clock. The play is based on Nathaniel Hawthorne's "Feathertop: A Moralized Legend."

The cast is especially capable, as the women in the company are amateur players of long experience in Cambridge, and the male characters were selected by competition from 110 members of the university.

The music for the play was written by J. D. Adams '10 and C. D. Clifton '12, leader of the Pierian Orchestra of Harvard. The play was rehearsed under the direction of the author and G. H. Trader, late of Maude Adams' company.

The cast is as follows:
Justice Merton.....E. C. Layman '10
Goody Rickby.....Mrs. G. H. Papayan
Lord Ravensbane.....J. C. Savery '11
Dickon.....T. M. Kiplman '13
Rachel.....Miss Marion Gregg
Miss Merton.....Miss Dorothy Kendall
Richard Talbot.....P. Snedeker '11
Sir Charles Reddington.....E. A. Bemis '11
Miss Reddington.....Miss Mary How
Amelia Reddington.....

Miss Gertrude Jameson
Captain Buggy.....R. C. Benchley '12
Minister Dodge.....H. C. Simon '10
Miss Reddington.....Miss Hermine Folske
Rev. Master Rand.....F. H. Hall '10
Rev. Master Todd.....T. S. Kenyon '11
Micha.....S. A. Eliot '12

HARVARD SENIORS TO ELECT MONDAY

List of Nominees for Class Offices, Excepting Secretary, Is Announced Today at Cambridge Institution.

The Harvard senior class nominees, from which will be chosen the class officers at the class election Dec. 13, are announced today. All officers will be chosen on that day except the class secretary, who will be elected Dec. 17.

The candidates for first, second and third marshals are E. C. Bacon, R. C. Brown, H. Fish, Jr., G. P. Gardner, Jr., C. L. Lanigan and S. A. Sargent.

The other nominations are as follows:
For treasurer, R. L. Grove, W. B. Parsons and P. Wyman; secretary, C. C. Little and J. E. Thayer; class committee, G. G. Browne, S. T. Hicks, L. C. Seaverns and J. E. Waid; orator, T. S. Eliot and R. MacVeagh; chorister, J. W. Adams, F. L. Foster, W. S. Langshaw and T. Lynes; poet, E. E. Hunt and A. Seeger; ivy orator, J. S. Reed and G. W. Martin; orator, T. M. Gregory, G. L. Harding and W. R. Ohler; class day committee, W. K. Earle, F. P. Ferguson, W. P. Fuller, S. Galatti, R. C. Halliwell, R. Haydock, F. D. Houston, L. M. Little, E. V. Long, C. Loring, E. K. Merrihew, F. V. Morgan, F. M. de Selding, G. F. Waterbury and L. Watson; photograph committee, F. H. Burrage, P. W. Carter, G. S. Deming, G. W. Halliwell, H. Hooper, R. H. Hutchinson, W. O. Kenney, P. R. Lieder and E. H. Ruch.

PLAN FREE DINNER FOR CONCORD, N. H.

CONCORD, N. H.—The Salvation Army has begun collecting funds for the annual free Christmas dinner for the needy.

There will be a special meeting of the trustees of the Odd Fellows home held at the institution in this city tomorrow. The Daughters of Veterans sewing circle will meet with Mrs. Lilla A. Osgood, 9 Thompson street this evening. The executive committee of the Universalist state convention held a meeting for the transaction of routine business at the local Universalist church Monday.

Company C of the first regiment, N. H. N. G. has arranged for its annual concert and ball. The event will be held this year, Dec. 31, in the armory.

LECTURE COURSE FUND ANNOUNCED

PHILADELPHIA.—To get distinguished scholars and speakers to deliver a series of lectures before the students of the University of Pennsylvania, the appropriation of \$4000 by the George Leib Harrison foundation was announced by the trustees of the institution recently.

It is planned to have each speaker deliver six or more lectures in the winter. The subjects to be based on the classical languages, English, history, economics and politics, philosophy, pedagogy, physics and zoology.

PICTURE GIVEN TO OXFORD.

OXFORD, Mass.—The public library has received from Mrs. Caroline W. Leavens of Torrington, Conn., mother of former Gov. George L. Lilley, an enlarged picture of her son, who was born in Oxford.

What Other Editors Are Saying

RECENT editorials in the press of America touch on the decision of President Taft in favor of the fortification of Pearl Harbor as a great naval base for the United States in the Pacific ocean. Views of leading editors are here given in concise form:

NEW YORK SUN—Army and navy men concur in the view that Pearl Harbor is invaluable as the site of a naval base in the Pacific. The manifest duty of Congress is to spare no expense in making Pearl Harbor the impregnable naval base that the destiny of the United States requires it to be.

PHILADELPHIA RECORD—The establishment of a great naval base at Pearl Harbor would be in line with a wise policy of concentration for defense. The Hawaiian group may with good right be called the "Key of the Pacific."

WASHINGTON STAR—The President's decision has finally been rendered in favor of the more central position, on the ground that from the Hawaiian base the navy can be maintained for purposes of mainland defense as well as insular protection. This conclusion having fully been reached it should be the policy of the government to proceed vigorously with the development of Pearl Harbor as the most perfectly equipped and securely fortified naval base in the world.

BALTIMORE AMERICAN—The creating of a great base at Pearl Harbor may be looked upon as presaging the full recognition of the naval needs of the Pacific, and that in the course of the next few years that body of water will have permanently located upon it a fleet as large as the one that passed through the Pacific on its world tour.

PITTSBURGH DISPATCH—A strong naval base at Pearl Harbor will be of immense strategic value both in the defense

of the Pacific coast and the Philippines themselves.

CINCINNATI ENQUIRER—The selection of Pearl Harbor as our principal naval base in the Pacific is a wise one, and President Taft's action will be approved by not only the military and naval experts, but by the entire population of the United States.

CLEVELAND PLAIN DEALER—One has but to glance at a map to understand the advantages of Pearl Harbor as a naval base. It is located as a natural outpost. Now that it has been decided to fortify the Panama canal, Pearl Harbor is well located to guard its Pacific approach.

OMAHA BEE—Maintenance of Olongapo as a Philippine repair station and development of a great naval base at Pearl Harbor should enable us to look after our interests in the Pacific to the best possible advantage, and Congress may be depended on to take the necessary steps to make Pearl Harbor the haven of the Pacific fleet.

PLAY CONGRESS DUE NEXT JUNE

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—The fourth annual play congress of the Playground Association of America will be held here June 7-11, 1910.

Each year the congress has brought together a group of distinguished citizens.

Last May 45 municipalities sent either the mayor or his personal representative to attend the congress, which was held in Pittsburgh.

LOS ANGELES OFFERS GUEST WIDE CHOICE OF PLEASURES

Spring, Summer and Winter Delights May All Be Had Within the Range of a Few Miles—Flowers Are Now Abloom in the City Parks.



WEST LAKE PARK, LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Thanksgiving Day in southern California is observed in a variety of ways, and the eastern tourist looks about him to choose something a little different from the old-fashioned method of celebrating the day. Many climb the mountains about Los Angeles, where there is a touch of winter in the environment. There coasting and snowball frolic may be indulged in to the heart's content.

Probably no other section of the globe is so favorable to outdoor sports late in the season as southern California. For the hunter the foothills about Los Angeles abound in quail; in the marshes along the seashore ducks are plentiful, while a boat ride of 25

miles out on the Pacific ocean to Santa Catalina island, takes the nimrod to preserves for goat shooting. At Catalina game fishing is a popular sport in November with both men and women.

Seeing winter, spring and summer all in one day is a novelty that appeals to many, and from snow-crowned Mt. Lowe through many miles of groves of ripening fruit, redolent at the same time with blossoms, the newcomer is lured by spice of contrast to the sunny beaches for the pleasures of the surf.

Los Angeles parks are now in their most attractive dress, for the first winter rains have washed vegetation free from dust and the flowers are blooming most beautifully.

PLAN BIG DINNER FOR JACKSON DAY

SAN FRANCISCO—Jackson day is to be celebrated on Jan. 8 by a conference of Democrats of the state, probably in Lyric hall, in Larkin street. Details of the celebration are in the hands of James D. Phelan, Theodore Bell and John F. Murray. The latter, as secretary of the state central committee, will practically have charge of the affair.

In the evening there is to be a banquet in the big dining-room of the Hotel Argonaut. Covers will be laid for 500.

NEW EXTENSIONS BY WESTERN LINE

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Traffic Manager Alberger of the Tonopah & Tidewater railway announces that the road will build extensions connecting Los Angeles and Salt Lake City, opening up a new territory.

This new line will extend from Ely, Nev., to Salt Lake City, 275 miles. The incorporators are L. W. Ayers of Oakland, and C. W. Seefeldt, J. S. Sterling and H. G. Fritz of New York.

HARVARD WILL HEAR AN EMINENT FRENCH SAVANT TOMORROW

Camille Enlart, Director of the Trocadero Museum at Paris, Is to Discuss Flamboyant Architecture.

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

Camille Enlart, director of the Trocadero Museum of Comparative Sculpture at Paris, will give an illustrated lecture in the Fogg lecture room of Harvard University tomorrow at 5 o'clock p. m.

This lecture is open to the public. It is given under the auspices of the Cercle Francaise and promises to be one of the most interesting of the year, as M. Enlart's views on the origin of the flamboyant style are novel. His subject will be: "The English Origin of the Flamboyant Style of Gothic Architecture in France."

The first of a series of five lectures on "Political Engineering" by James M. MacKaye, '05, of Harvard was given at the university Monday afternoon. His subject was "The True Criterion of Right."

He explained that in the field of industry and mechanics, our civilization is in keeping with our idea of the twentieth century, because exact methods of investigation have been applied. In the field of ethics, however, our civilization is distinctly medieval, inasmuch as our moral codes are based upon personal intuition and not upon exact research. Mr. MacKaye believes that if these principles are applied to our code of morals, it will be as easy to obtain happiness as to manufacture the most common product.

CONCERN TO HAVE NEW PAPER MILL

WORCESTER, Mass.—The Cupper Brothers Company of New York, manufacturer of embossed paper, one of the largest concerns of its kind in the country, will establish a big plant in this city, according to a communication received by the secretary of the Worcester Board of Trade. The New York concern expects to expend over \$100,000 for a concrete building on a site where suitable railroad facilities can be had.

The material now used by the company is purchased in the paper mills of Massachusetts and sent to the mills of the company and prepared for the market, and it is the intention of the company to reduce the cost of manufacturing the product by getting closer to the raw material market.

WORCESTER TAXICABS BUSY.

WORCESTER, Mass.—The directors of the Worcester Taxicab Service Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. In the first seven months ending Oct. 31 the company carried 13,615 passengers.

*This is Not the
Rug Season
So we are fortunate*

in getting a few sales of thick, heavy, silky Kazak Rugs in very generous sizes which we offer at \$25, \$32.50 and \$37.50 that would usually sell at \$50.

Come in and see them and get a bargain.

W. M. Hatch & Co.
43-45 Summer Street

"THE CROWN HAS IT"
(Xmas is coming)

When you pack your traveling bag include a package of

Bathodora

the ideal water softener that keeps your clean and sweet on the way.

Sold Everywhere.

Generous sample, perfumed calendar and "Fashion Book of Perfumes" (full of Xmas suggestions) sent for 10 cts. (postage).

Write Dept. X today.

Crown Perfumery Co. of London.
30 East 20th St., New York.

If It's at Morse's It's Correct.
If It's Correct It's at Morse's.

ALWAYS
Good overcoats, suits, hats and shoes for men and boys at this modern fashion shop.

Give Useful Gifts

Don't spend your money on things that have no lasting worth—that are soon gone and forgotten. Buy HIM things he can use—some articles of wearing apparel such as gloves, neckwear, suspenders, shirts, hosiery, handkerchiefs, sweaters, slippers, shoes, boots, cap, hat, suit, overcoat, raincoat or fur overcoat. Supply needs—satisfy wants—There can be no better way of giving. Our store full of splendid gift things for man or boy.

Adams Square

Christmas Numbers W.B. Clarke Co. English Magazines 26 & 28 Tremont St.
Finely Bound Books W.B. Clarke Co. FOR GIFTS 26 & 28 Tremont St.
Individual Christ. W.B. Clarke Co. mass and New Year Cards to Order. 26 & 28 Tremont St.

Notes Britain's Satisfactory Attitude on Fisheries Question, the Trade Incentive of Changed Conditions in the Near East and General Trend Toward Peace.

At the Hague conference recently held at The Hague adopted a convention for the arbitration of an international prize court upon the basis of the principles of the law of nations. The delegates of the United States, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, and the Netherlands were observed by the tribunal in the prize cases was, however, left in an open question. Article 7 of the convention provided that the court was to be governed by the principles of treaty law, and the arbitrators were to be chosen from the belligerents, but that "in the absence of such provisions the court shall apply the principles of international law as they are generally recognized where no law is recognized in accordance with the general principles of international law." However, many questions in international maritime law are understood differently and have different interpretations in various countries, it was deemed advisable not to attempt to give arbitrators powers to the proposed court, but to determine whether the law properly applicable in a conference of the kind was to be determined by the President of an invitation of Great Britain. The conference was held at London from Dec. 2, 1907, to Dec. 26, 1907. Twenty-two powers participated: The United States, Austria-Hungary, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Prussia, Russia and Spain. The conference

WILLIAM HO

department, and the department by giving immunity and other in securing conviction of the guilty message.

The Pan-American policy of this government has long been fixed in its principles and its aims. It is to promote peace and friendship among the peoples of the Americas, and to communicate their peoples and their interests. It is to promote peace and mutual dependence, as well as the economic and social development of the continent, and to remove the causes of friction. The resultant situation inevitably imposes upon this government the duty of maintaining peace and order in its administration, through the department of state and the foreign service, in lending aid to the peoples of the Americas, and in the protection of American enterprises in foreign countries. The degree of such support being determined by the nature of the situation and the interests of the United States. A citizen himself cannot by force of contract or otherwise divest himself of the right to demand of his government the protection of his person and his property, and the government is not unjustly obliged to grant such protection to a citizen engaged in a foreign country. It is not the duty of the government to encourage or support in a particular country, the government should give full consideration to the individual benefits to accrue, but not to the fact whether or not the government of that country is in a position to administer and in its diplomacy faithful to the principles of moderation, equity and justice. It is the duty of the government to secure a just result in diplomacy, as well as in the administration of its foreign policy.

Beside the fundamental doctrines of our Pan-American policy there have grown up a realization of political interests, community of institutions and ideals, and a flourishing commerce. All these bonds will be greatly strengthened as time goes on and increased facilities, such as the great bank soon to be established in Latin America, supply the means for building up the colonial and intercontinental commerce of the future.

My meeting with President Diaz and the interesting exchanged on both American and Mexican soil served, I hope, to signalize

justice as proposed, might
prove an embarrassment
to parties.—From President's

There had been two abortive attempts to bring about a settlement of the case. The first had been a conference in London, which failed through lack of official commitment. Now, happily, as the result of the efforts of the United States and of Chile, the sincere desire to free from the case the two governments, and the fact that as upon which both set such store, have been agreed by a protocol to submit the controversy to the arbitration of His Britannic Majesty, Edward VII.

Since the Washington conventions of 1897 and 1901, the United States has been in the habit of consulting with the United States as a consulting and advisory body. This government has been anxious to settle the case with Chile, and in turn by all the five other American republics, to exert their influence for the maintenance of the comity of nations. Very early every complaint has been against the United States, and the United States has kept Central America in constant trouble, or in turmoil. The responses made to the complaints have been in the nature of promises, as due from the United States on account of its relation to the Washington conventions, and the United States has lived and have avoided, so far as possible, the semblance of interference, although it has been in the proximity of the case, and in geographic proximity to the Canal Zone.

order of President Zelaya himself. They were officers in the organized forces of a government which had been recognized by the United States and which had been in control of about half of the republic, and as such, according to the modern enlightened practise of civilized nations, they were entitled to be dealt with as prisoners of war.

At the date when this message is printed the government has terminated diplomatic relations with the United States, and has announced public in a communication to the former Nicaraguan charge d'affaires, and to the United States Legation in Managua, that such future acts of violence may be found most consistent with its dignity, its duty to American interests and its moral obligations to Central America.

It is for these reasons that I have now written for me to bring this subject to the attention of the Congress in a special message.

International Bureau of American

After months of negotiation the full participation of Americans seems assured. It is gratifying that Americans will take equal part in this campaign, thus clearing the way and adding to believe that such activities will give real impetus to our commerce and will have a practical corollary to our historic policy of Fair Trade.

The Imperial Chinese government in pursuance of its decision to devote funds from a portion of the indemnity remitted by the United States to the sending of students to this country has already completed management having for its purpose a considerable body of students have decided to take up their work in our schools

DEPARTMENT OF STATE—Reorganization of Diplomatic and Consular Service Urged—Tariff Board.

Most earnestly and with the favorable opinion of Congress the estimates submitted by the department of state, and the tariff board, in their joint report, the secretary of state's letter of this date, already it will be possible to develop and carry out a plan of reorganization of the department upon modern lines in a manner to make it a thoroughly efficient instrument for the promotion of the interests of and of American interests abroad. The plan to have divisions of Latin American and of American interests abroad, to have a certain specialization in business and in Europe and the near East will at the same time feel the new political and political divisions and the detail from the economic or consular service. To the study of complicated problems in different parts of the world, which has been recently gained on the spot, clearly is the greatest advantage to the secretary of state, and in conducting the great variety of correspondence and negotiation. It is not in the foreign offices of all the lead-

Congressional Investigation of the Sugar Cases Is Discouraged During the Prosecutions on the Frank Admission That Immunity Might Block Convictions.

There is thus in some of all described the important transactions of the state department since the beginning of this administration on either by statute or custom for a final report by the secretary of state to the president, and that the transmission of this message is the only means by which the condition of our foreign relations is brought to the attention of Congress and the public.

I am dealing with the affairs of the other great departments, and I shall touch only those matters that seem to me to call for special action on my part without minimizing in any way the recommendations made by them for legislation affecting their respective departments, in all of which I wish to express my general concurrence.

[illegible]

I regret to refer to the fact of the discovery of extensive frauds in the collection of the customs revenue at New York city, in which a number of the subordinate employees in the weighing and other departments were directly concerned, and in which the beneficiaries were the American Sugar Refining Company and others. The frauds consisted in the use of duty on underweights of sugar. The government has recovered from the American Sugar Refining Company all that it is entitled to, and the proceeds of the sum was received in full of the duty which might have been recovered by civil suit against the beneficiary of the fraud, and the government has an express reservation in the contract of the company that the settlement should not interfere with or

Today's News in the World of Music, Art and the Theater

News of the Playhouses

In the Realms of Music

NEW YORK ART LETTER

BOSTON THEATERS.

Deborah.—Maxine Elliott appeared at the performance on any stage of "Deborah" Monday evening in four acts by Mrs. Henry de la Pasture. The cast:

Maxine Elliott, Mrs. Arthur Whitby, Jimmy, Gen. Sir Arthur D'Alton, O. B. Clarence, Deborah Neville, Miss Maxine Elliott, Lord Kingsford, Miss Arthur Whitby, Lady Kingsford, Miss C. Saumarez, Mrs. Milson, Miss Suzanne Perry, Lord Halsbury, Thomas Holding, Benjamin Correll, Donald Callaghan, Oscar, Frederick Meads, Lillian, Miss Muriel Godfrey Turner, Violet, Miss Rene Kelley, Hon. Joe Delafon, Thomas A. Braidon, Servant, Ernest James Butler, Frederick Lane.

Deborah is a simple English country girl of 27 living on the farm in Devonshire left her by her father, caring for the stock and the crops during the week and reading "The Pilgrim's Progress," Tennyson, and Fox's "Book of Martyrs of a Sunday." One day she meets Gen. Sir Arthur D'Alton, a widower, and a most undesirable person, who many years before, had befriended the girl's father in a financial way.

After a few meetings the girl mistakes the dubious sentimental expressions of the Sir Arthur for a genuine affection. He is an ideal person in her eyes and she likens herself to Elaine in the Idylls of the King in her admiration for the old warrior. Almost unawares, Sir Arthur finds himself promised in marriage to the girl, but is soon reconciled on learning that she had a considerable fortune.

The rest of the play takes place in London and shows the disillusioning of the simple country girl. She is thrown in with her husband's shallow and heartless children, and what is worse, discovers the perfidy of Sir Arthur. To add to her agitation she begins to have a genuine affection for Lord Halsbury, a worthy country gentleman whose fondness for life in the country makes him doubly interesting to Deborah. The dilemma is solved by the taking off of Sir Arthur, and Deborah presumably is free to wed Lord Halsbury.

The trouble with all this is that the audience has little sympathy with Deborah. Her willingness to marry the unworthy old man is not convincingly accounted for. Audiences at a play are poetic justice personified. They will always sympathize with innocence in distress, but that a girl could be so undiscerning and ignorant of the world as to marry Sir Arthur is incredible. The effect is to leave the audience cold. They settle back to watch an amusing stage play.

The construction cannot be highly praised. It is narrative rather than dramatic in form. The action proceeds in an aimless sort of way, and the curtain of the third act depends upon a situation that is pointless. Apart from the unpalatable proposition upon which the play is based it has several fine qualities, notably its satire on smart London society and its excellent character drawing. Sir Arthur is etched by an artist's hand, and as played by O. B. Clarence is the most interesting and amusing person in the play.

Miss Elliott is scarcely at her best in an emotional role. She is a comedienne of very positive powers and in such scenes as the wooing in the cottage in the second act she was completely successful. In the later scenes her emotions were tinged too much with self pity to be admirable. However true self pity is to life it is an emotion that audiences can not abide in their heroines. They prefer to do the pitying themselves. Her costumes were in exquisite taste, and always in perfect harmony with the splendid stage settings.

Miss Elliott has surrounded herself with an unusually fine company, most of whom are English players. Fops, spendthrifts, dilettantes and silly women, all were presented to the life. Especially striking, beside the superb performance of Mr. Clarence, above mentioned, was that of Miss Rene Kelley as Sir Arthur's daughter Violet, a shallow little minx, with most mischievous theories about marriage and the motives of men and women generally.

There were several galls and much applause for the star and her players. At the close of the third act Miss Elliott lead Mrs. de la Pasture forward. She is a most graceful and dignified lady, and she made a pretty little speech thanking the audience for its friendliness.

"The Taming of the Shrew." Monday evening at the Castle Square Shakespeare's hilarious comedy, "The Taming of the Shrew," was presented to a delighted audience by John Craig and his talented company.

From the time the tipsy tinker, Christopher Sly, ambled on the scene in a totally irresponsible condition, to the closing scene, where the one-time shrew meekly, and with alacrity, obeys the behests of her liege lord, the play is a tale of mirth.

John Craig as the courtly wooer, unafraid, who wins an untamed bride and woos her after marriage to such purpose, gave to the part his usual clever interpretation, making a determined, a fiery, an ardent, or a wild and extravagant Petruchio, that Shakespeare himself would have admired.

The stormy, suspicious and self-willed Katherine, the shrew, was played by Mary Young with great feeling and power. Her impersonation of the im-

perious Katherine was another revelation of her versatile talents, and even her facial expression faithfully limned the portrait of a headstrong and spoiled beauty.

Of the other members of the cast, Wilfred Young, as Lucentio, Bianca's handsome and dashing lover, was most pleasing. Donald Meek, as Grumio, the much abused and long suffering serving man of Petruchio, was as mirth-provoking as usual. Theodore Friebus was his usual handsome and courtly self, while George Hassel as Gremio, an elderly gallant, added much to the general hilarity.

American Music Hall.

Julian Eltinge, known all over the country for his feminine impersonations, is one of the particular features of this week's very excellent bill at American Music Hall. He presented something new in the Cobra dance, which was full of grace and decidedly pleasing to watch. The "Nell Brinkley Girl," the "Bathing Girl" and "Elly Riley" have been imitated by him before, but they never failed to draw warm applause. A touch of real grand opera was lent by the Kohler trio, which sang well-known selections from the most popular operas.

Joe Welch is making his last appearance in vaudeville, according to the program, but it is hard to conceive how he is to be dispensed with. Blake's pony circus, including the original "Hee-Haw" Maud, was shown much appreciation. Staley and Birbeck, musical blacksmiths, were most picturesque and tuneful. George W. Day, burnt cork artist, "The Travesty Stars," the Devoit trio of novelty gymnasts and the Cardovine sisters, dancers, completed a good bill.

Keith's.

The bill at Keith's this week presents many real headlines, but it would be a hard task to nominate the one which should lead the list. The Monday evening evening rather indicated a division of this honor between Bobby North, the exceedingly clever Hebrew comedian, and Carter DeLaven, the very clever song and dance artist.

"The Village Choir," a quartet of unusual voices for vaudeville, laid claim to a goodly portion of the popularity in their songs billed as "songs of yesterday, today and forever."

Miss Eleanor Gordon, a Boston favorite, had a clever skit called "Tips on Tap." Gus Edwards' school days comedy renewed the success it had when played here a few months ago.

The Nichols sisters pleased, and Apple's circus includes a surprising variety of well trained members. "The Mischiefed Baby," one of the moving picture numbers, fairly rivaled the other leading numbers in humorous interest.

Plays that Held Over.

Miss Hattie Williams has shown her Boston friends that she can be as successful in straight comedy as she was in musical pieces. She began her final week Monday evening at the Hollis in her ingenious and amusing play, "Detective Sparks."

Max Rogers entered upon his final week at the Colonial Monday night in his amusing musical play, "The Young Turk." The piece has served to introduce him as a star of undoubted popularity. Miss Maud Raymond shares the honors of the evening with her imitable singing of rag time.

Thomas E. Wise and Douglas Fairbanks have been at the Park since the middle of September without interruption in that most wholesome and amusing comedy of politics and sentiment, "A Gentleman from Mississippi." Other bookings at this playhouse make it impossible for the play to stay after this week.

Miss Elsie Ferguson has endeavored herself to Boston playgoers in her short first visit here as a star. Monday evening she entered upon her final week at the Tremont in "Such a Little Queen." The play, a sort of up-to-date fairy tale of a queen exiled to Harlem, is charming and wholesome.

Glyde Fitch's "The City" has entered upon its closing week at the Globe. The play has been constructed with all the mastery, craft of the author and succeeds in rousing considerable discussion. The acting is superb—there can be but one opinion about that.

Holman Day's quaint Maine characters have at last reached the stage in "The Circus Man," which is now playing at the Boston. The principal role of Hime Look, a retired circus owner, gives Macklyn Arbuckle another humorous and lovable character.

Playhouse Notes.

The John Craig Company will appear next week in the comedy, "The Man with a Past."

At the Colonial theater next week will be a new American comic opera in three acts and a pantomime prologue, "Miss Molly May," the music by Julian Edwards and the book and lyrics by Walter Browne.

Miss Fannie Ward comes with a new play, called "Van Allen's Wife," to the

Park theater next Monday. H. Reeves Smith heads the supporting company. A spectacular musical offering called "The Jolly Bachelors" is announced for next week at the Globe.

Miss Maxine Elliott is curious to know how many women there are in Boston and vicinity who rejoice in the musical old-fashioned name of Deborah. Tomorrow will be Deborah matinee, and all Deborahs are invited to present their cards at the boxoffice and become Miss Elliott's guests at the play.

Miss Chamberlain's Recital.

Miss Grace Hilton Chamberlain gave a well attended recital of original monologues at Chickering hall Saturday afternoon. Miss Chamberlain is refreshingly individual in her platform methods and delightfully original in the subjects of her numbers. Perhaps the most entertaining bit was an eccentric lecture on birds which brought in bird notes and imitations in most amusing manner.

Denman Thompson Coming to Keith's.

Denman Thompson, known all over the country for his lovable impersonation of Josh Whitcomb in "The Old Homestead," has arranged to play seven weeks in vaudeville, beginning at Keith's, Boston, Jan. 3. Mr. Thompson will appear in a 20-minute sketch called "Joshua Whitcomb."

New Shubert Theater Opens Jan. 17.

The new Shubert theater, now building on Tremont street, opposite the head of Hollis, is rapidly nearing completion. The management announces that it will be dedicated on Jan. 17 by E. H. Sothern and Miss Julia Marlowe, who will then begin their engagement in their classic repertory.

AT CHICAGO THEATERS.

Charles Klein's "The Next of Kin."

Charles Klein's newest drama, "The Next of Kin," has begun an engagement at Powers', and is attracting much the same attention that was aroused by his "The Lion and the Mouse" and "The Third Degree." Like them, his new play takes up a present day problem. This time the author has written a powerful arraignment of present day legal procedure, which permits almost endless litigation through political manipulation of the courts.

The story shows an attempt to defraud a parentless girl of an inheritance of \$500,000 through chicanery and persecution. This character is played by Miss Hedwig Reicher, a young German emotional actress of unusual powers. The girl's uncle makes an endeavor to secure the fortune left by her father. In this he employs an unscrupulous lawyer, ex-Judge Bascom Cooley (Frank Sheridan), whose political influence and perversion of law and justice enable him to baffle every move made by John Ricalby (Frederick Perry), the lawyer of the girl. In order to carry his case Cooley employs every scheme that trickery, influence and money make possible.

Immediately after the courts decide that Paula Marsh must submit to the guardianship of her uncle, Todhunter Chase (Wallace Eddinger) enters the play. He is the stepson of James Marsh and a spendthrift. He has been attending court, does not like the methods adopted by his stepfather to get possession of the girl's money and decides to call on her. He does, and makes professions of friendship and says he will help her whenever he can.

Chase and his mother, Mrs. Marsh (Alice Wilson) finally leave the home of James Marsh, and the old man is so broken up over it that he tells his stepson to get possession of the fortune originated with Cooley, who was to get half.

This revelation is made to Ricalby and to Cooley, and the latter, seeking ever, pulls out and says his client withdraws. He gives the girl her fortune and offers to repay the money of hers expended. The girl elects to go home with Chase and his mother, for she has fallen deeply in love with the young man, and the final curtain falls with her lawyer threatening action for conspiracy against Marsh, Cooley and their accomplices.

"The Fires of Fate."

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's "morality drama" is being played at the Illinois this week for the first time on the American stage. The story sets forth the adventures of Colonel Egerton, a young Englishman, who, on advice, goes to Africa to live.

The colonel's party is captured by a

RHODES SCHOLAR OF RHODE ISLAND

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Howard A. Taber of this city has been appointed to the Rhodes scholarship at Oxford as the Rhode Island representative for next year. He is at present a member of the senior class at Brown.

Taber is a member of the varsity track and gymnastic teams, is one of the editors of the college daily, and is senior class statistician. He was elected to Phi Beta Kappa last year, and is a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity.

PROBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW YORK.—The Phenix Fire Insurance Company of Brooklyn is under investigation for irregularities which it is believed have impaired its surplus \$1,000,000. Superintendent Hotchkiss of the state insurance department has laid the facts before the district attorney.

THE fifth week of Boston opera began with "Traviata," performed under the musical direction of Mr. Conti for the third time. At the Monday night performances there have now been sung "Gioconda," "Lakme," "Rigoletto," "Aida" and "Traviata," half of Mr. Russell's productions.

Those persons who bought tickets for every Monday night throughout the season have heard nearly all the best of Mr. Russell's artists; they have heard Constantino in four of the five operas just mentioned, they have heard Baklanoff in three, Nivette in three, Lipkowska in two and Boninsegna in one. An important singer who has not appeared at a Monday performance is Miss Nielsen; important operas for which places have not yet been found in the Monday repertory are "Don Pasquale" and "Faust."

Constantino was the principal figure in the Boston opera company at the beginning of the fourth week, when in order to make "Aida" acceptable to the patrons of the opera he ambitiously undertook the role of Radames. He was not so important a figure at the first night of the fifth week when appearing for the first time in Mr. Russell's season as Alfred in "Traviata." And here perhaps lies the explanation of Mr. Constantino's desire to make a name for himself in other operas of the Boston repertory than those which call for a lyric tenor. Radames is a hero; the tenor who takes the part of Radames has all the opportunity for song and declamation in the grand operatic manner that he can wish to have in one evening. When Mr. Constantino sang this role he was privileged to be twice a hero, first as Radames and secondly as the artist who could save "Aida" for the director of the Boston opera company. But in "Traviata" he could not be the central figure; he could only be the lyric assistant of the soprano, who was the chief object of interest with the audience.

Nevertheless Constantino has not done more creditable work at any time during his Boston engagement than he did on Monday evening when he appeared as Alfred, with Mme. Lipkowska as Violetta. The two artists reacted advantageously upon each other. Mme. Lipkowska, the actress, stimulated Constantino to act his part with more illusion than he has hitherto acted any part; she made him forget himself as the popular tenor who goes to the front of the stage and sings for applause, made him realize his place in the drama in a way quite unusual with him. On the other hand, Constantino, the singer, awoke Mme. Lipkowska's best powers of voice, made her dare

company of impressive dervishes, and then follows the purification of character, which, we presume, furnishes the author with his excuse for the sub-title of "morality play"—something of the same purging that was effected in Barrie's "The Admirable Crichton" by wreck on a desert island. But let not the ordinary, pleasure-loving playgoer be frightened away by a label; though there is "morality" in the play, there is no excess of it, but, on the other hand, plenty of adventure, excitement, sentiment and even fun. As to the sentiment, it is provided in the love-making of the colonel and a young American lady of the party. But, of course, it all comes right in the end. The dervishes are surrounded by an Egyptian camel corps, the prisoners are released, and, best of all, the colonel finds that it is no longer necessary for him to dwell in Africa.

At NEW YORK THEATERS: "The Lottery Man." Cyril Scott appeared Monday night at the Bijou in "The Lottery Man," a new farcical play by Miss Rida Johnson Young. The central figure is Jack Wright, a reporter. In an impecunious moment he rashly starts a lottery with himself as the prize in matrimony to the more or less fortunate holder of the winning ticket. After the sale of the tickets is well started he meets a young lady whom he soon wishes to make Mrs. Wright. He makes desperate efforts to corner the tickets, but fails, and the winning ticket falls to a cheerful but unattractive spinster. Jack finally manages to get the ticket away and give it to the lady whom he wishes to win and be won by. In the company is Miss Janet Beecher, Miss Ethel Winthrop, Miss Helen Lowell, Miss Louise Galloway, Miss Mary Leslie Mayo, Robert MacKay and Harry S. Hadfield.

ROSTAND'S "CHANTICLER." PARIS.—Since Aristophanes' "The Frogs" and "The Birds" probably no costumes have been seen on any stage as singular as those that will be worn at the coming performances of "Chanticleer," Rostand's long promised play. The title role was intended for the elder Coquelin when the author started the work eight or nine years ago, but with the passing of the great comedian the part fell to M. Guityry, who is now perhaps the finest actor of the French stage.

The action passes in a poultry yard, and all the characters are animals or birds. M. Rostand insists on realism, necessitating great ingenuity in building up the actor to look like a rooster. He followed by DON PASQUALE, Mme. Nielsen, MM. Bourillon, Tavecchia, Fornari, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

Fri. Eve., Dec. 10, at 8, RIGOLETTO, Mmes. Lipkowska, Leveroni, Pierce, Rogers, Swartz, MM. Nielsen, Freeman, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

Sat. Eve., Dec. 11, at 8, MADAMA BUTTERFLY, Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Swartz, Rogers, Leveroni, Pierce, MM. Nielsen, Freeman, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

THURSDAY EVE., DEC. 9, at 7.30 LOIE FULLER and her MUSES in the BALLETS OF LIGHT followed by DON PASQUALE, Mme. Nielsen, MM. Bourillon, Tavecchia, Fornari, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

Fri. Eve., Dec. 10, at 8, RIGOLETTO, Mmes. Lipkowska, Leveroni, Pierce, Rogers, Swartz, MM. Nielsen, Freeman, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

MUSICAL DEPARTMENT

HARRIET A. SHAW

186 COMMONWEALTH AVE., BOSTON. LILLIAN FRENCH READ, soprano, concert cantorio, recital; pupils accepted. 507 W. 62d st., Chicago; tel. Normal 1572.

not sing with flattened intonation, made her give her tones that warmth of color which she can command to them whenever she wishes to do her best.

On Wednesday evening "Madam Butterfly," the eleventh of Mr. Russell's productions, will be given at the Boston opera house with Miss Nielsen as Butterfly and with Leliva as Pinkerton. Miss Nielsen is to appear again on Thursday night at the second performance of "Don Pasquale."

Mr. Leliva, the first in the line of Boston tenors to attempt the role of Radames, has probably found the standard of performance for opera singers in America higher than he expected. He has had success in Europe in tenor parts of not too large dimensions and his success has led him to the praiseworthy ambition to get into the more difficult parts. He has not proved in Boston to be equal to the part of Radames; indeed, the right tenor to sing that role on the Boston opera stage has not yet been found. But as Mr. Russell's artists are in the process of finding their right places, Mr. Leliva's availability is proving itself more and more. His enthusiasm for his art and his confidence in his own powers are helping him to win his way to the approval of the Boston audiences.

"Madam Butterfly" is one of the operas in which Mr. Leliva has met with European approval and he has sung it with no less a soprano associate than Miss Emmy Destinn.

At the New England Conservatory of Music, Jordan hall, Thursday, Dec. 9, at 8.15 p. m., there will be a piano recital by George Proctor of the faculty. Mr. Proctor goes to Weber's works for the principal number of his program; he will play that composer's Sonate No. 2, op. 39.

William A. Becker will give his first recital in Boston next Thursday afternoon in Jordan hall. His program includes Handel's "Harmonious Blacksmith," Beethoven's Waldstein sonata, op. 53; groups of pieces by Schumann and Chopin, Schubert's impromptu in B-flat, op. 142, No. 3; Rubenstein's staccato study in C, and a barcarole of Mr. Becker's own composition.

A violin recital by Mme. Anselma Weber is announced for a date early in January. Mme. Weber is of French blood and of partly German, partly American, rearing. She has studied under Velding and Schradieck. Until lately she has been at the head of the violin department of the Cincinnati College of Music.

is massively built, so it was necessary to make the trunk even thicker in order to make the legs look slender. The costume will be of gorgeous feathers and on the head will be a cap fitted with a gigantic cockcomb.

Only the actor's nose will be covered with a beak, a victory for M. Guityry, for at first the author insisted that the beak cover the entire face and be moved by a string held in the hand furthest from the audience, as Bottom in "Midsummer's Night Dream" moves the ears of the donkey's head. At this M. Guityry struck, and he will have his way. As it is he has great difficulty in delivering his verse, owing to the constriction of the wings interfering with his habitually profuse gestures.

The author insists that all his birds and animals walk like the originals. M. Guityry is gradually mastering the strut of his "character," but some of the other members of the cast are in difficulty. M. Gallipaux, for instance, who is to play the magpie, is assiduously practising his hop.

The family watchdog is to be played by M. Jean Coquelin, who is a much slighter man than M. Guityry. Long consideration of this singular state of things was given by the author, but he finally admitted that the rooster would have to be bigger than the watchdog—there was no way out of the difficulty.

How the dog should get about was another problem. The author at first directed that he proceed on all fours, but after a few trials M. Coquelin avowed that no power on earth could make him recite alexandrines in such a posture. He will therefore be principally seen in the attitude of a poodle begging for a lump of sugar.

The hen pheasant is to be Madame Simone, who declares that she is delighted with her part. As for the plot, the details are being jealously guarded by all concerned. What inklings have come out are to the effect that the play symbolizes human vanity and ridicules it in a humorously pathetic manner.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

HENRY RUSSELL, Managing Director. Wednesday Eve., Dec. 8, at 8, MADAMA BUTTERFLY, Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Swartz, Rogers, Leveroni, Pierce, MM. Nielsen, Freeman, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

THURSDAY EVE., DEC. 9, at 7.30 LOIE FULLER and her MUSES in the BALLETS OF LIGHT followed by DON PASQUALE, Mme. Nielsen, MM. Bourillon, Tavecchia, Fornari, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

Fri. Eve., Dec. 10, at 8, RIGOLETTO, Mmes. Lipkowska, Leveroni, Pierce, Rogers, Swartz, MM. Nielsen, Freeman, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

Sat. Eve., Dec. 11, at 8, MADAMA BUTTERFLY, Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Swartz, Rogers, Leveroni, Pierce, MM. Nielsen, Freeman, Morgan, Cond. Dutil.

Good seats available for every performance at Box Office or 177 Tremont Street (Eastern Talking Machine Co.). MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS USED.

NEW YORK—The peripatetic \$10,000

portrait of George Washington, done in silk and presented to the city of New York by the women of Lyons, France, about 50 years ago, and since that time one of the principal objects of interest in the Governor's room at city hall, Manhattan, has been removed by the municipal art commission on the ground that it is a copy of a Stuart painting of Washington and therefore not the best art, the accepted standard of the first President today being the work of Trumbull.

The portrait will now land in the aldermanic chamber, city hall, the aldermen having gladly voted their chamber as a refuge to so noted a work, despite the fact that it does not conform with the high aesthetic standards of the art commission.

Indeed the action of the art censors has been severely condemned, as extremist and overzealous. The Times says: "The specimen of silk weaving was given to the municipality as a tribute of esteem and respect by women of a foreign nation. It is a gift, a relic, and in a humble sort of way, a work of art. There is a movement vigorously afoot to develop in this country the lesser arts and crafts. Silk weaving is an admirable craft, producing useful and beautiful works. It is poor judgment and worse taste to throw the portrait out of the Governor's room. We hope the report of the municipal art commission's action is ill founded."

Julius Oehme, proprietor of the oldest established art business in the city has recently occupied a new and handsomely appointed gallery on upper Fifth avenue opposite the new public library building. Mr. Oehme has long made a specialty of Barbizon and modern Dutch pictures. These are shown in his new quarters to great advantage. One of his latest acquisitions is a landscape with cattle, painted in oils by Anton Mauve. It is a

very delicate and charming work and the hanging of the light is especially fine. The sun cannot be seen but it is felt throughout the picture, reflected softly on the misty clouds and filling the whole with brightness.

The canvas entitled, "Summer Day on the Seine," by Daubigny, is in the painter's best style, with its pearly sky and pleasing color. There are two Dutch pictures by Blommers, very rich in coloring; two good examples of Joseph Israel's work and two landscapes by William Maris. Jacob Maris is also represented by two paintings, interesting for their richness of color and force of detail.

.....

An unusually interesting exhibit at the Century art galleries is being held by the artist members of the Century Club. Carroll Beckwith is represented by three paintings. Two are portraits, very skillfully done, and the other is entitled "The Awakening." It is a painting showing much poetic feeling and a splendid handling of values. A portrait of Dr. Albert Shaw by Frank Fowler is a very convincing piece of work, both on account of the ease of the pose and the skillful use of color which makes the figure and face stand out in a positive way. There are also two allegorical works by William Walton and some colorful landscapes by Carlton Chapman. Scenes from California painted by Lockwood de Forest are prominent in the exhibition.

.....

The wonderful examples of Dutch art that were brought over here by J. P. Morgan and shown at the Metropolitan Museum for the Hudson-Fulton exhibition are to remain there as a permanent loan. Three of the canvases were exhibited in the museum previous to the present exhibition, and one was purchased since the exhibition opened. The remaining 12 were brought over from London and Paris especially for it.

LUXURIOUS PARIS STYLES

By Mme. Murielle Loeb

PARIS—This winter is to be a most luxurious season as far as the materials are concerned.

One of the newest materials is chiffon plush. This is shown in Paris in some of the most exquisite colors, old gold being perhaps the most persuasive. Entire suits are being composed of this, but it is for separate capes and separate coats that it is most used.

Spotted velvets are very new and form delightful one-piece dresses. The "spot" is always of the same tone as the velvet, only woven crossways. Striped velvets are less new, but are being greatly used for street suits.

Chiffon velvet moire is another entirely new material. This is the most wonderful material, being so soft and having a watered effect through it that is exquisite in velvet. This is shown in many evening shades in Paris, but in white it is really the most beautiful. The latest evening gowns are being made of velvet and velvet moire, while others are of chiffon trimmed with velvet moire.

Velvet brocade is a delightful new material, a combination of silk and velvet that is being used for evening coats and cloaks.

Panne broadcloth is the name which the new broadcloths for street wear go by. These new broadcloths are quite weighty, but they have a peculiarly velvety surface that shines almost when held away from one. These are shown in shades of old gold a great deal, also in a dull wine-red and in a blue that harmonizes with black most beautifully. In ivory white these new broadcloths compose the most dressy of dinner gowns with long cape accompanying. For walking suits the most mannish

effects are shown in tweeds of the smoother order, but even the walking suits come in the more luxurious materials, and it is toward these that attention is most turned at the present time.

Paris ready-to-wear millinery is not nearly so much in demand as heretofore, as so many people are having their hats made of the same material as their gown. Velvet gowns being so much in vogue, Parisiennes are providing themselves with a piece of the velvet that composes their gown, and this they take to their milliner and have made into a hat. Dressing en suite is the only thing in Paris now, dress, coat, and hat being composed of one material.

A form of hat for everyday wear now being universally used in Paris is a small close-fitting black velvet toque with a shirred top, and trailing loosely around the small brim is a wreath of flowers made of bebe ribbon. These flowers are either all black or of some other color of a bright hue, such as yellow or cerise, but never of mixed colors. Flowers made of bebe ribbon and woven into wreaths are much seen on the French millinery.

Every day shows the scarf getting to be more and more popular. The latest styles come in golden brown chiffon bordered with peacock feathers, the eye of the feather forming a wide border at the two ends. Quite a number of these are being worn already, and there is evidence shown that peacock-trimmed scarfs will be one of the foremost novelties of this winter season.

The newest separate coats shown in Paris are very short, just little basque coats fastened tightly and closely at the waist line in Russian blouse style. Velvet composes these coats, and the revers are usually fur trimmed. These coats are delightfully original and are expected to supplant the long redingote styles.

ESTABLISHED 1863 ALWAYS UNDER ONE MANAGEMENT

NEW HENRY F. MILLER PIANOS

ARE SOLD IN BOSTON ONLY BY THE MAKERS

Henry F. Miller & Sons Piano Co.

395 Boylston Street

PRE-EMINENCE BY MERIT ONE PRICE SYSTEM

LECTURE
ELMENDORF
TREMONT TEMPLE
FRI. EVE. AND SAT. ART. NEXT
"SICILY"
Seats \$1, 75c, 50c. On Sale Now

Special Gift Boxes W.B. Clarke Co Stationery to Order 26 & 28 Tremont St

RECITALS
JORDAN HALL
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, DEC. 9, at 3
FIRST BOSTON APPEARANCE
William A. Becker

PIANIST
Tickets \$1.50, \$1.00 and 50c. Symphony Hall
CHRISTMAS CARDS
W.B. Clarke Co
26 & 28 Tremont St.

SHIPPING NEWS

Crammed with a big cargo of South American products, the Houston line freighter Hyperia, Capt. James Enos, arrived early today from Buenos Aires and anchored in the stream to await a berth at East Boston.

The steamer left Buenos Aires Oct. 22, Montevideo Nov. 20, Trinidad Nov. 20, Cienfuegos Nov. 27 and Havana Dec. 1. A large number of cattle, sheep and horses, loaded at Montevideo, were taken off at Barbadoes and Trinidad.

The greater part of the cargo, consisting of hides, wool and quebracho extract, was stowed at Buenos Aires and Montevideo. About two thirds of the freight will be discharged here and the remainder is destined for New York, whence the vessel will proceed.

T wharf arrivals this morning: Hockomock with 14,500 pounds, Leo 7000, Eva and Mildred 23,000, Motor 5400, Walter P. Goulart 9000, Eva L. Spurling 8000, Mary Edith 14,700, Evelyn L. Thompson 40,000, Edith Silveira 9000, Minerva 15,500, Sylvia M. Numan 15,700, Richard J. Numan 16,500, Lydia 2000, Emily Conney 12,000, Lochinvar 12,000, Julietta 10,500, Actor 5000, F. A. Oakes 5000, Pauline 20,000, Azorian 2800, Emily Sears 8000, Good Luck 16,000, Laura Enos 3000, Dixie 7000, Emerald 6000.

T wharf dealers' prices are still pretty high. Large cod sold this morning at \$6.25 per hundredweight, small cod \$3.25, haddock \$4.05, large hake \$4.05 to \$5.25, small hake \$2.25, cusk \$2.25, and pollock \$1.50 to \$1.85.

Barge Gatherer, sunk off Assateague Light, while being towed from Norfolk to Boston by tug E. V. McCauley, has been destroyed by the revenue cutter Onondaga.

A telegram from Calcutta states that fire broke out on the Dutch steamer Barendrecht, bound for Boston. One hundred and fifty bales of jute gunnies were damaged.

PORT OF BOSTON.

Arrived Today.

Strs Hyperia (Br), Enos, Buenos Aires, Oct. 22, via Barbadoes, Nov. 18, and Trinidad, came to A. C. Lombard's Sons; Halifax (Br), Ellis, Halifax, N. S., mds and passengers to F. W. Bedell; Kershaw, Johnson, Norfolk, mds and passengers to C. H. Maynard; Boston, Ger, New Bedford, to N. E. Nav Co, loads out for New York; Camden, Strait, Portland, Me; Belfast, Curtis, Bangor, Me; City of Gloucester, Linnekin, Gloucester; Lexington, Thacher, Philadelphia, mds to C. H. Maynard; Massachusetts, Barrett, New York, mds to N. E. Nav Co.

Bark Boylston of Boston, Warber, Carbarjo, P. R., Oct. 10, via Norfolk and New York, with salt for Eastern Salt Co, vessel to John S. Emery & Co, towed from New York by tug Orion.

Tugs Cumberland, Svensen, Baltimore, towing barge No. 25; Prudence, Goodwin, Philadelphia, towing barge Dorothy and Calvin; E. L. Pillsbury, Lynn, towing barge Kohinoor, arr Monday; Chas. T. Gallagher, Guilmet, Newport, R. I., arr Sunday; Neponset, Sears, Lynn, towing barge Cohocton, for Hoboken, arr Monday; F. C. Hersey, Baker, Lynn, towing lighter Pocasset, arr Sunday.

Schr Forest Maid, lumber. Schs Ella May, Piper, Rockport, Me, lime; Forest Maid, from Bangor, lumber, arr Monday. Tug Teaser, Philadelphia, towing barge Elk Garden and Hampshire, Baltimore.

Cleared. Strs Boston (Br), Simms, Yarmouth, N. S.; J. F. Masters, Nantucket, Dizer, Norfolk; J. H. Maynard, Seneca, McKay, Savannah, by L. Wilder, Boston, Ger, New York; N. E. Nav Co; Camden, Portugal, by J. S. Carder; Belfast, Brown, Bangor, by Calvin Austin.

Str Massachusetts, Barrett, New York, by N. E. Nav Co.

Sailed Today. Schr cruiser Birmingham, Providence. Strs Borgestad (Nor) New York. Tugs Waltham, towing barge Tipton, Newport News, via Newport; J. O. Joshi, Lovett, towing barge Oxford, South Amboy, Alce (from Newburyport) and Flora, Newport, N. S.; E. L. Pillsbury, Lynn, to assist str Bay State to dock; E. V. McCauley, Norfolk, towing barge Occidental; Blanche, Scituate, towing schr W. W. Cooper (from an eastern port) do, latter not Saturday.

Strs Boston (Br), Yarmouth N. S.; Seneca, Savannah; Nantucket, Norfolk; James S. Whitney, New York; Boston, do; Persiana (Br), do.

Tug Teacny, South Amboy, towing barge Shamokin, Wayne and Malvern.

Monday—Tugs F. C. Hersey, towing barge No. 17 (from Baltimore), Portsmouth, N. H. and 23 (from do), Portland; Chas. T. Gallagher, towing barge No. 8 (from do), Newburyport.

Tugs Cheektowag, towing barge Bear Creek, Baromet, and Brait, Perth Amboy; Leigh (from Perth Amboy), towing barge Bustle for Salem and Bristol for Rockland.

Schs Harriet C. Whitehead, New York; Exilda (Br), Wolfville.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS.

Strs City of Columbus, Savannah; Chicago, Havre; Mohawk, Jacksonville and Charleston, S. C.; El Valle, Galveston; Indrapura, Japan, China and Manila; Carib, Georgetown, S. C. and Wilmington, N. C.; Ariel, Tampico, etc; Stetendam, Rotterdam and Boulogne; Nanna, Hillsboro, N. B.

Tugs Brien Bros, towing one barge; Jackawanna, towing barge Ampero and Avondale, from Boston for Hoboken, and one other.

Str Havana. Schs A. K. McLean, Remby, San An-

dras; Alicia B. Crosby, Petersen, Jacksonville; Jennie E. Righter, Hawkins, do; Edith Alcott, Harris, Brunswick; Henry Wier, Thorndyke, Savannah; Benj. A. Van Brunt, Sprague, Brunswick; Frances V. Sawyer, Dobbin, Chehaw, S. C.; Edith McIntyre, Stockton Springs; William Davenport, do; Chas. H. Klinck, Me-haffey, Long Cove, Me; Annie Greenlaw, Gloucester; Isaiah K. Stetson, Hamilton, St. John, N. B.; Eva C. Haux, Port Greenville, N. S.; Preference, Gale, St. John, N. B.; Centennial, Lubec.

Str H. M. Whitney, Crowell, New York, mds to G. W. Apsey.

Tugs Lykens, Philadelphia, towing barge Coalco, Neshaminy, and Preston; Cuba, Bartlett, Newport News, towing barge Solus, do, and Bristol II, Elizabethport.

Schs Lewiston, Ginn, Norfolk, Va. Piling. Towed in by tug Neponset, vessel to Crowell & Thurlow; Arthur J. Parker (Br) Branscombe, St. John, N. B. lumber and shingles for Stetson, Cutler Co.

WIRELESS REPORTS.

Str Neckar, Bremen for New York, 683 m s Sandy Hook 7:15 a m; dock 8:30 a m Thursday.

Str Ivernia, Liverpool and Queenstown for Boston, 830 m s Boston light 8 a m. Str Berlin, Genoa and Naples for New York, 303 m s e Ambrose Channel lightship 8 p m Monday, and due tonight or Wednesday.

Str Majestic, Southampton, etc, for New York, 1084 m s e Ambrose Channel lightship 9:30 p m Monday, and due Thursday.

Str Advance, New York for Cristobal, off Cape May 8 p m Monday.

Str San Marcos, New York for Galveston, 3 m s Cape Lookout Monday noon. Str Saratoga, New York for Havana, 150 m n e Jupiter 8 p m Monday.

Str Caracas, New York for Lagayra, etc, 676 m s Sandy Hook 8 p m Monday. Str Algonquin, Boston and Charleston for Galveston, 90 m s Charleston, S. C. 8 p m Sunday.

Str J. M. Guley, New Orleans for Philadelphia, 38 m s Hatteras 11:40 a m Monday.

Str Zulia, Lagayra, etc, for New York, 420 m s Sandy Hook at midnight Sunday.

Str San Jacinto, New York for Galveston, 251 m Galveston bar Monday noon. Str Nueces, New York for Galveston, 173 m Galveston bar Monday noon. Str Nacoochee, New York for Savannah, 62 m n Tybee roads 8 p m Monday. Str City of Memphis, Boston for Savannah, passed Hatteras 7 p m Monday.

Str Prinz Joachim, New York for Port Limon, 644 m s Sandy Hook 8 p m Monday.

Str Oruba, Southampton via West Indies for New York, 630 m s Sandy Hook 8 p m Monday.

Str Alliance, Cristobal for New York, 520 m s Sandy Hook 8 p m Monday. Spoken Nov. 6—Lat 41 n, long 63 w, Norwegian bark Gudrun, Boston for Rosario.

Dec 6—Off Charleston bar, schr Edna, New York for Chehaw, S. C.

Movements of Vessels.

NOBSKA, Dec. 7.—Passed south, tug, possibly Waltham towing barge Tipton, Boston for Newport News.

GALVESTON, Dec. 6.—Arrd, str El Alba, New York; sld, El Mar, New York.

LYNN, Dec. 6.—Arrd, str Bay State, Newport News.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 6.—Arrd, str Boston, Jamaica, etc.

SANTOS, Dec. 4.—Cld, str Corrientes, New York, cargo 50,000 bags coffee.

HAVANA, Dec. 6.—Arrd, str Morro Castle, Vera Cruz and Progreso for New York; Merida, New York for Progreso and Vera Cruz; sld, 4, str Havana, New York.

GIBRALTAR, Nov. 22.—Passed, str Kattenturm, Calcutta to Boston and New York.

MONTEVIDEO, Nov. 22.—Arrd, str St Hugo, New York.

BRIDGEPORT, Dec. 6.—Arrd, schs Winchester, Bangor via Sag Harbor; Mary King, Glen Cove; Luella, Parrisboro, N. S.; sld, schs Thos. B. Garland, New York; Florence E. Melanson, Port Gilbert, N. S.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 6.—Arrd, str Iroquois, New York (and proceeded for Jacksonville); schr Bayard Barnes, New York.

DIAMOND SHOALS, Dec. 6.—Passed lightship, strs Satilla, Galveston via Brunswick for New York; schr Edward T. Stotesbury, Port Tampa for Boston; str Cienfuegos, New York for Tampico.

FERNANDINA, Dec. 1.—Sld, schr Percy Birdsall, New York.

JACKSONVILLE, Dec. 5.—Arrd, schr John B. Coyle, Portland; 6, str Apache, New York; sld, 6, str Cobanega, New York.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 6.—Arrd, strs Momus, New York.

R. W. HOPKINS PASSES AWAY. Reuben W. Hopkins passed away at his home, 21 Bay State road, Monday. He was president of the Boston Ice Company, president of the Cambridge Ice Company, a director of the American Ice Company and conducted ice business in New Orleans and other southern cities.

REV. W. E. GARDNER RESIGNS. The Rev. William E. Gardner has resigned the rectory of St. James' Episcopal church, North Cambridge, to become secretary for the missionary council of New England for the Episcopal church with headquarters in Boston.

CRUISER YANKEE SINKS AGAIN. NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Raised from her bed in the mud of Buzzards bay through 40 feet of water today, the United States cruiser Yankee remained on the surface for a few minutes, then sank again to the bottom.

BOSTON INTERESTED IN RE-DEDICATION OF PIONEER PIPE ORGAN

Many Bostonians are interested in the rededication of the old Boston Music hall organ, to take place in Sefton Organ hall in Methuen Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A program has been arranged under Everett E. Truette, organist, which includes selections from Hollins, Hall, Bach, Dubois, Guilmant, Briqueville, Wagner, Wolstenholme, Manty and Thiele.

The building in which the concert is to be given has been constructed by E. F. Seales especially for this organ. The architecture is rich, and the interior, in which the great organ is the central feature, has been decorated artistically. The great organ, which is now the property of Mr. Seales, has been entirely rebuilt by the Methuen Organ Company, of which Mr. Seales is president.

Today's Produce Market

PRICES FIGURED ON A WHOLESALE BASIS.

FRUIT—PRODUCE

Arrivals.

The steamer Seneca from Savannah brought 552 bxs oranges, 17 bxs grape fruit and 6 ctrs pineapples.

The steamer Kershaw from Norfolk brought 1100 bxs peanuts, 1400 bxs oranges.

The str Bunker Hill brought 81 bxs grape fruit, 137 bxs oranges, 100 bxs lemons, 65 bxs raisins, 348 bxs figs, 135 bxs peanuts, 705 bxs dates, 190 bxs, 30 bbls macaroni.

The steamer Old Colony brought 245 bxs dates, 105 bxs, 3 bbls macaroni. Both from New York.

The steamer J. S. Whitney brought 10 boxes grape fruit, 25 bags coconuts, 4 boxes figs, 33 bags peanuts, 133 barrels grapes, 75 boxes dates, 44 boxes, 5 barrels macaroni. The H. M. Whitney brought 20 bags beans, 75 boxes raisins, 87 boxes oranges, 10 boxes, 25 bags figs, 65 barrels grapes, 101 crates pineapples, 986 boxes, 3 barrels macaroni. Both from New York.

Boston Receipts.

Apples 4485 boxes, cranberries 112 barrels, Florida oranges 6014 boxes, California oranges 792 boxes, lemons 769 boxes, coconuts 25 bags, California deciduous fruit 1 car, pineapples 107 crates, grapes 198 barrels, 5500 baskets, 925 carriers, raisins 140 boxes, figs 388 packages, dates 1025 boxes, peanuts 1268 bags, potatoes 20,767 bushels, sweet potatoes 1244 barrels.

Fruit Sale Monday.

By H. Harris & Co.: California grapes 55c to \$1.85 carrier, California Valencia oranges \$1.10 to \$1.95 box, T. I. navela \$1.75 to \$2.10 box, Florida oranges \$1.05 to \$2.35 box, Florida grape fruit \$2.35 to \$3.55 box.

LIVERPOOL.—Maine Baldwin, greenings and spies, 15c to 17; Ben Davis, 12c to 13; kings, 16c to 18; Massachusetts Baldwin, greenings and spies, 13c to 15; kings, 14c to 16; Ben Davis, 11c to 12; 18,000 barrels selling. Mostly New England fruit here today. Considerable fruit in spent condition. The market closed with weak tendency but good clearance. Some fancy fruit brought even higher than highest quotations, but prices rule about midway between highest and lowest quotations.

The market is steady for good fruit, but poor and wasty fruit is a glut at weakening prices. Bohemian on the market.

New York Fruit News.

Sale Monday.—Four cars California oranges and 3 cars lemons. Market on oranges and lemons was practically unchanged. Valencia dates 90c \$4.05 to \$6.90, 112c \$4.05 to \$7.50, 120c and 150c \$4.10 to \$7.20, 200c \$4.70 to \$7.10, 210c \$4.55 to \$7.35, 3 cars navela 90c \$1.05 to \$1.15, 11c \$1.75 to \$2.90, 150c \$2.25 to \$2.85, 170c \$1.75 to \$2.85, 200c \$1.80 to \$2.85, 210c \$1.70 to \$2.45, 250c \$1.65 to \$2.85.

PROVISIONS

Chicago Market.

May wheat \$1.07 1/2, Jan pork \$21.47, Jan lard \$12.47; hog receipts 23,000 prices \$7.85 to \$8.55. Cattle market steady, receipts 5500; beefs \$4 to \$9.25, cows and heifers \$2.15 to \$5.70, Texas steers \$3.80 to \$4.90, stockers and feeders \$3.15 to \$5.30, western cattle \$4.25 to \$7.05.

Boston Receipts of Poultry.

Today, 3500 pkgs; last year, 2086 pkgs.

Boston Prices

Flour—Mill shipments, spring patents \$5.60 to \$6.10, clears \$4.80 to \$5.10, winter patents \$5.80 to \$6.10, straight \$5.60 to \$5.90, clears \$5.50 to \$5.71, Kansas patents in jute \$5.10 to \$5.60; rye flour \$4.10 to \$4.60, Graham \$4.35 to \$5.

Corn—Car lots, on spot, old No. 2 yellow 75 to 75 1/2, steamers yellow 74 1/2 to 75, No. 3 yellow 74 to 74 1/2, new steamer yellow 70 to 71c, No. 3 yellow 69 to 70; to ship from the west, new No. 2 yellow 69 to 70, No. 3 yellow 68 1/2 to 69c, country yellow 67 to 69c.

Oats—Car lots, on spot, No. 1 clipped white 50c to 51c, No. 2 49 1/2 to 50c, No. 3 49 to 49 1/2, rejected white 47 to 47 1/2; to ship from the west, 34 to 36 lbs. clipped white 48 1/2 to 49c, 36 to 38 lbs. 49 to 49 1/2, 38 to 40 lbs. 49 1/2 to 50c, barley mixtures 46 to 47c.

Corn meal and oatmeal—Bag cornmeal

Classified Advertisements

RATES—One insertion, 12 cents a line, three or more insertions, 10 cents a line. Telephone your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising. Advertisers may have answers sent care of New York Office. Suites 2092-2093, Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, 510 Orchestra Bldg., 189 Michigan Ave.

MORTGAGES FOR SALE.

BUY LAND

NEAR DENVER
COMING UNDER IRRIGATION.

Will double in value in a very short time. Your choice of three new districts. Easy terms. Sectional map and prospectus free.

The Farmers Mortgage & Loan Co.
R. A. MORRISON, Pres.
1715 California St. Denver, Colo.

BABBITT METAL MANUFACTURERS

ROGERS BABBITT METALS
BEST FOR HARD SERVICE.
Solder, Antimony, Bar and Pig Tin and Lead
ROGERS METAL WORKS, KANSAS CITY, MO.

MACHINERY

SAVES AND MACHINERY
moved promptly by YOUNG, SMITH & HOPKINS, 571 Atlantic ave.

ROOMS

DORCHESTER

TO LET—Steamship furnished and unfurnished rooms with first-class board; situation unexcelled. Tel. 1056-2 DOR. MRS. R. M. KITSON, 6 Windmere rd.

TWO Northern ladies renting apartment in best residential part of Jacksonville, Fla. will give room and board to two persons; all modern conveniences; terms \$36 per month. Address MRS. VAN BUREN, 47 Lancaster terrace, Jacksonville, Fla.

TO SUBLET for one month beginning Dec. 16, a sunny, quiet room in walking distance of shops, theaters. M. A. A. 165 East 36th St., New York.

31ST ST., 39 EAST, New York, near Madison ave. Rooms single or en suite; meals optional. MRS. D. E. TUTTILL.

BOARD AND ROOMS WANTED
WANTED in Jamaica Plain, by gentleman, furnished room with board; private family preferred. L. B. Monitor Office.

DENTISTRY

Dr. B. N. Powell

DENTIST.
101 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.
Room 301. Phone 458-2 Main.

A. L. VAN ARSDALL, D. D. S.
Suite 509, Commerce Building,
KANSAS CITY, MO.

RESTAURANTS

South Station Restaurant
ALWAYS ESSENTIAL to know a good place to eat; arriving or departing from the South Station, Boston, you will find quick service and pure food at the restaurant and lunch room; accommodations for 500 people; all modern conveniences.

J. G. COOPER & CO., Proprietors.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

JAMES E. PATTON JR.
1025 PRINCE BUILDING
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sept. 13, 1909.

The Christian Science Monitor.

Gentlemen:

I want to express to you my deep appreciation and how highly I value The Monitor.

I regularly read three other great daily newspapers, but I find more real items of news and interest in The Monitor than in all of the other papers combined. I am greatly pleased and impressed by the editorial page. Typographically I consider The Monitor as superior to any other paper with which I am familiar.

As an advertising medium I should think it would offer great advantages to the public. The Monitor, by the nature of its composition, is of national as well as of local interest, and the character of its news is such that the Monitors are not so quickly cast aside as publications of the usual newspaper type.

Wishing you the success which you deserve, I remain,

Yours very truly,

J. H. Patton Jr.

AWAITS REPORT ON CITY REFUSE

Superintendent Emerson Says That Garbage Must Be Burned or Taken Out to Sea Eventually.

Guy C. Emerson, superintendent of streets, today said that he expected the report of the commission to investigate the question of garbage, ashes and combustible matter, as affecting the city of Boston, shortly will be sent to Mayor Hibbard.

The final disposal of refuse will not be so much considered as the various means of collecting and the preliminary questions looking to the final settlement as to whether Boston shall have an incineration plant.

Superintendent Emerson said that the dumping grounds in Brighton, Roxbury and Dorchester were practically all filled in and that in the very near future a large majority of the city's refuse would have to be carried out to sea or incinerated.

SPANISH WAR MEN TO ORGANIZE.
A camp of Spanish war veterans will be formed tonight at G. A. R. hall. Revere, with about 35 charter members. It will be known as the John A. Chisholm Camp No. 50, and is named after John A. Chisholm of the Fifth Massachusetts.

JEWISH FEAST STARTS TODAY.
Chanukkah, the Jewish Feast of Lights, begins at sunset today. During the holiday prayers will be offered and the children are remembered with gifts.

PROVIDENCE CITY SALARIES RAISED.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Ten city officials received substantial increases in their salaries last evening, on the part of the common council, upon the recommendation of the joint standing committee on finance.

MEXICAN TO SEEK ARREST INQUIRY.
STOCKTON, Cal.—L. Guiterrez de Lara, arrested by immigration officials recently in Los Angeles, charged with being an alien anarchist, and whose presence in a Mexican prison is said to be desired by President Diaz, left here today for Washington to try to force a congressional investigation into his arrest and incarceration. De Lara declares he has received promises of assistance from senators.

TIN PLATE STRIKE CONFERENCE IS ON.

PITTSBURGH—An important conference is being held at the general offices of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company here today in connection with the strike at the Aetna Standard plant at Bridgeport, O. Two propositions are being considered as follows:

The dismantling of the plant and the placing of the orders of the company at some of the other plants.

The importation of non-unionists and the operation of the works permanently on a non-union basis.

The strikers have asked the appointment of a committee of arbitration, the members to be named by President Taft or Governor Harmon of Ohio, and the company and strikers to abide absolutely by the decision of the committee.

HARVARD ADVOCATE CHANGE.
Hallowell W. Morgan, '10, of Germantown, Pa., has been elected president of the Harvard Advocate to take the place of W. G. Tinkom-Fernandez, resigned. Thomas S. Eliot, '10, of St. Louis, was made secretary. S. C. Simons, '11, of Pasadena, Cal., and John Heard, '12, of Boston, were elected business managers.

MONACA (PA.) STRIKE ENDS.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The strike at the plant of the Colonial Steel Company at Monaca, Pa., occasioned by a demand of a 10 per cent increase, was brought to an end by the men returning to work today at the old rate of wages.

BOOKS

THE LESSON MARKER

This device does not fall out or in any way injure the book or binding.

3 sizes. Send size of book. { Discount }
By mail, 100 per set. { to dealers }

Book and Art Exchange
6 Madison St., Chicago.
Metropolitan Life Bldg., New York.

AUTOMOBILES
FOR SALE—My Thomas-Detroit 40-horsepower touring car, complete with top and cover, wind shield, Prestolite, speedometer, Bosch magneto, extra tire and tube, and in perfect condition; can be bought for half price. Address C. R. McWILLIAMS, 29 Manchester road, Brookline; telephone Brookline 188-2.

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS
M. A. CARDER.
PLUMBING, steam and gas fitting. 63 Norway st. Boston; tel. 232-3 B. B.

ARCHITECT
R. T. C. JACKSON, ARCHITECT.
Fall River, Mass.
Conferences given with Building Committees in the United States and Canada.

HELP WANTED
WANTED—A competent working housekeeper for business people and care of daughter 8 years old; general housework in six-room apartment; no laundry work; best references required. V. S. 2003 Metropolitan Bldg., New York.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS—Commencement salary \$800. Spring examinations everywhere. Preparation free. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. N 111, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Girl or woman, white or colored, interested for general housework in family of three adults in Boston suburb. Address T 185, Monitor Office.

Falmouth and St. Paul Sts.
Boston, Mass.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear,  then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

This newspaper is a member of the United Press Associations and The Associated Press and receives the full news report of each association.

Boston, Mass., Tuesday, December 7, 1909.

Another Road to the Pacific

A GREAT many ways have been found by which the progress of the country materially can be measured, and new ones are constantly offering themselves. One has just come forward which recommends itself, at least, because of its simplicity. Fifty years have not elapsed since the possibility of a railroad to the Pacific ocean ever becoming self-supporting was seriously questioned in the halls of Congress and in the financial center of the country. National aid to the construction of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific lines—the two being intended to form one highway—was strenuously opposed because it was held the maintenance of the road would always be a charge against the government, and probably a heavy one. Years later when the Northern Pacific was projected those who undertook to finance the enterprise met with opposition and finally with disaster, mainly because of the prevalent belief that transcontinental traffic would never stand two railroads. Still later when James J. Hill undertook to put through the Great Northern, bankruptcy was predicted for him on all sides. The Santa Fe project had met with similar discouragement. Today, a railway to the Pacific—or, more correctly, the extension of a railway to the Pacific—is planned and it is taken as a matter of course as well as a matter of necessity.

Following in the footsteps of its two leading competitors for western business, the Burlington and the St. Paul, the Chicago & Northwestern has at length decided to find an independent outlet on the Pacific side of the continent. It has a line already reaching as far west as Lander, Wyo., to the northwest of Pocatello, Ida. This may be regarded as a good start. It will not take very long for the engineers and workmen to complete the last link with its branches. It will be very unlike the Northwestern if it does not seek entrance to all of the great Pacific coast cities in due time.

There is no question as to traffic. The Pacific Northwest is creating new business every day. It is not safe to predict what the population of the Pacific Northwest will be a few years hence, but it is safe to say that production in that quarter will be many times multiplied and that the Chicago & Northwestern will not be the last railroad to seek a share of the traffic.

It is an easy matter to see how a national organization of business men, made up of representatives of the local commercial associations now in existence or hereafter to be formed, might be useful as a means of giving expression to the needs and demands of trade, with such force as to command the attention of Congress and the government. Resolutions adopted by the different chambers of commerce and boards of trade in their individual capacity are not without great influence as matters stand now, but President Rothwell of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, as well as others who have spoken with regard to the idea of a national organization, is right in assuming that action by a central body, when unanimous and known to voice the sentiment of the commercial interests of the country, would have great weight in the determining and carrying out of governmental policies relating to commercial and industrial matters.

The difficulty of obtaining an expression of the business sentiment of the country at present is recognized, the reason being that there is in existence no medium through which it can be authoritatively announced. If a local commercial body undertakes to speak on the tariff, on the currency, or on any of the measures that affect or threaten to affect the course of trade, it runs the risk not only of standing alone among the commercial bodies of the country but of defeating rather than accomplishing the purpose it has in view, by arousing an antagonism that in its individual capacity it is not strong enough to combat.

There is little question that at the present time the business sentiment of the country is strongly favorable to a tariff commission. There ought to be a means of impressing this fact upon Congress. Only through laborious and tedious procedure could the hundreds of commercial organizations throughout the nation be enlisted in a united movement in this direction. A central and national commercial body of representative character could act in the premises within a few weeks, and in such a way as to remove from the mind of Congress all doubt as to the attitude of the business interests of the country toward the question.

It ought not to be regarded as an intricate or a perplexing task to bring the commercial organizations of the country together on this proposition. All the work requires, apparently, is intelligent and earnest leadership, and this is certainly attainable.

Items in the Meyer Report

IN ADDITION to those features of the annual report of Secretary Meyer that have been commented upon already, certain items that were passed over in the first telegraphic summary are worthy of attention. The adoption by Congress of the recommendations will mean many reforms in the navy department, and, with those already mentioned, the minor changes are intended to make for that general high standard of efficiency in the conduct of this branch of the service which the secretary has in mind.

With the view of encouraging private shipbuilding concerns, and also with a view to economy, the report favors the continuance of the policy of building war vessels by contract rather than in the navy yards. To keep the yards in operation with more regularity, so that there shall not be alternate conditions of congestion and depletion, an effort will be made to distribute the repair work. One purpose to be held in view is to maintain at each of the yards a regular force of competent workmen.

Secretary Meyer is opposed to the abandonment of southern naval stations, two of which were closed by order of President

Roosevelt. In the secretary's opinion these properties may become very desirable with the opening of the Panama canal. Increased coaling facilities are asked for the Pacific coast, and the construction of two more warships of the all-big-gun type is recommended. The report says that a squadron of eight vessels of this pattern is desirable. Six have now been built or are building. The secretary also asks for a repair ship "in order that the fleet may be made more self-sustaining."

As a matter of interesting information, the report gives the relative order of warship tonnage of the different nations, as it stood on Nov. 1, as follows: Great Britain, 1,758,350; United States, 682,785; Germany, 609,790; France, 602,920; Japan, 400,368. The relative positions of the nations will remain the same when the war vessels now building for each of them shall be completed. It requires practically the same length of time in England, Germany and Japan to complete battleships and armored cruisers. We are a trifle slower, for some reason, in the United States, while France, Italy and Russia are behind us.

The estimates of the department have been cut to the extent of \$10,000,000 below the amount appropriated for the current twelve months. The fact that the cut is not greater than this does not reflect upon the sincerity of the secretary's effort to economize. It rather serves to show how difficult it is to reduce expenditures that have become established.

Germany, Japan and Nicaragua

IT HAS been reported from Panama that there is some inclination on the isthmus to attribute Zelaya's stubborn fight and his overbearing ways to actual or hoped-for support from Germany. The reason given is the alleged immunity of German residents and interests from all molestation during the crisis. Now comes the rumor that Zelaya has long planned a sort of alliance with Japan for the construction of the

Nicaragua canal. It is curious that Japanese support of the Colombian Atrato river canal scheme to rival the Panama lock canal was some time ago given as the motive back of the persistent refusal of the Colombian Congress to pass the tripartite treaty with the United States, Panama and Colombia. Again, at the time of the Castro upheaval, and in fact long after, it was frequently said and no doubt believed that German influence was playing a decisive role in Venezuelan affairs. While it would be absurd to assume that Germany and Japan took only a mild interest in the great waterway problem as well as other isthmian possibilities, it is difficult to see how either can fail to understand that the question is closed because definitely settled by American enterprise. It is immaterial whether the isthmus is cut in Panama, or in Colombia or in Nicaragua, as far as the international aspect is concerned; the supremacy of the United States in Caribbean and Central American waters can no longer be questioned, without being openly challenged. But the fact that these rumors crop up again and again is most unfortunate, not because they injure either Germany or Japan or the relations of both with this country, but because they are apt to react unfavorably on Latin-American conditions. They encourage restlessness and delusive expectations to an extent that makes constructive work increasingly difficult on the basis of present conditions. It is probable that this time conditions will have to be radically changed if anything more than a mere temporary truce is to be brought about; and if notions of a possible foreign interference, other than American and Mexican, are to be done away with, United States supremacy south of the gulf of Honduras is in need of an assertion that shall dispel all doubt.

While Germany is acquiring more and more solid interests in Central America and Venezuela, as well on the west coast of South America, Japan is renewing her efforts in the direction of a steady emigration to Brazil. Both powers must, in the course of developments, find the isthmian waterway a decisive factor in their relations with Latin America, quite apart from their intercourse with the far west and far east respectively. And in taking away even a semblance of plausibility from rumors of German and Japanese designs on parts of isthmian America, by a vigorous and decisive action, the United States will not only serve its own and Latin American interests but those of the world's peace.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., was deprived of its regular supply of water the other day for nearly twelve hours by anchor ice in the intake pipes. Similar difficulties have occurred in many cities, and are likely to happen in winter wherever, in a northern latitude, the intake pipes are fed by a natural flow. The problem has been solved in some of the lake cities by substituting for the old intake device intake pipes in the form of the fingers of an open hand, and well spread out. It is seldom that more than one or two of the openings become clogged at the same time.

It is not what you give, after all, but the intention behind the gift, and the way you give it. And if you have anything to give that you feel will help somebody else, it is not necessary to wait for any particular season of the year in order to give it.

THE money in circulation in the United States on Dec. 1 was \$3,428,602,048, or equal to \$34.98 for each inhabitant of the country. And there were several piles of bills in the reserve vaults that could be used in case of emergency.

THE average wealth per capita of the people of Massachusetts is reported to be \$1240. Since some of her citizens own property worth much more than that amount, a good many more must be worth less.

IT SEEMS to be a plain proposition that if there were more laying hens there would be more eggs, and if there were more eggs a single fresh one could be bought for less than a nickel.

SO FAR as this country is concerned Canada does not need any fortifications, and money spent in the erection of defenses against us would be money shamefully wasted.

THE Philadelphia Telegram wants somebody to name the haughtiest man in America. Well, there's the man whose hens lay when prices are up.

CANAL building is apparently proceeding on Mars at a rate well calculated to spur the inland waterway enthusiast on this planet to renewed effort.

IT IS to be hoped that the enthusiasm over the arrival of a steamer at Basle may not induce Switzerland to enter upon a Dreadnought program.

The Steady Progress of the South

THE facts with reference to southern development contained in a bulletin issued by the Manufacturers Record of Baltimore under date of Dec. 2, leave no room for doubt with regard to the steady progress of the South. Adjectives and superlatives might be indulged in freely and excusably in connection with some of the evidences of prosperity in Dixie, but the plain figures are eloquent and impressive enough. Just a few examples: The population of the South has increased since 1880 from 16,369,960 to 27,437,809—a gain of 11,067,849, or 67.6 per cent; and in that time, also, using round figures, the value of property has grown from \$7,000,000,000 to \$21,000,000,000; capital in manufacturing from \$257,000,000 to \$2,000,000,000; value of manufactured products from \$457,000,000 to \$2,675,000,000; value of products of the soil from \$660,000,000 to \$2,500,000,000; aggregate resources of national banks from \$171,400,000 to \$1,777,000,000; capital of national banks from \$46,600,000 to \$168,250,000; deposits in state savings and private banks from \$83,400,000 to \$624,000,000.

All these advances are not, perhaps, equal to those made in some other sections of the country, but many of the gains in the South will compare favorably with those made in sections that have developed most rapidly. Details are not entered into here, but some of them deserve special mention, as, for instance, the tremendous strides that the South has made in mineral and oil production. In the production of coal alone the gain in twenty years has been equal to 1271.9 per cent.

In railroad construction, in city building, in all manner of material improvement, the South has kept pace with the rest of the country, notwithstanding the handicaps from which it suffered at the beginning of its prosperity; and one of the pleasantest items in the summary of its achievements is the fact that the expenditures on its common schools have increased in the last two decades from \$9,796,040 to \$44,035,732, or by \$34,239,692, equal to 349.5 per cent.

Responsibility of Bank Directors

est in the management of the institutions they are elected to direct, would inquire into the nature and value of the discounts and into the general conduct of the institutions, not merely occasionally and perfunctorily, but frequently and carefully—there would be fewer failures, because fewer lapses on the part of bank officers into carelessness, negligence or dishonesty.

As a consequence of the comptroller's urging, the number of banks that have directors' meetings at least monthly for the purpose of inquiring thoroughly into the business of the institutions is now 4500 out of a total of 7000. It seems that city national banks have been more prompt than country banks in responding to the comptroller's wishes, and that the greater part of the 2500 that have not fallen in with his plan for the further safeguarding of the establishments are located in the smaller communities. He has recently ordered the banks that are remiss in this particular to amend their by-laws.

At the meeting of the National Bankers Association this fall, Comptroller Murray was very plain-spoken with regard to the best method of protecting bank deposits. He said that the only certain way was through the maintenance of a system of inspection that would make it impossible for bankers and their assistants to violate the law. Laws there are and in plenty in relation to the proper conduct of banking institutions. The thing is to see that they are adhered to. Comptroller Murray seems to understand thoroughly that it is his more important duty to perform than that of requiring bank officers and bank directors to comply with the statutes enacted for their guidance and the benefit of the public.

THE demand for conservation is expressing itself in various ways. That it will not be content with the restoration simply of the forests and the streams, or with a more prudent development of mineral resources, is already evident. It is as if the nation, suddenly awakened to the fact that its inheritance was slipping through its fingers, were impelled by a determination to retrieve it, partially and not completely, and to cherish it henceforth more carefully than ever. The wild birds and the wild animals have diminished until many of the species have disappeared, and many, apparently, have become extinct. Edward Howe Forbush, who speaks for the National Association of the Audubon Society, informs us that North America is naturally the greatest game resort in the world. He tells us how in the years following the first settlement of this country, bison, musk-ox, moose, elk, deer, caribou, mountain sheep and mountain goats roamed the continent in uncounted numbers. He tells us how antelopes swarmed over the plains, and how wild animals of nearly every description peculiar to this hemisphere were to be found in our forests; how legions of hares, rabbits and squirrels possessed the land. As to feathered life, the United States, Canada and Mexico form the native home of the wild turkey, the king of all game birds. What country, he asks, was ever so well supplied by nature with grouse and partridges of many species? From Greenland and Alaska on the north to the gulf of Mexico on the south the land was one great summer nursery for myriads of wild fowl, pigeons and shore birds.

The Audubon Society has in view and in aim the protection and preservation of our native birds. It may not be possible, and it may not be advisable, to restore the conditions that existed in this country when it was less populous and less developed than it is today, but any movement promising to retrieve, even in part, the losses we have suffered by the wanton destruction of game will deserve encouragement. The least we can do is to make an earnest and a determined effort to restore to coming generations the inheritance that has been too lightly valued in the past.

Now that the House of Commons budget has been rejected, England must set about it to find other means for getting money to carry on her affairs. She knows that even her cheque would soon be no good with no money in her exchequer.

An Aim of the Audubon Society